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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 272 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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Decision On Andhra Province

CONGRESS CABINET MEETS TODAY

Linguistic Demands To Be Thrashed Out

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15 (UPI).

RECONSIDERATION of the issue of formation of provinces on linguistic basis, along with the question of the formation of the Andhra Province which has assumed great urgency, is the main item on the agenda of the Congress Working Committee meeting which meets here tomorrow at 8-30 a.m. at the residence of Sardar Patel, it is understood.

The Committee is likely to discuss the decisions of the Madras Government, the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee and the Tamilnad Provincial Congress Committee, who were asked by the Committee during its last session, to inquire and report to the Committee their considered views on the Andhra issue before November 14.

The Committee is expected to take important and final decisions on the creation of the Andhra Province.

The last sitting of the Working Committee, it may be recalled adopted a resolution on linguistic provinces endorsing the J. V. P. report (Jawaharlal-Vallabhbhai and Pattabhi Report) recommending priority for creation of the Andhra Province. The resolution stated that the necessary steps for its implementation would be taken as soon as the conditions in regard to it, mentioned in the report were fulfilled.

OTHER PROVINCES

The Committee is also expected to reconsider the creation of Maharashtra, Karnataka, Kerala and Gujarat provinces in the light of the latest developments in those parts.

At the beginning of tomorrow's sitting of the Committee, Pandit Nehru is expected to address his colleagues in the Committee on the impressions of his six-week tour abroad in the U. S. A., Canada and England.

The present sitting of Committee is likely to decide the time and the venue of the next sitting of the All-India Congress Committee.

PURITY BY FAST

BANARAS, Nov. 15. (UPI).

Mr. Vindesiwari Pathak, a Banaras Congress worker has informed the U.P. Provincial Congress Council that, "in view of the corruption widely prevailing among Congressmen", he has decided to resort to a fast unto death.

Mr. Pathak submitted a memorandum to the Provincial Congress Council urging the decontrol of sugar, cloth etc. Mr. Pathak has asked for a reply to his memorandum from the President of the U.P.C.C. before November 20.

Mr. Pathak, it may be recalled, resorted to a fast on the same ground in November last year but called it off following the assurance by the U.P.C.C.

"Aryavarta" Not Acceptable

PROPOSED NAME FOR U. P.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (PTI): The Congress Party in the Constituent Assembly is understood to have decided against the proposal to name the United Provinces as "Aryavarta". The name "Aryavarta" for the province has been approved by the United Provinces Congress Committee and has also the support of the U.P. Cabinet. The party, after a heated discussion, is understood to have asked the members from United Provinces to suggest some other name.

The question whether West Bengal should Bengal under the new constitution or should continue to be known as West Bengal was postponed to ascertain the views of the West Bengal Cabinet.

DEMONSTRATION BEFORE COURT

Chandernagore Incident

CHANDERNAGORE, Nov. 15, PTI): A crowd of students, including several girls, today staged a demonstration in front of a local magistrate's court and later squatted for some time in the court premises, shouting slogans demanding the release of seven persons presented before the magistrate for trial.

These persons were arrested, along with others, on Saturday last in connection with the disturbances that broke up a public meeting addressed by the Socialist Leader, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan.

Of the seven persons placed before the Magistrate today three were subsequently released and the remaining four were remanded to police custody.

Centre's Arbitration May Be Sought

GWALIOR, Nov. 15 (UPI): The question of fixing up the permanent seat of the proposed Madhya Bharat University which is an apple of discord between Congressmen from Indore and Gwalior may be referred to the Ministry of States, Government of India by the Madhya Bharat Government for their arbitration, it is reliably learnt.

BENGAL MINISTER INJURED

Jeep In Accident

SHILLIGURI, Nov. 15, (PTI): Mr. Niharendu Dutt-Mazumdar, Judicial Minister of West Bengal, was injured in a motor accident near here yesterday afternoon.

The accident occurred on the Darjeeling-Himalayan Road, a few miles up Shilliguri when the jeep in which the Minister and six others were proceeding to Darjeeling skidded throwing its occupants, including the driver all of them received injuries.

Among the injured, a local Congress leader remained unconscious throughout the night, while a doctor, a Government photographer and the driver received serious injuries.

Mr. Dutt-Mazumdar received some cuts and bruises in his neck and thigh and remained unconscious on the roadside for about an hour before he was removed to Shilliguri Hospital.

Bardoloi Orders Drastic Economy

"DISASTER" FACING ASSAM

GAUHATI, Nov. 15, (PTI): Retrenchment of over a thousand temporary hands, amalgamation of allied departments, reduction of the size of the secretariat, a cut in the salary of Ministers and abandonment of most of the nation-building projects, are some of the measures contemplated by the Government of Assam to avert an "impending financial collapse", following the decision of the Government of India to reduce their grant to the province substantially.

Disclosing this to the Press Trust of India here today, the Assam Premier, Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, said that the "disaster" that would fall on the province as a result of the reduction of the central grant this year and complete stoppage of the same next year, could hardly be realised. It meant that all the development activities would come to a standstill in some cases and complete abandonment of the rest. The progress, which the province had made in the meanwhile was going to be completely retarded and some of the institutions and organisations were going to be closed for good.

REHABILITATION OF DISPLACED PERSONS

Three Lakhs Resettled

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15 (PTI)—The number of displaced persons living on free doles in camps throughout the country has been reduced from 730,000 at the end of the April 1949 to just over 300,000 on November 1, 1949, according to official figures.

The total camp population came down from about 900,000 at the end of April 1949 to 650,000 at the end of October 1949, when there were in all 180 camps in the country, including the Jammu and West Bengal camps. The reduction of 250,000 in six months in the camp population is stated to be due to dispersals from camp sto places of permanent rehabilitation under Government auspices.

Work for the maintenance education and vocational training of unattached displaced women and children who lost their guardians during post-partition disturbances in Pakistan, is now in progress in 22 homes specialy set up for them in various parts of the Indian Union.

EMPLOYMENT

More than 120,000 displaced persons from Pakistan were placed in employment in the various provinces of the Union upto September 30, 1949 through the Employment Exchanges and the Special Employment Bureau, it is learnt.

The Ministry of Rehabilitation has been allotted a special quota of 200 tons of steel for the first quarter of 1950 for construction of houses for displaced persons it is learnt here. This is in addition to the 6,000 tons of steel placed at the disposal of the Ministry already for the quarter.

Dacoit Killed

GWALIOR, Nov. 15 (UPI): Farna Gujar, a notorious dacoit of Bhind District was killed in an encounter with the police. Durga Dhobi, his accomplice, was overpowered and taken into custody.

Farna was wanted in several dacoities and was successfully evading arrest for the last one year.

PARIS SWORD DUEL

Paris police failed to prevent an often-postponed sword duel between Professor Roger Nordmann and a lawyer Jean-Louis Tixier-Vignancour Nordmann was slightly wounded. The duel has been pending for three weeks since a court case in which M. Nordmann was alleged to have made veiled accusations that Tixier-Vignancour had been a collaborator. The picture shows a scene during the duel.

AU REVOIR, BOMBAY

Prime Minister Nehru waves to the crowd at Santa Cruz before emplaning for Delhi on Tuesday.

CHECKING RED MENACE IN MADRAS PROVINCE

New Police Sub-division With HQ In Krishna District

MADRAS, Nov. 15 (PTI)

TO deal effectively with Communist activities in Krishna, East and West Godavari and Guntur, the Madras Government has formed a new police sub-division with headquarters at Nandigama, in Krishna District, at a cost of Rs. 4,50,000.

This was revealed in the supplementary statement of expenditure for 1949-50 presented by Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister, to the both the houses of legislature today.

Other items of important expenditure included in the statement were:

(1) Rs. 52,44,000 for the construction of buildings for poly-technic schools in Kerala, Karnataka and Andhra areas.

(2) Rs. 99,000 for the opening of a special staff on the borders of the South India French Settlements in view of the termination of the Customs Agreement between the Governments of India and France.

(3) Over Rs. 20 lakhs under "irrigation" to facilitate intensive cultivation of food crops.

(4) Over Rs. 36 lakhs under "agriculture" for various schemes including one in the Ceded Districts for undertaking contour bunding and trenching in the heavily eroded areas to prevent soil erosion.

The Finance Minister said the supplementary statement related to expenditure on "new service" schemes already sanctioned in the course of the year for which there was no provision in the Budget Estimates for 1949-50.

O.G.L. FOR IMPORT OF HIDES

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15: To meet India's shortage in hides and skins, the Government has decided to allow the import of these commodities (raw or salted), without licence from Afghanistan, Aden and Dependencies, Burma, Behrain Islands, Ceylon, Iraq, Iran, Java, Kuwait, Kenya Colony, Muscat Territory, Native States in Arabia, Strait Settlements, Hsumatga, Tanganyika territory and Trucial Oman.

In view of the adverse balance of payments position, this concession will remain valid for shipment of hides and skins (raw or salted) only upto December 31, 1949 For this purpose an Open General Licence, No. XVII has been issued and published in the Gazette of India, (Extraordinary), dated November 12, 1949.

Red Front Cracking Up In Malaya?

SINGAPORE, Nov. 15, (PTI-Reuter): Malayan High-Commissioner, Sir Henry Gurney told the Federal Legislating Council today that there was evidence the Communist terrorist campaign in Malaya was cracking up.

U. S. To Devalue Dollar?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The possibility of America devaluing the dollar is being seriously discussed in London financial circles. Meanwhile, the discount at which the pound-sterling is being sold in Zurich, New York, Paris and elsewhere is causing concern. In Switzerland, the rate of pound exchange is now about 14 per cent below the official value. This new unofficial devaluation of pound sterling in free foreign exchange is disturbing Government circles.

Britain Attending Colombo Talks

LONDON, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter)—Britain has accepted the Ceylon Government's invitation to attend a conference of Commonwealth Foreign Ministers in Colombo early next year, the Foreign Office Spokesman announced today.

The Conference is due to take place for concluding a peace treaty with Japan and to take a definite decision on recognising the Chinese Communist Government.

TEACHERS' STRIKE IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15 (UPI): Most of the schools and colleges in Calcutta today remained closed while others functioned with depleted teaching staff and students as a "token strike" was declared by a section of the West Bengal Teachers' Association demanding enhanced dearness allowance

A number of schools and colleges were declared closed. Earlier, students in other institutions took up the cause of teachers and absented themselves from attending classes.

BOYS WILL BE BOYS!

CALCUTA, Nov. 15 (PTI)—A group of boys quarelled with a street vendor over the purchase of his fried nuts, then tried to setle it by hurling lighted fire crackers at him. Four persons standing nearby were injured in the incident, one of whom was admitted to hospital.

FIFTY AFRICANS KILLED

Train Plunges Into Raging River

WATER BOVEN, (Transvaal), Nov. 15. (PTI-Reuter).

FIFTY Africans and one European were killed and 100 Africans injured, most of them seriously, when a train with 500 aboard, plunged into a raging river from a 50-foot high bridge near this small East Transvaal town early today.

Many of the injured were not expected to survive.

Europeans and Africans worked together fanatically as dawn broke today, passing bodies of the dead and injured from hand to hand up the steep banks of the Rocky Gorge.

The train was travelling from Booysens, Johannesburg, to Portuguese East Africa with Africans returning home after completing contracts with Witwatersrand Mines.

EVACUEE ORDINANCE HARMFUL

Gidwani's Criticism

AGRA, Nov. 15, (PTI): Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President of the All-India Refugee Association, said here today that the Government of India's latest evacuee ordinance was helping the Indian Muslims to drain Indian money to Pakistan and thus aid Pakistan's war in Kashmir. He urged that the ordinance be extended to include Muslims who had sent away their families to Pakistan but still possessed properties here and were continuing their remittances to that Dominion. This, he said, was "creating fifth colluminists in India".

The Nationalist Muslims were "playing the game of Muslim League".

RELIEVE VICTIMS OF FLOOD

Dr. Pattabhi's Appeal

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (PTI): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, today issued a country-wide appeal calling upon the people to organize funds and relief measures in aid of the victims of the cyclone which hit the east coast of Madras on October 27.

The cyclone hit the coast between Masulipatam and Cocanada for five days, affecting five districts of Andhra Desh.

Evolve Single System Of Indian Medicine

MADRAS, Nov. 15 (PTI)—The evolution of a single national system of medicine for India representing the best medical traditions of this country and the advances made in different aspects of modern medicine all over the world was emphasised by Dr. Suryanarayan Rao, President of the National Medical Association of India an organisation of qualified practitioners of Indian Medicine.

ATOM SCARE IN AMERICA

LONDON, Nov. 15. (UPI).

Americans are now talking about the need for atom shelters. In a full page article, the "Chicago Tribune" announces details of its plans for protection of employees in the event of an atom bomb attack.

The shelters will have solid bulwark of newsprint and Col. McCormick, the owner-editor of the paper ordered small rolls to facilitate handling. Atomic scientists say that the people sheltering in the Tribune Tower will be safe unless they are directly hit.

BABY BORN IN PLANE

Doctor Radioed Instructions

LONDON, Nov. 15, (PTI-Reuter). A baby girl was born in an airliner over mid-Atlantic today with the aid of a British doctor, radioing instructions from a Scottish airport 1,000 miles away.

The baby was born to a Polish displaced woman who with her husband and three children was a passenger on a Scandinavian Airways airliner which left Prestwick Airport, Scotland, just after midnight for Gandar, Newfoundland, on its way to New York.

The Norwegian pilot on the plane radioed Prestwick just over an hour after taking off asking for aid. A local doctor at Prestwick telephoned advice to Prestwick airport control tower, which relayed it to the airliner captain.

Later, the pilot radioed that the baby had been born and was doing well.

The airliner was carrying 36 adult passengers, all displaced persons from Europe, and about 20 children.

Hyderabad Nawab's Assets

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15 (PTI): The Governor-General of India has promulgated an ordinance for the administration of the assets in India of the late Nawab Salar Jung Bahadur of Hyderabad, pending determination of the legal title to them.

MYSORE ACCEPTS MODEL CONSTITUTION

Maharaja To Issue A Proclamation

BANGALORE, Nov. 15. (PTI).

THE Indian Constitution as applicable to Indian States has been accepted by Mysore.

The State Constituent Assembly today adopted a resolution that the constitutional provisions relating the governance of the State as approved by the Indian Constituent Assembly be incorporated in the Constitution of India. The Assembly also recommended to the Maharaja of Mysore that the constitution so framed be adopted by the State.

The Maharaja will now issue a proclamation accepting the recommendation of the Constituent Assembly of Mysore and agreeing to the Indian Constituent Assembly framing the States Constitution.

Moving the resolution in the Assembly the Chief Minister, Mr. K. C. Reddy, stated that although the Indian Constituent Assembly had not found it feasible to accept all the amendments suggested by Mysore, the State's opinion had been honoured by assurances given on the floor of the House

SARDAR THANKS

Mr. Reddy also revealed that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel had conveyed to the Mysore Constituent Assembly appreciation of their helpful and constructive attitude towards the amendments to the State's Constitution.

Delhi Students Lathi-Charged

PROTEST AGAINST INCREASED FEES

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15. (PTI): Police lathi-charged a student demonstration here this morning. The students numbering about 500 were demonstraing infront of a local school as a protest against the recent enhancement of school fees.

The police asked the demonstrators to disperse but on their refusal a lathi-charge was ordered. None was injured.

The Working Committee of the Delhi Provincial Students Federation in a resolution passed this evening has called upon students in Delhi to go on strike tomorrow

School fees have been increased by about 50 per cent from Nov. 1.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax

@ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Dyeing Bleaching, Finishing Master, Bombay Mills salary 500 upwards. Apply immediately Box No. 1361 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a really efficient and experienced Stenographer, either sex. Apply personally with testimonials to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (1357)

Wanted a Chemical Engineer with administrative abilities, having at least ten years practical experience of Vanaspati Production in India, to take charge of a 25-ton capacity American Vanaspati plant in Calcutta. Apply with testimonials and full particulars of qualifications, age, experience and minimum salary acceptable, to Swaika Vanaspati Products Ltd., 28A, Pollock Street, Calcutta. 6305

SITUATION WANTED

Able Accounts Clerk|Cashier with vast experience, seeks responsible position at Poona|Bombay. Apply Box No. 1354 "Bombay Chronicle".

Young experienced Undergraduate seeks position Clerk, Typist, Secretary, immediately. Knows typing, accounts, correspondence, etc. Reply Box No. 1358 "Bombay Chronicle".

SOCIAL

Make more friends in Bombay. Universal League of Introduction. 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. Ladies Enrolled Free.

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Join immediately New November Batch for Specialised Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 1344

Homoepathy easily learnt. Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore.

Society of Commerce, Sohanganj, Delhi. Certificate; D. Com. December Examinations commence at Central Commercial College, Dalal Estate, Bombay. Deposit Entry. 1340

BUSINESS FOR SALE

Paints Factory—Running concern, fully equipped for sale or on lease or any other business arrangement. Particulars from Box No. 1353 "Bombay Chronicle".

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga; Post Box No. 119, Baroda. 1326

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Machinery Available for Sale—(a) A New Arc Electric Welding Set ACP 3 phase, 50 cycles, 175/550 volts double operator with accessories. (b) One New Complete Oil Firing Equipment suitable for Babcock Wilcox boiler pressure 160 lbs. per sq. inch. (c) Two (secondhand) complete petrol pumps in good condition and one incomplete. Apply for particulars to the Punjab Distilling Industries Limited, P. O. Distillery Khasa (East Punjab). 6318

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Remington|Royal Typewriters for Sale. Payments by easy instalments. New Era Commercial Classes. 557, Cheera Bazar, Bombay. (1359)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

MUNICIPAL GROUP OF HOSPITALS, SION, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of Hospital beds, Wheeled Chairs, Lotion Stands, Bed-side Lockers, Instrument Trolleys, Steel Cupboards etc. Forms of tender together with the specifications are available in the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2|-.

The tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and delivered into the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on Wednesday, the 7th December, 1949, with an earnest money of Rs. 1,000|-. They should be superscribed as "Tender for the supply of Hospital Equipment to the M.G.H., Sion."

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
S. V. JOGLEKAR,
Superintendent.
(6326)

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the undersigned has changed his name from Tanoo Hirajee to GANPAT DEVJI VAINGANKAR.

TANOO HIRAJEE.
Mc|Man T. No. 4471
G.I.P. Rly. Workshop. Parel.
(1362)

THE LAKSHMI COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

AT A MEETING of the Directors of the Lakshmi Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited, held on the 15th November, 1949, it was resolved that an ad-interim dividend of Rs. 12|8|- per Ordinary Share free of tax be paid to the shareholders whose names stand in the Company's register at the close of business on 1st December, 1949.

The Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 2nd December to 11th December 1949 both days inclusive.

Warrants for the above dividend will be posted to the shareholders on the 12th December 1949.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
For the Bombay Company Limited.,
A. L. HUTSON.
Managing Director
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
9, Wallace Street, Fort,
Bombay: 15th November, 1949.
(6333)

THE VISHNU COTTON MILL LIMITED.

NOTICE.

AT A MEETING of the Directors of the Vishnu Cotton Mill, Ltd., held on the 15th November, 1949, it was resolved that an ad-interim dividend of Rs. 4|- per Ordinary Share free of tax be paid to the shareholders whose names stand in the Company's register at the close of business on 1st December, 1949.

The Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 2nd December to 11th December 1949 both days inclusive.

Warrants for the above dividend will be posted to the shareholders on the 12th December 1949.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
For the Bombay Company Limited.
A. L. HUTSON.
Managing Director.
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
9, Wallace Street, Fort,
Bombay: 15th November, 1949.
(6332)

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL BODY MEETING of the ANDHRA CINETONE, LTD., Vizagapatam, has resolved in its resolution No. VI, Dated 24-9-1949, to lapse such of the amounts that have not been claimed by the unsecured Creditors so far, to the General Funds of the Company.

All the Un-Secured Creditors of the Andhra Cinetone, Ltd., Vizagapatam, (now Visakhapatnam) whose claims were decided and recognised by the District Court, are, therefore, hereby informed, that they should put in applications to the undersigned, specifying their claims with full particulars and correct addresses, WITHIN TWO MONTHS from the date of the publication of this notice, so as to enable the undersigned to place all such claims pending payment, before the Next General Body Meeting for consideration and Final Settlement.

Applications of Claims received after the time stipulated above, will not be considered under any circumstances.

Sd|- M. V. N. PATRUDU,
Chairman, Committee of Management,
Andhra Cinetone Ltd.,
Maharanipeta,
Visakhapatnam.
Dated 8-11-49.
(6329)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Applications are invited BEFORE 28-12-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and from displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for two posts of PROFESSOR OF PHYSICS. PAY.— Rs. 600-1100 PLUS compensatory, cost of living and such other allowances admissible under the rules. Higher starting pay admissible to suitable candidates. QUALIFICATIONS.— (1) A first class academic career with a research degree like Ph. D. or D. Sc. of a recognised University and (2) experience of teaching Physics and guiding students in research work. AGE.— Not less than 25 and not more than 40 years on 1-3-1950. Upper age limit relaxable in suitable cases. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay No. 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with the Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office.
(6327)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE STANDARD BATTERIES LIMITED, BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at its Registered Office, at No. 43, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 3rd December, 1949, at 12 Noon (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts of the Company for the year ending 30th June, 1949.
2. To sanction the declaration of dividend on Ordinary shares of the Company.
3. To elect Directors in place of:- (1) B. V. S. Iyengar, Esq., (2) G. A. Kulkarni, Esq., (3) Khushal Khengar, Esq., Who retire as per Article 119 (a) and being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 23rd November, 1949 to 7th December, 1949, (both days inclusive).

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
For THE STANDARD BATTERIES LIMITED,
P. S. RAO.
Secretary
Bombay, 31st October, 1949.

N.B.:—If Dividend as recommended by the Directors are sanctioned, same will be paid at the Bank of India, Ltd., Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on and after Monday the 12th December, 1949, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 23rd November 1949 to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted at the Registered Addresses. INTIMATION OF ANY CHANGE IN ADDRESS SHOULD BE GIVEN TO THE COMPANY IMMEDIATELY.
(6331A)

THE STANDARD BATTERIES LIMITED, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at its Registered Office, at No. 43, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on Saturday, the 3rd December 1949, at 12-30 P.M. (S.T.), to consider and pass the following resolution:—

Resolved that Sub-Clause (k) of Clause 6 of the Agreement dated 9th August 1945 entered into between the Standard Batteries Limited and the Managing Agents Messrs. Industrial Enterprises Limited be amended as under:—

"To remove all or any of the machinery plants and stores of the Company being in or upon any land, buildings and premises of the Company wheresoever situate of or in possession of the Company and such removal of plant and machinery will only be effected with prior written approval of Industrial Finance Corporation of India, New Delhi."

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
For THE STANDARD BATTERIES LIMITED.
P. S. RAO,
Secretary.
(6331)

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE CHIEF ENGINEER,

M & S M RAILWAY, MADRAS—3,

for "Piece Work Contracts for each of the following Sub-Divisions or sections up to 12 hours on MONDAY, the 12th December, 1949:—

District.	Sub-Division.	Section.
1. Bellary	Bellary	1. Gadag 2 Hospet. 3. Bellary 4. Hampapatnam. 5. Yeshvantnagar. 6. Oblapuram.
2. Hubli	Hubli	1. Ranibennur. 2. Yalvigi. 3. Hubli. 4. Dharwar. 5. Londa.

Tender forms and other documents can be had from the Chief Engineer, on application on payment of Rs. TEN PER SET IN CASH which will not be refunded.

Earnest money of Rs. 2,000|- for each tender is to be paid in advance to the Financial Adviser and Chief Accounts Officer, M. & S M. Railway, Park Town, Madras—3.
(6330)

NOTICE

THE MANMAR MFG.-CO., LTD.

SIXTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, 7-12-49 at Co's Registered Office 17, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay to transact the business stated in the notice posted.

TRANSFER BOOK will be CLOSED from 24-11-49 to 7-12-49 both days inclusive.

(S|d) GIRDHARLAL K. FOZDAR
Ag. Chairman
(6328)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY — TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites sealed tenders for the purchase of empty Kerosene Oil tins available at 'General' Stores Depot of this Railway at Lower Parel. Forms obtainable from his office at Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay, 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 2nd December, 1949 at 3 P.M. (S.T.).
(6321)

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Bus Tyres, Tubes and Flaps (approx. 850) will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1, upto Noon on 21st November, 1949.
(6322)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

TENDERS are invited for the construction of an extension to an existing building at Tilak Road. The extension consists of a building 120' X 40' with a ground and the upper floors and one additional floor 80' X 40' on the existing building. Estimated cost (exclusive of steel work) Rs. 3 lacs.

Copies of plans, specifications, tender forms etc., can be obtained from the office of the Planning Engineer at Electric House between the hours of 10-30 a.m. and 4-30 p.m. on any working day, on payment of Rs. 15/- per set which will not be returned. Tenders close Thursday the 1st December, 1949.
(6323)

NOTICE

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, West Bengal advertisement No. 42 (relating to post of Professor of Electrical Engineering in the B.E. College), has been modified and it is notified for general information that the proposal of recruitment to the post has been dropped by the Government of West Bengal.
(6324)

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Lonavla invites tenders upto 15/- hours on 6-12-49 for supplying and stacking broken Stone Ballast near Talawli Depot near about Miles 65/66 alongside Railway Track on Karjat-Khopoli Section. The Tender Conditions and Schedule of quantities can be had from this office on payment of Rs. 2/- only. This sum will not be refunded.
(6325)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT ISSAJI STREET & SAMUEL STREET, VADGADI.

M|s. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M|s. Thakordas & Madgavkar Attorneys for M|s. Nitisen Mohanji Ganjawala & Ors Trustees of Seth Devidas Lalloobhai Charitable Trusts the Mortgagees and on a|c and at risk of Charandas Vassanji & Ranchhoddas Vassonji both Hindus present Trustees of the Temples of Shree Ramchandraji at Issaji Street & of the immovable properties appertaining thereto & of the Sadavarat at Nasik & Charities in Cutch, the Mortgagors & pursuant to power of sale reserved to Mortgagees under Deed of Mortgage of 16-11-46, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immovable properties on Wednesday 16-11-49 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on premises.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece of Govt. land with dwelling house excluding the Temple, of Shri Ramchandraji at Issaji St. and Samuel St. admeasuring about 411 sq. yds. less 130 sq. yds. of the Temple bearing New Survey Nos. 2550-2551, 1|2553. C. S. No. 378 of Mandvi Division. B Ward Nos. 1515 -77 1578, 1516. Street Nos. 50-52, 327, 329, 331, 323, 325 325A, 48.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of Govt. land with dwelling house at Issaji St. & Samuel St. admeasuring about 303 sq. yds. bearing New Survey No. 2|2553, C. S. No. 379 of Mandvi Division, B Ward No. 1517. Street Nos. 38 to 44 and 313 to 321.

For further particulars of sale please apply to M|s. Thakordas & Madgavkar Solicitors, or to us.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE of 12,000 gunny bags, 7,400 ghee tins, toilet paper, teachests, Fabric Tanks, etc. on 26-11-49 at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Sassoon Barracks, Colaba, by order of Regional Disposal Commissioner For Catalogues apply to
BENNETT & CO.

FREE

To regain lost vigour and vitality just write to get quite free the very interesting 'Guide Book" (110 pages)

KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A.
Famous Specialist & Gold Medalist
Hauz Qazi-Delhi (India).

CHARGES AGAINST BANDRA MUNICIPAL ENGINEER

Councillor Alleges Breach Of Discipline

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

ALLEGATIONS of serious nature were made against the Municipal Engineer in a resolution moved by Mr. Nooruddin Kudalkar at a special General Meeting of the Bandra Municipality held recently.

The resolution stated that on May 3 this year, Mr. D. D. Dawalbhakt, the Municipal Engineer, applied for eight months' leave for the purpose of completing the Master of Engineering (Public Health) course through the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta. The resolution pointed out that a period of two years was normally required for that completion of the course and that the Municipal Engineer had misled the Municipality and suppressed material facts in his leave application knowing fully that it was impossible for him to resume duty after the expiry of his leave. Moreover, Mr. Dawalbhkt was guilty of a breach of discipline inasmuch as he did not submit his application for admission to the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health through the Municipality.

Mr. Kudalkar also pointed out that inspite of having applied for eight months leave the Municipal Engineer returned to Bandra within a month and a half of his having gone on leave, and announced within another ten days that he had given up the idea of going through the course, and obtaining the degree of Master of Engineering for which express purpose he had applied for leave.

At this juncture Mr. P. G. Kher raised a point of order saying that the meeting was not competent to consider the resolution, and that a Special General Meeting for the express purpose of discussing the issue should have been called.

The President, Dr. P. A. Dias, however, ruled out the objection raised by Mr. Kher, contending that a resolution of this nature could be taken up for discussion at any Special General Meeting, and Section 34 of the Municipal Boroughs Act, 1925, did not specify that items such as the one under consideration could be taken up only at a meeting called specifically for the purpose.

UNAUTHORISED STRUCTURE

Resuming from where he had left off, Mr. Kudalkar, further alleged that a structure had been constructed on a plot in the Bandra Municipal Area, without the requisite permission of, and sanction of plans, by the Municipality, and that the Municipal Engineer had failed to take action against the parties concerned. In this connection the mover quoting the conclusions of the ex-President of the Municipality emphasised that the Municipal Engineer's Department had been guilty of a grave dereliction of duty in not taking action and in keeping the papers for 21 months with the deliberate intention of making action time-barred and impossible.

In the concluding preamble of the resolution Mr. Kudalkar stated that an employee of the Municipality, who was on the road-coolies' muster and was marked present for the month of June '49 had actually been engaged as a domestic servant in Mr. Dawalbhakt's house.

Mr. Kudalkar, in his speech on the resolution, said that the facts of the resolution could not be denied, and were on record in the files of the Municipality. In support of the final preamble of the resolution, he produced documentary evidence, in the form of statements from the coolie concerned and other employees of the Municipality rounding of his arguments with excerpts from correspondence between the ex-President and officials of the Municipality.

The mover added that 15 meetings of the Standing Committee had been held since the date of his resolution but the matter had not been brought before the Board, and, such being the attitude of the Councillors, he had perforce to send a copy of the resolution to the Minister for Local Self-Government and the Collector of Bombay.

Opposing the resolution, Mr. J. Netto said that when Mr. Dawalbhakt's leave application was discussed by the Board every member had supported the grant of leave, certain members pleading that the leave application should not be rejected merely because the Municipal Engineer failed to submit his application for admission to the All-India Institute through the Municipality.

With regard to the other points raised by Mr. Kudalkar, Mr. Netto stated that while there might be some truth in the allegations, the responsibility may not have been fully the Engineer's and that some of his subordinates may have been to blame. However, the speaker agreed that the charges were serious and that an enquiry was necessary to discover where the responsibility in the matter lay.

Replying to the opposition, Mr. Kudalkar stated that the contents of his resolution were supported by documentary evidence and that the serious nature of the Engineer's acts of commission and omission could not be overlooked. In view of the conclusive evidence against the Engineer, Mr. Kudalkar asked the Board to recommend to the Provincial Government that an order vetoing the continuance in office of Mr. D. D. Dawalbhakt be issued.

The resolution when put to the vote was defeated

NOTICE OF MOTION DISMISSED

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar).

Jamnadas Ltd. ..... Plaintiffs
Versus
1. The Bombay Talkies Ltd.,
2 Traders (1947) Ltd.,
3. Messrs. Kapurchand & Co. ..... Defendants.

His Lordship dismissed this Notice of Motion taken out by the plaintiffs for an injunction restraining the first defendants from selling and the second and third defendants from purchasing the distribution rights for the Central India Agency, Central Provinces, Rajputana, Berar, Khandesh and states within the G. P. territory of a picture called "Mahal", produced by the first defendants. The third defendants made an offer to the first defendants to purchase the said rights. The second defendants, however, had, under an agreement between them and the first defendants, the option of a first refusal which they sought to exercise.

The first defendants had appointed the plaintiffs, sole distributors of some of their pictures, including "Mahal" for a period of 5 years. The first defendants were, however, given the right under the agreement to sell the distribution rights of "Mahal" on payment to the plaintiffs of a certain percentage.

The plaintiffs contended that this right to sell could only be exercised in respect of all the territories formerly included in British India and the Indian States, and that the first defendants having already sold to the second defendants the distribution rights of "Mahal" for West Punjab, Karachi, Sind and the N. W. F. Province, the said right to sell had exhausted itself. The first defendants on the other hand contended that the said right to sell could be exercised piecemeal. The second defendants submitted to the orders of the Court.

Accepting the defendants' contention, his Lordship dismissed the said motion with costs and dissolved the interim injunction granted earlier by Mr. Justice Bhagwati.

Mr. M. V. Desai and Mr. K. T. Desai instructed by Messrs. Dabholkar and Jeshtaram appeared for the plaintiffs in support of the Motion.

Mr. H. D. Banaji instructed by Messrs. Haridas and Co., appeared for the first defendants to oppose it.

Mr. S. T. Desai instructed by Messrs. Kamdar and Co., appeared for defendants 2. Mr. M. P. Laud instructed by Messrs. Haridas and Co., appeared for defendants 3.

Provincial Health Report

BOMBAY, Tuesday. — Anti-cholera measures were pursued vigorously in the districts of Sholapur, Belgaum and Kolhapur, which together reported 135 cases and 30 deaths due to this disease, during the week-ended November 5 last.

During the same period, plague took a toll of 12 lives and small-pox five. Bombay City reported three cases and one death due to poliomyelitis as against 4 and 1 reported in the previous week. Poona City had two cases and Poona and Ahmedabad rural circles had one case each as against nil in the previous week.

A Present

A life size oil painting of Mahatma Gandhi was presented by Express Block, Bombay, to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his 60th birthday. This photo was taken at Noakhali.

BIRTHDAY GIFT TO BE KEPT IN PUBLIC PLACE

The Rs. 1,50,000 worth gold and diamond replica of the Asoka Pillar, which was presented to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, as a gift on his 60th birthday, at the Government House yesterday, by Mr. S. K. Patil President of the B.P.C.C. is it is learnt not taken away by the Prime Minister but left behind in the City, so that it may be on view for those who desire to see it.

Later, it is learnt the replica will be consigned to a museum or some public place where it may be in perpetual exposition. The Prime Minister will, however, not take it for his personal use, as he abhors all sorts of trinkets and is against the acceptance of any public gifts.

Panditji is said to have made it clear yesterday, at the time of the presentation that it was not proper for him, as the head of the Government to accept any gift of the kind, while other Government servants were debarred from doing so

KALYAN GOES ON WITHOUT SUGAR

Municipal Body's Resolution

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Nov. 14: The General Board of the Kalyan Borough Municipality which met yesterday evening passed unanimously a resolution criticising the present sugar policy of the Government and said that immediate steps must be taken to supply sugar to the citizens of Kalyan who are not supplied with the sugar in the ration shops from November 1949.

The resolution has also condemned the action of the merchants who exploit the public by way of heavy profits.

Speeches by members deploring the attitude of the Government for denying the quotas of sugar were made.

The sugar scarcity has mainly hit the children thousands of whom are depending on milk and sugar. The resolution was moved by Mr. S. J. Bapat and supported by Mr. S. R. Hande

Police-Dacoits Clash

KANPUR, Nov. 15 (P.T.I.): A gang of dacoits and a police party exchanged fire for about one hour yesterday in Sarsanpur village, in Kanpur district it was reported. Two dacoits, six policemen and six villagers were reported injured. The police arrested four dacoits.

REGULATION OF RIGHTS OF PEASANTS AND LAND LORDS

W. Bengal Promulgates New Ordinance

CALCUTTA, November 14 (P.T.I.): The West Bengal Governor has, today, promulgated an ordinance, called the West Bengal Bargadars Ordinance, 1949, to provide for the regulation of certain rights between the 'bargadars' (contract labour) and owners of land and for the establishment of 'bhag chas' (cultivation on sharing system) conciliation boards for the settlement of disputes between 'bargadars' and owners of lands relating to division of produce etc.

Disputes arising out of the determination of the share of produce between 'bargadars' and landowners have been the cause of many an agrarian trouble in the rural areas of the province during the past two years. These also gave rise to what is known as the 'tebhaga' movement (one-third for the owner and two-thirds for the cultivator) sponsored by the Communists.

The Ordinance, which comes into force immediately, shall extend to such areas as the Government may specifically notify.

The 'bargadar', under this ordinance, means a person cultivating the land of another person on the condition of delivering a share of the produce of such land to the owner.

The Ordinance defines the principles in accordance with which the produce of any land cultivated by bargadar' shall be apportioned between the 'bargadar' and the owner of the land. It also provides against the termination by the landowner cultivation of any land by the 'bargadar' except on certain specific grounds.

The ordinance provides for the appointment of 'bhag' chas conciliation boards to decide the disputes between the 'bargadars' and owners of land with regard to the division or delivery of produce (2) the priority of the right to supply plough cattle, plough and other implements or manure, etc. and (3) termination of or the restoration to cultivation of land by 'bargadar' and the place of thrashing or the place of delivery of the owner's share of the produce. Each such board will consist of an official chairman and four other members — two each representing 'bargadars' and landowners in a particular area.

No award or order or other proceedings of a board of an appellate officer, to be appointed by the Government under this ordinance, and no proceedings whatsoever in execution of such award or order, shall be questioned in any court, the Ordinance states.

Any person, who fails to comply with an order under this Ordinance shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term extending to six months or with a fine extending to rupees five hundred or both.

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IMPROVEMENT PLANS HELD UP

City Corporation Seeks Government Help

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

MR. Salebhoy Abdul Kader, Chairman of the Standing Committee, today initiating the discussion on the Municipal Budget at a meeting of the Committee, said that it was on the whole a fairly adequate Budget for the needs of the moment as well as for the prosecution of the schemes that had been undertaken for the expansion of some of the Municipal services.

Mr. Kader, however, admitted that the Budget might not be an ideal one considering it from the citizen's point of view.

The Chairman complimented the Municipal Commissioner for the able manner in which he has prepared the budget "in these hard times." He suggested that the Corporation would have to make a proper representation to the Government if necessary to "claim our legitimate due" on account of Town Duty payable by Government.

Referring to the new taxation proposals, Mr. Kader said that the Commissioner had suggested a quarter per cent increase in the water tax as one of the four measures to offset the record-breaking deficit of Rs. 97,33,000. He pointed out that the Committee should carefully consider this proposal of the Commissioner which would yield only a meagre additional income of Rs. 3.20 lakhs.

DON'T RESENT

Regarding the levy of the wheel tax at the maximum rate, he said that the public should not resent "this small increase in their contribution."

Mr. Kader said, "It would not be wise to defer road repairs as such a state would result in further deterioration of roads which the owners of vehicles themselves would not desire."

Referring to the additional expenditure of Rs. 22 lakhs involved on account of the increased payment of dearness allowance to the Municipal employees, Mr. Kader hoped that the Executive would also appreciate the Corporation's financial difficulties and desist from further increases in the Establishment unless absolutely necessary.

He observed, "The Corporation have always endeavoured to give a fair deal to their employees as far as their finances have permitted and have implemented liberally the recommendations of several awards. But it has been noticed that this generous attitude of the Corporation is not sufficiently reciprocated by the employees in the discharge of their duties."

He commended the proposal of the Commissioner to purchase plant and machinery from advances from Special Funds as "a step in the right direction".

Advertising to the increasing expenditure for primary education, the Chairman said that the Corporation should either be made self-supporting or an adequate grant obtained from Government for the maintenance of the upper primary classes.

"Our present day financial position does not permit us to entertain this expenditure on the upper primary standard, which is not an obligatory duty on the Corporation, especially when several of our other services are starved for want of funds, he asserted.

The only alternative, he said, would be to discontinue the upper standard and confine expenditure to primary education only. However, he added that this alternative should be avoided as far as possible.

All the outstanding dues from the Port Trust should be recovered by the Executive without any further delay he urged. The amount due from the Port Trust is Rs. 68.15 lakhs.

FUNDS LACKING

"Schemes for the augmentation of water supply, improvement of drainage system, Greater Bombay, and slum clearance are in the offing and unless adequate funds are provided, progress on these fields will be hampered", he cautioned the Commissioner.

Mr. Kadar hoped that final decisions on the recommendations of the Shroff Committee, which had suggested various proposals for securing additional revenues for the Corporation, would be taken soon both by the Corporation and the Government to enable "us to meet our growing liabilities."

He pointed out that there was still further scope for expenditure on the Loan Works Programme as the actual expenditure always fell short of the original estimates. According to the budget estimates, the Loan Works Programme had been cut down and restricted to the completion of works already undertaken and only to such new works as were necessary in the interest of health and water supply.

Mr. Kader urged the implementation of the loan works programme as most of them contained items of essential services to the citizens which could not brook further delay.

The discussion on the budget will be resumed by the Standing Committee tomorrow.

"GEMINI'S NISHAN"
NOW SHOWING
AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
DAILY 3 SHOWS
3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
BOX & BALCONY SEATS
ARE BOOKED IN ADVANCE

JAI HIND & RIVOLI
DAILY 4 SHOWS
11-45 a.m., 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
SEATS CAN BE BOOKED IN ADVANCE.
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED.

The THRILLS and CHILLS of the THEATRE —The Land of Illusion.

LADLI
SULOCHANA CHATTERJEE, Jairaj, David, Kuldeep.
Music: ANIL BISWAS
Producer: ASHA BISWAS
Director: J. P. ADVANI.
3rd WEEK
NEW WEST-END
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30.
Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
BROADWAY
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sat. Sun. 12-30.
A JAISINH Release.

Second M. B. B. S. Exam. Results

The following candidates have passed the second M.B.B.S. examination held by the University of Bombay on October 1949:

Nos.:—1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 16 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92.

MINIMUM PRICE FOR SUGAR

NEW DELHI, Nov. 14 (PTI).—The Indian Central Sugarcane Committee in a resolution adopted at its concluding session last Saturday recommended fixation of a minimum price of sugarcane based mainly on the cost of cultivation, it is learnt here.

The resolution moved by Swami Sahajananda Saraswati, the Kisan leader of Bihar, suggested that the minimum cane price should be divided into (1) basic price and (2) bonds or additional payment. The considerations for arriving at the basic price shall be the detailed cost of cultivation. Interest on capital investment including the value of the land prices of competitive crops and a reasonable margin of profit. The bonus was to be based on the quality of cane produced.

The Committee considered the resolution in detail and agreed that while the cost of cultivation should be the main consideration in fixation of a minimum price, it should not be the only consideration as the cost of sugarcane could not be considered in isolation from other relevant economic factors of the price of gur, sugar, other food prices and the general price inflation in the country. The resolution modified accordingly was accepted by the Committee.

GOOD NEWS
LIFE MEMBERSHIP OF THE RED CROSS OF INDIA
Life-Membership
CLOSING DATE EXTENDED TO DEC. 31ST 1949
IN RESPONSE TO REQUESTS FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY & OVERSEAS
Note LIFE-MEMBERSHIP — RS. 1000/- DOWN OR IN FOUR EASY INSTALMENTS — ENTAILS NO FURTHER PAYMENT DURING YOUR LIFETIME

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY
Hindu: Kartik Vad 11,2006
Muslim: Mohurrum 24, 1369
Parsi: Khordad 15, 1319
Sunrise: 6-46 a.m. Sunset 6-0 p.m.

Local Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting of the Standing Committee at 2.30 p.m.

EAU-DE-COLOGNE AND ESSENCE MFGRS. ASSN: Special general meeting at Association office, at 4 p.m.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Educational films by British Informatic Services, Durbar Hall, Town Hall, at 6 p.m.

BOMBAY TEXTILE AND ENGG. ASSN: Pictorial talk on mechanical developments in knitting practice, B.E.S.T. Conference Hall, at 6 p.m.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 15, (P. T. I.): The following is the weather summary for Tuesday, Nov. 15, 1949:—

Weather has been dry over the country except for local showers in Malabar.

Night temperatures continued to be below normal over the whole country being markedly so over the region from the Bombay Deccan to Orissa and Gangetic West Bengal, in Vindhya Pradesh, Madhyabharat, the East Punjab, north and east Rajputana and Saurashtra and Cutch.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL WEDNESDAY EVENING: Rainfall will occur locally along and near Coromandel Coast and at a few stations in Malabar.

Night temperatures will rise in the Madras Province and continue without any appreciable change elsewhere.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from Oct. 1st, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on Nov. 15, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 87 61 0 0.3 0, Ahmednagar 83 51 0 1.4 minus 1.5, Bangalore 81 62 0 10.3 plus 2.3, Baroda 90 52 0 0.1 minus 2.3, Belgaum 81 52 0 0.9 minus 5.2, BOMBAY 90 69 0 1.3 minus 1.6, Calcutta 83 63 0 3.6 minus 1.5, Colombo 85 75 0 16.9 minus 6.0. Delhi 78 46 0 0.1 minus 0.4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 84 51 0 0.7 minus 2.6, Madras 87 71 0 3.8 minus 15.9, Mahableshwar 74 59 0 3.3 minus 3.9, Nagpur 80 51 0 6.7 plus 2.9, Patna 79 55 0 3.3 plus 9.8, Poona 84 49 0 1.6 minus 2.6, Sholapur 86 55 0 1.6 minus 2.4, Simla 60 42 0 0.2 minus 1.3, Surat 91 62 0 2.6 plus 0.9.

S. K. Patil For Delhi

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.—Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee left for Delhi this morning by air to attend a meeting of the Congress Working Committee.

Commercial Community Must Play Its Part

MR. BHAVANJI KHIMJI'S APPEAL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An appeal to the commercial community to play their part in the endeavour to revitalise national economy in accordance with the observations of Sardar Patel before the Standing Committee of the Central Council of Industries, was made by Mr. Bhavanji A. Khimji, President of the Indian Merchants Chamber, at its third quarterly meeting here today.

Mr. Khimji said that recognition of the need for a curtailment in the burden of taxation would give an impetus to fresh enterprise, and help in effecting economic recovery.

He added that the move for reduction in the price level by increasing supply through higher production was timely and welcome. Government had a right to demand drastic sacrifices from the public in order to enable the country to tide over the economic crisis, but in the choice of measures which the Government proposed to adopt to achieve this objective, the prevention of a rise in costs should always be the guiding factor.

ELUCIDATION

Elucidating his point, Mr. Khimji stated that in the absence of details regarding the manner and method in which the proposed savings in the national budget were to be effected it was difficult to form any definite conclusions on the adequacy of the measures. In the attempt to make all-round cuts in capital expenditure care must be taken to see that the costs in investments did not disproportionately affect the productive capacity and also the needs of the backward areas in respect of their development.

*

The President maintained that the disparity in the method of dealing with the evacuee property in India and Pakistan was too pronounced, and the Indian Law tended to be generous in comparison with that of Pakistan. It was essential that the disposal of evacuee property in both countries should be on a reciprocal basis.

The Vice-President of the Chamber, Mr. R. G. Saraiya, dwelt at length on the comments in the British press in regard to Britain's inability to continue 'unrequited' exports to the same extent as in the past three years in the process of releasing the sterling debt due to India. Any reduction in the debt or spreading over of the releases to a much longer period would not be justified. India had a legitimate claim for a compensating increase to offset the effect of depreciation in the purchasing power of the balances following the devaluation of the pound.

Sher Dil Brought To Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sher Dil, the brain behind the Tata House hold-up case and a number of similar offences, who had taken shelter in Pakistan, was brought to Bombay on Saturday.

Sher Dil, described as the leader of the gang, who was responsible for snatching Rs. 3,50,000 from four employees of the Tatas, was also wanted by the Bombay Police for a number of other crimes.

He was sentenced to seven years' R.I for cheating. He escaped the police custody at the Girgaum Court, where he was being tried for an another offence. While still wanted by the Police, he organised the Tata House hold-up at Bruce Street in January last, and fled from the country and took refuge in Pakistan. Sher Dil was arrested in Pakistan for entering the country without permit. He was recently handed over to the Bombay Police.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 16.

BOMBAY—A
244 m. (1,231 kc/s) and 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. K. H. Dalal (G. Bhajan) 7-35 Physical education 7-40 Ai Ka Karyaram 7-45 J. S. Kamat (Marathi Pad) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Harmindar Singh 8-45 News (G).

244 m. (1.231 kc/s) and 41. 44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

12-45 p.m Sarang Rang 12-50 K. H. Dalal (G. Bhajan) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Orchestra of H. M. Royal Marines 1-55 Hit Parade.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s), 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s) from 4-20 to 7-45 p.m., 41.44 m. from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.

4-20 p.m. School Broadcasts 5-0 Sumati Bai Wadkar (Multani) 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Ghulam Qadir Khan (Puria) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 J. S Kamat (Shankara) 7-30 Sumati Bai Wadkar (Thumri Khammaj) 7-45 Kamgar Sabha 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay —B 10-0 Amelita Galli Curci 10-15 Fareeda Nariman 10-35 Ernst Politzer

BOMBAY—B

353 m. (850 kc/s) and 41.44 m.

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Arvind Parikh (Sitar) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 M. A. Deshpande (Marathi Pad)

353 m. (850 kc/s) 31.41 m

12-45 p.m. As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 M. A. Deshpande (Abhang) 1-10 Yeh Bhi Suniye 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Rang Tarang 2-20 Clarionet Recital By L. K. Kunte.

353 m. (850 kc/s), 41.44 m. from 4-20 to 7-15 p.m., 61.98 m. (4,840 kc/s) from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.

4-20 p.m. As in Bombay—A 5-30 Harminder Singh (Geets) 5-45 I. S. Kamat (Marathi Pad) 6-0 Kannad Songs 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 M. A Deshpande (Mand) 8-45 Harminder Singh (Geets) 9-0 Arvind Parikh (Sitar) 9-30 Swar Mudrika 9-45 Review of current affairs by M. V. Mathew 10-0 "Natya Chaatakar Diwakar" Roopak by Prof. S. B. Ranade 10-30 Ghulam Qadir Khan Khayal Vilambit aur Durab Malkauns.

BARODA
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. 'Gandhari' 7-40 Vyayam Shikshan (Physical jerks) 7-45 Hiralal C. Pandya (Todi) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Sangeet Shikshan 8-30 Geeto 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Stree Sammelan 5-0 News (E) 6-10 Baburao Karnik and Party (Patdeep) 6-20 Bipin Chandra C. Sur (Geets) 6-30 Gramjano Mate 7-0 Nadiya Ke Par 7-15 Baburao Karnik and Party (Shankara and Pad) 7-30 Bipin Chandra C. Sur (Geets) 7-45 Hiralal C. Pandya (Thumri) 8-0 Bharati Mehta and Party (Garba) 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Ahmedaba 9-0 News (E) 9-15 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD
326.1 m. (920 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Nam Smaran 7-40 As in Baroda 8-0 News (E) 8-15 As in Baroda 8-30 Suhasini Redij (Surdas) 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-20 Geet Gunjan 6-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate 7-0 Suhasini Redij 7-15 As in Baroda 7-30 Music based on listeners' requests 8-0 Tabla Par Gat Toda Ramonau More 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Vilas Khandekar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 The Home Guards (E) 9-30 Vilas Khandekar.

FRUIT RESEARCH AT SIMLA

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15

The establishment of a Fruit Research Station at Simla with two substations at Dushair and Solan, have been recommended by the Scientific Committee on Fruits and Vegetables of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research at one of its recent meeting in New Delhi.

India's supply of fruits grown in cold climate have been greatly diminished by the partition. The proposed substation at Bushair, if accepted by the Governing Body of the Council, will be used for cultivation of grapes and pomegranates. The climate of Bushair is dry and cold which is favourable for these fruits.

The Committee also recommended that the Central Institute of Fruit Technology of the Ministry of Agriculture should be put on a permanent basis and should be properly equipped for giving technical assistance and advice to the fruit industry.

The Pulse Of The City

BRIBE: Grainshop inspector Rashid Nigar asked for Rs. 20 from a Moreland Road Government grainshop keeper for showing him favour in his official capacity. The shopkeeper agreed, but told the story to the Anti-Corruption Branch. And the Inspector was trapped August 21 with the aid of marked currency notes. Tuesday Esplanade Court Presidency Magistrate Gordhandas, finding Nigar guilty, in spite of his plea that the case was cooked up against him, awarded him four months' rigorous and a fine of Rs. 500.

HAND-TO-HAND: Mr. Ratanshaw R. Patel fought like a hero armed with nothing other than courage against three midnight intruders Monday night. For twenty minutes he warded off blows and stabbings, sustaining some injuries. One of the marauders tried to gag him, but he threw him aside, and shouted for help. After the scuffle, finding the customer too tough for them, the trio escaped into the night air. The Patel residence at Churchgate was left unrobbed.

DUPED: Kanaiyalal Purshottam, a businessman, alighted from a train at V.T. Monday night and was making for the C. P. Tank Road residence of his relative, when Abdul Majid approached him and asked him where Bhendi Bazar was. Kanaiyalal said he did not know as he was new to Bombay himself. They were going along Hornby Road when a stranger rushed towards them and wheezed that he had just been robbed of gold worth Rs. 4,000. He was advised to report the matter to the police. Further down the road they saw a third man picking up what seemed to be yellow bits of gold. They approached him and asked him to come along to the police. Abdul suggested that he part with the gold pieces for Rs. 1,000, and told Kanaiyalal to contribute half the amount, which he did. When he reached his destination, (Kanaiyalal told the police) he discovered that the gold was not gold at all it was brass. A clever gang had duped him.

ESCAPE: Babhav Sukhdev, 40, a watchman of Messrs. Hill, Son, Knox and Company, stevedores, was being taken in a police jeep Monday afternoon from Sewri to the Mazagaon police court, to start trial for theft. When the jeep, doing thirty, reached the vicinity of the Dockyard Station, Babhav is said to have made a desperate attempt to escape: he leaped out, falling on the asphalt squarely. He was badly hurt, rushed to a hospital, where he died.

CONVERSATION PIECE: Scene—clerical section on the ground floor of the Secretariat. Clerks busy working. In a corner stood a large madka (water jug) with this inscription: "This water is unfit for drinking—POISONED". "Why all this?" asked a 'Chronicle' reporter. Replied an enterprising clerk, with a twinkle in his eye: "The water is poisoned. We saw some snakes in it." (The "snakes" finally turned out to be worms.) But why, instead of putting a placard, was the madka not emptied? "There is no sepoy in our department. He has gone somewhere."

ACQUITTED: Palji Nanji, Ratna Jetha and Dhana Nanji were acquitted Monday evening by Sessions Judge B. M. Honavar, on the special jury returning a verdict of not guilty of a charge of murder. The prosecution had alleged that the accused had murdered Mavji Jessa Rathod, President of the Umarkhadi Taluka Congress Committee, April 9. The defence pleaded that they had been falsely implicated by certain Congress workers who bore them illwill. The Jury's decision was unanimous.

ARRESTED: Using the bogus customer technique, the Assistant Director of Enforcement arrested Salebhai Badruddin, a dealer in iron and steel sheetings, for allegedly selling galvanised iron sheets for a price higher than the controlled one. Presidency Magistrate Barot released the accused on bail.

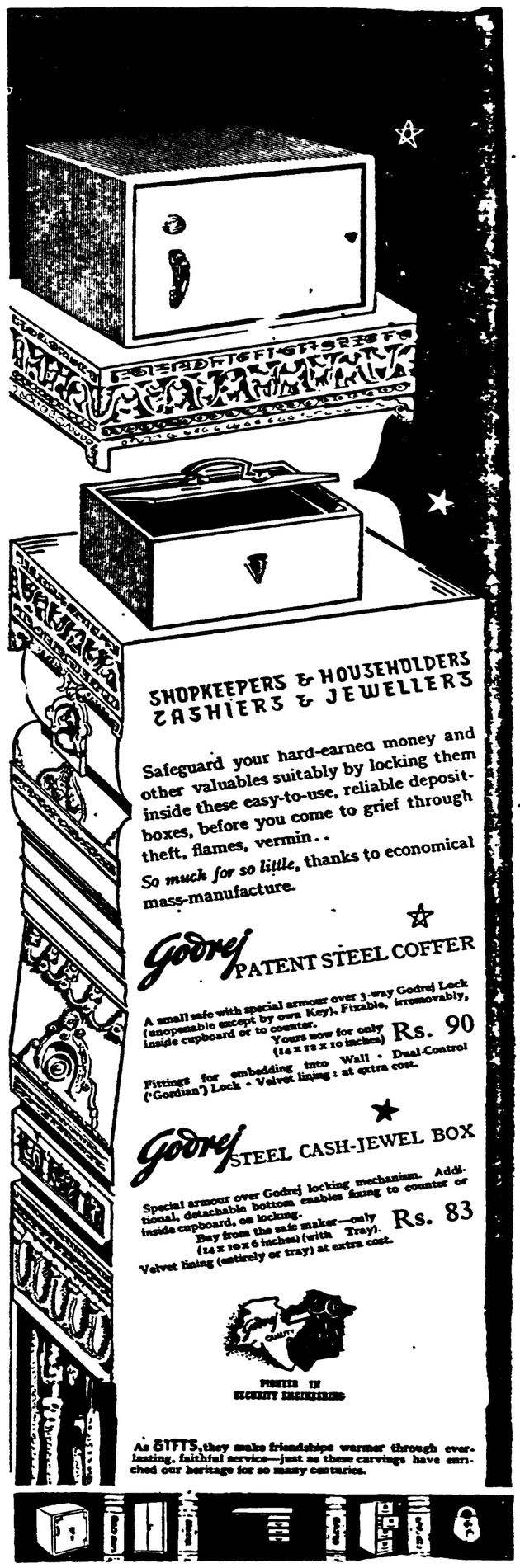
ASSAULTS: Haji Abdul Sattar was assaulted by four men Monday night at 9-30 at Sarang Road and is said to have been relieved of Rs. 500. Four people have been held by the police. Kasturchand Mills proprietor Harinath Parasnath was assaulted Monday by some of his own millworkers in the mill premises, sustaining mild injuries. It is said this followed the discharge a few days ago of some workers. Four men have been seized.

FIRE: Wooden boxes containing paper were destroyed in the fire that broke out Tuesday afternoon in a gulley near Masjid Bunder Station. The fire brigade took 15 minutes to kill the flames.

MEDICAL CENTRE: The Muslim Social Workers Group has opened a free medical aid centre in Byculla and named it Jawahar Centre in honour of the sixtieth birthday of Prime Minister Nehru.

ADJUDICATION: The industrial disputes between the Javany Metal Manufacturing Company, the Bombay Glass Works Limited and the Vijay Engineering Company Limited, all of Bombay, and their respective workers have been referred to adjudication, the first two to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. M. C. Shah, and the third to that of Mr. Salim M. Merchant.

DISMISSED: Mr. Justice Tendolkar Monday dismissed with costs the notice of motion taken out by Messrs. Jamnadas Ltd., against the Bombay Talkies Ltd., to restrain the latter from selling their latest picture "Mahal" for the C.P. and C.I territories, and dissolved the interim injunction that was granted by Mr. Justice Bhagwati October 17.



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OUR DACCA NEWSLETTER:

Minorities' Deputation To Pakistan Premier

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT

DACCA, (By Air Mail).

IN the course of his recent tour through Eastern Pakistan Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, the Premier of Karachi, received a Hindu deputation at Dacca.

The Deputation consisted mostly of Hindu politicians who call themselves members of the Pakistan National Congress. They respect the underlying principle of the Indian National Congress; but constitutionally speaking they describe themselves as a separate organisation.

A representative group of this constituted largely by a number of the local Assembly members waited on the Premier to represent their point of view. Among other things they pointed out that they were living under a cloud of distrust of both the Pakistan Government and the majority community although they were a loyal community. The Premier expressed the opinion that in matters of conflict between the Pakistan Government and India the Pakistani Hindus always remained silent. This was very significant and might be misinterpreted. The Deputationists pointed out that in these matters the Government did not take the the minority community into confidence and so they could not be blamed for their silence.

Regarding the application of Evacuees Property Ordinance to East Pakistan, the Premier said he could not make any definite statemeent before returning to Karachi. He maintained, however, that the general state of things in East Pakistan had considerably improved; but the Hindu deputation said it was much worse.

It was not merely the Hindus that were labouring under a disadvantage in East Pakistan but even Mohamedan officials who were supposed to be pro-Hindu in their attitude. This will be more than evidenced by the fact that a very high-ranking police official in charge of the I.B. work of the province has been summarily removed from his position because quite recently there was an article in a paper entitled "Freedom" in West Pakistan making reflections on him as a pro-Hindu officer; but enquiries reveal that this officer has been a 'tried and trusted' hand of the Government but all his good work has been forgotten in view of the article referred to above.

JUTE QUESTION

Thousands of people are still suffering as the result of non-devaluation of the Pakistani rupee and trade and commerce are hit. But the most serious trouble is in regard to jute which is the main crop of the province.

Jute is no more a Provincial subject but a central matter and the Karachi Government have just appointed a JUTE BOARD of 3 men. These men are Mr. Farroque, lately of the East Indian Railway, Mr. Ispahani and Mr. Hafiz. Local opinion is definitely against the constitution of this Board. The Government have also fixed the minimum price of jute at Rs. 23/- a maund; but there will be no export of jute so long as no satisfactory solution is made about the rupee ratio. The jute dealers, both Indian and European, are very much disturbed.

In this surrounding picture of gloom, there seems to be one redeeming feature. This is the gradual decline in the price of rice which has been largely due to the fact that the new 'Aman' crop has been harvested.

The supply of vegetables fish and eggs has improved largely because they are not exported owing to the devaluation of the Indian rupee. So commercially the province is suffering but individually people are profiting.

THE TAXING JOKE

Since the days of Wat Tylor the tax collector has always been unpopular but here in East Pakistan the Income Tax department takes a diabolical delight in making themselves unpopular. They have to collect some money and they make their assessments right and left on the basis of some meaningless and whimsical rules and even a beggar runs the risk of being liable for income tax.

PAKISTAN TO SET UP WOOLLEN MILLS

LONDON, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter):—Pakistan which attended the recent London meetings of the International Wool Study Group as an observer has an annual raw wool production of about 24,000,000 lbs. usually reliable Pakistani sources said here today.

These sources disclosed that about 67 per cent of this production was sold to the United States and about 25 per cent to Britain.

They added that the Pakistan Government was planning to set up five yarn spinning mills; two spinning mills for worsted yarn; and two textile mills for worsted and woollen clothes.

Of the five yarn spinning mills, two would be located in the West Punjab and one each in the North-West Frontier Province, Sind and Baluchistan.

BIG FIRE BREAKS OUT IN DACCA

Loss Estimated To Be One Crore

DACCA (East Pakistan), Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter).—The whole of Chawk Bazar, Dacca's main market, was gutted by fire early today The damage is estimated at Rs. one crore. The fire originated in a shop at about 1 a.m. and soon enveloped the 500 shops, including two two-storeyed buildings, in the area.

The conflagration proved too powerful for the local fire brigade and four hours later had completely burnt itself out.

Part As Friends If We Must

TAMILIAN'S PLEA TO ANDHRAS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15 (PTI).—Mr. L. Krishnaswamy Bharati, M.C.A., has appealed to Andhras to stop their agitation over the city of Madras and "to part as friends, if we must."

Mr. Bharati in a statement commenting on the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee's recent resolution at Vijayawada accepting the J. V. P. report on the basis of the interpretation supposed to have been given by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, or in the words of Mr. Prakasam, as modified by him, in regard to the city of Madras. Mr. Prakasam has clarifed it by stating that the J.V.P. report was adopted by the P.C.C. on the basis that the Andhra claim to the city of Madras remained intact and that Andhras need not forego any of their claims.

Mr. Bharati said he was "amazed" at the statement and added "Dr. Sitaramayya has never sought to give any interpretation of the J.V.P. report. When he suggested that the City of Madras may be made into a city province, he was making his individual appeal both to Andhras and Tamils to accept it as his own individual solution. Dr. Sitaramayya, as a seasoned politician, knows that it is not for him to give any interpretation of a document, without reference to the other two distinguished signatories. It is, of course, my humble view that Dr. Pattabhi occupying the very high position he does, could have done well to have remained silent but probably he could not forget that he was an Andhra."

SWARAJYA MEANS BREAD AND CLOTH

Mavlankar Pleads For Social Justice

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, Nov. 14.—"The only way to celebrate properly Jawaharlal's birthday is to share his burden of administration" was the advice given by Sjt. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of India Parliament, while addressing a public meeting convened to celebrate Punditji's 60th birthday this evening. He added that they had achieved independence but not Swarajya, clarifying that Swarajya meant bread and cloth. He further added that social justice was another prerequisite of Swarajya which was almost absent in the country. He then stressed the necessity of launching a movement of constructive activities. Concluding he said: "I am Speaker of Parliament, but I wish to emphasise that Swarajya does not depend on Constitution that we are framing."

Earlier in the day Sjt. Mavlankar addressed a gathering of Hindi students and also attended a reception held by Sjt. Parbabulal Patodix, Resident, Indore Municipal Council.

Sjt. Mavlankar also stressed the importance of civic responsibilities in comparison with civic rights which was the backbone of democratic life in any country.

ELMHIRST PAVILION

Baldev Singh To Open On Nov. 18

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15 (PTI): Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, will open the newly constructed Elmhirst Pavilion at the sports grounds of the R.I.A.F. station here on November 18, the inaugural day of the second All-India R.I.A.F. Inter-Command Sports Meet, it was learned today.

Named after Air-Marshal Sir Thomas Elmhirst, the Commander-in-Chief of free India's Air-arm, the new pavilion is intended to provide amenity to athletes and sportsmen of the R.I.A.F.

The Air-Marshal has instituted a special trophy for being awarded to the winning R.I.A.F. cricket team.

After declaring the Elmhirst Pavilion open, the Defence Minister will inaugurate the Inter-Command Sports Meet, on the same day.

Move To Shift U.P. Offices Resented

(From Our Correspondent)

ALAHABAD, Nov. 15: The reported move of the U.P. Government to shift offices from Allahabad to Nainital was resented by a deputation of local M.L.A.'s, M.L.C.'s and Chairmen of the Improvement Trust and Municipal Board who waited on the Premier, Pandit Gobind Vallabh Pant.

60 Shops Gutted By Fire

ASANSOL, (Burdwan) Nov. 14, About sixty shops in Munshibazar in this town were gutted by fire which broke out last night. Short circuit in the electric wiring in one of the shops is stated to have caused the fire which soon spread to other shops gradually engulfing almost the entire bazar.

The extent of damage is estimated at nearly a lakh of rupees.

Pandit Nehru seen with participants in the ballet of the Indian National Theatres, "By 1951".

NEHRU IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, November 15 (UPI): Smiling and cheerful, the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru landed at the Palam aerodrome at 12-25 P.M. after about six-weeks triumphant tour in U.S.A., Canada and England.

He was given a rousing welcome by a large number of people including the Governor-General, Sardar Patel, and other Cabinet Ministers, dignitaries of the Diplomatic Corps, members of the Constituent Assembly, General Cariappa and Army Officers, the Congress President and members of the A.I.C.C. Secretariat and members of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee.

U. S. Leaders Greet Nehru

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Additional U.S. leaders who yesterday extended birthday greetings to Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru on the occasion of his sixtieth birthday included Secretary of Commerce Charles Sawyer and Dr. Channing Tobias, well-known Negro educator and social worker.

Sawyer's message read as follows:

"I am happy to extend greetings to Prime Minister Nehru on the occasion of his sixtieth birthday. His recent visit to the United States made a profound impression on the American people and should lead to the development of closer cultural and commercial relationships between our two great nations."

Tobias sent the following message: "As one who has visited and knows something of the problems and the spirit of modern India and who is deepy appreciative of the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister, having come through a bloodless revolution in the interest of the freedom of his people, I heartily congratulate Pandit Nehru upon his sixtieth birthday. Any man who can emerge from long prison confinement to lead his people to freedom and to achieve this freedom without bitterness toward those whom he formerly looked upon as enemies of his people has a contribution to make to the peace of the world."

Celebration In Moscow

MOSCOW, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter).—High Soviet officials and top-ranking diplomats were among 200 people attending a reception in honour of Pandit Nehru's birthday today given by India's Ambassador Dr. S. Radhakrishnan at the Indian Embassy.

It was the first big reception there since the Ambassador arrived last September.

The guests included Mr. K. A. Mikhailov, Chief of the South-East Asian Department of the Soviet Foreign Office, Sir Davis Kelly, the British Ambassador, Admiral Alan G. Kirk, United States Ambassador, and the heads of the Commonwealth Missions and most other missoins.

GREAT PATRIOT

MYSORE, Nov. 14 (PTI).—Some of the educationists attending the UNESCO seminar were present at a students meeting here to felicitate Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his birthday.

Dr. Chu of China on behalf of his countrymen sent greetings to Pandit Nehru and paid tributes to his great patriotism and leadership of India and the world. Dr. Chu expressed the hope that India and China would continue to work hand in hand for the establishment of permanent peace in the world.

Dr. Rodriguez Bou and Prof. Ananth Nath Basu of the seminar also spoke paying tributes to the Prime Minister.

Meetings were held in different parts of the city to felicitate the Prime Minister

MADURA FESTIVITIES

MADURA, Nov. 14 (API).—As many as five public meetings were held this evening in different parts of the town to celebrate Pandit Nehru's 60th birthday.

The Madura Mathar (Women) Congress held a spinning competition and conducted special prayers in observance of the day. Special prayers for long life to Pandit Nehru were also offered in Sri Meenakshi Amman Kovil.

RAJKOT, Nov. 14 (API).—The birthday of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was celebrated with a public meeting, flag hoisting ceremony and prabhat ferries.

To symbolise the sixty years of Pandit Nehru's life sixty arches decorated the streets of the city while the flag was hoisted on a sixty foot pole.

A fair is being held for two days to mark the occasion.

ASIA DEMANDS GREATER ATTENTION

Mrs. Pandit On Need For Practical Work For Peace

NEW YORK, November 14 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to the United States told an audience of over 2,500 persons here today that the "seething mass of humanity in Asia and Africa" needed more urgent attention than any problem in Europe.

She was speaking in the "Town Meeting Of The Air" lecture series on "India in Transition".

The people of Asia and Africa are on the march" she said. "They want to know their goal. Unless they are helped to improve their material condition, they will take the law into their own hands. "Today we see tragic happenings in China and there is a similar threat in India, although not on the same scale.. In India we were fore-warned and took measures of agrarian reforms in advance. If there is equality of opportunity for all and an end of discrimination there will be no threat of Communism".

PRACTICAL WORK

"We must do more practical work for peace rather than merely talk of peace. The idea that the best death is that which comes on the battlefield must give place to the idea that the best death is the one that comes in living for peace. We must have a few more monuments to the living, like those we have for the dead".

Mrs. Pandit who spoke extemporoneously said that the coming of representative Government for "feudal" India formerly ruled by the princes was an event of the greatest significance.

NO SIDES

"It is our privilege to work for democracy and peace" she said. "We shall keep aloof from conflict, without seeking any temporary advantage from one side or the other. We shall throw our influence on the side of equality of opportunity through which we believe a just and lasting peace can be established".

New Airmen Training School At Jalahalli

BANGALORE, Nov. 14 (PTI): The Royal Indian Air Force have opened a new school at Jalahalli to train airmen in signals and radar trades. This school, to be known as No. 3 Ground Training School, was declared open this morning by Air Commodore R. H. D. Singh, Air Officer Commanding, Bangalore.

Originally these two sections on ground training formed part of No. 2 ground training school at Tambaram, Madras, where training in all the technical trades of the R.I.A.F was carried out. Due to expansion of the air force, the nesessity for more technicalmen, especially signals and radar trades, arose. It was also felt essential that each school should have a allied trades only so that adequate supervision and efficiency could be achieved. This is one of the four training schools located in Jalahalli, 10 miles from Bangalore. The R.I.A.F. station, Jalahalli, is under the command of Group Captain R. Sitaram and the new school is commanded by Wing Commander K. A. Joseph. The school is entirely manned by Indian staff, some of whom have been train-

Aga Khan For Pakistan

KARACHI, Nov. 15 (U.P.I.): The Aga Khan is likely to visit Pakistan in January 1950, according to the President of the Ismaili Association in Karachi, who recently met the Aga Khan in Prarice.

PANDIT NEHRU'S ASSURANCE TO EX-I. N. A.

Asked at the Press Conference at the Government House, why the Government of India, were not accepting the ex-I.N.A. personnel in the Indian Army, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Prime Minister, said that there was no bar to their absorption in the Indian Army, and that the Government of India had always viewed this question with the greatest amount of sympathy and understanding.

The question was put by Mr. H. M Trivedi.

The Government of India had given a great deal of thought to the matter and come to a decision. They were so much interested in the welfare of the I.N.A. Personnel that they had sent a series of circulars to all Provincial Governments to help them in all possible ways. The Bombay Government had specially complied to a remarkable degree with the request from the Centre.

A sum of Rs. 35 lakhs or so had been given as compensation for the I.N.A. men.

But, to include their broken periods of service and to reabsorb them in the Indian army on the ranks which they held in the I.N.A. and not on the ranks which they held before joining the I.N.A., was bristling with technical difficulties. There were lots of internal administration issues which would be seriously upset by such a step.

He humorously remarked. "A part of the I.N.A., which fought so well for India in the old days, is today fighting against India. I mean the I.N.A. Section in Pakistan, fighting against us in Kashmir".

The Prime Minister reiterated his sympathy for the I.N.A., men and their families.

Indian Showroom In San Francisco

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15

To help stimulate exports of Indian manufactured articles, especially to hard currency areas, it has been decided by the Government of India to open a showroom for Indian goods in San Francisco. Attached to the Indian Consulate-General, the showroom will, in the first instance, accept only Indian handicrafts and cottage industry products.

Indian manufacturers, who desire to take advantage of this opportunity of displaying their goods in San Francisco should contact the Director of Exhibitions, Ministry of Commerce, 96 Council House, New Delhi, for details.

Dr. Rajkumar In Karaikal

KARAIKAL, Nov. 15 (P.T.I.)

Dr. N. V. Rajkumar, Foreign Secretary, All-India Congress Committee, arrived here last night after his five days' stay in the French Indian capital.

During his two days' stay here, Dr Rajkumar will contact leaders of various political parties for a study of the situation.

Saurashtra Gesture

RAJKOT, Nov. 15 (P.T.I.): A rebate in land revenue of one rupee per maund of paddy and eight annas per maund of jowar and bajra will be granted to cultivators who offer food grains to the Government in excess of the quota they are expected to give, says a Saurashtra Government Press Note issued yesterday.

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Hazare's Heroic Batting Averts Innings Defeat For India

VIJAY MERCHANT'S INABILITY TO BAT MAKES ALL THE DIFFERENCE

Commonwealth Side Wins First 'Test' By 9 Wkts. With An Hour To Spare

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

THE Commonwealth Team won the First "Test" against India by nine wickets on the final day today. Batting first, the Commonwealth Team made 608 runs for eight wickets (declared) at the end of the second day of the match. In reply India made 291 runs and following on saved an innings defeat by scoring 327 runs just before tea today. The visitors scored the necessary runs but not before they had lost one wicket. The match ended an hour before it was scheduled to close.

In contrast to the first innings wherein India recovered after initial reverse, the home side collapsed in the second innings after a sound start given by Umrigar and Mantri, which was consolidated by the Hazare-Adhikari fifth wicket partnership of 130 runs.

A sterling innings by Vijay Hazare who scored 140 including sixteen fours was the highlight of today's play. Though he paved the way for a possible draw, the India eleven collapsed after his exit, the remaining four wickets being dismissed for twenty-eight runs. Playing the best innings in the test, Hazare made his 140 in four hours. Only smart fielding robbed him of a larger score.

The homeside began the final day inauspiciously as Phadkar was out for the addition of four runs to the over-night total of 165 runs. Hazare, ably supported by Adhikari, rose splendidly to the occasion and superbly driving and cutting raised the total to 299. His exit caused by ill-luck—he played on to his wicket—proved a turning point and no batsman could give a stand to Adhikari who was unbeaten with 44.

Sarwate was bowled for nil, while Nayudu added seven runs before he was caught in the slips. The third batsman Gaekwad was caught for nil. Tribe caused the dismissal of Sarwate while Pepper claimed the other two wickets for the addition of 16 runs.

Thus the homeside faced almost an innings defeat, needing two runs to save it, when Uday Merchant came in to bat. By three successive fours off Pepper he placed his side's combined total, ten runs ahead of the visitors first inings score before he was bowled by Pepper, half an hour before tea.

The visitors required eleven runs for a win but the conclusion was not without excitement. With his fourth ball, Phadkar bowled Freer neck and crop. In the next over Oldfield hit the winning stroke off Hazare.

Needing 152 runs to save an innings defeat, Hazare and Phadkar the overnight Indian not out batsmen, began the final day of the first unofficial test match at the Willingdon Pavilion here rather unpromisingly.

SCORE BOARD

COMMONWEALTH XI (1ST ING)—FOR 8 WKTS. DECL.	608
INDIAN XI (IST INNING)	291
INDIAN XI (2nd Innings)	
Mantri b Tribe	54
Umrigar c Ray Smith b Pettiford	55
Rusi Modi b Tribe	5
Vijay Hazare b Freer	140
D.G. Phadkar lbw b Tribe	3
Hemu Adhikari not out	44
G. T. Sarwate b Tribe	0
C.S. Nayudu c Tribe b Pepper	7
H. Gaekwad c Oldfield b Pepper	0
Uday Merchant b Pepper	12
Vijay Merchant did not bat	
Extras (3 leg byes, 1 bye)	4
Total	327

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 85; 2 for 100; 3 for 153; 4 for 169; 5 for 299; 6 for 300; 7 for 311; 8 for 315 and 9 for 327.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lambert	14	3	36	0
Freer	23	12	38	1
Ray Smith	6	1	18	0
Pepper	43.4	11	134	3
Tribe	49	22	65	4
Pettiford	16	7	28	1
Worrell	3	2	4	0

COMMONWEALTH XI (2nd Innings)	
Oldfield not out	5
Freer b Phadkar	0
Alley not out	7
Extras nil	
Total (for 1 wkt).	12

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 0.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Phadkar	1	0	6	1
Hazare	1	0	6	0

XAVIER'S AND RUIA WIN BY INNINGS

Gupte's 9 For 15 In Collegiate Cricket

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The St. Xavier's College and the Ruia College registered huge victories over their rivals in the Inter-Collegiate cricket tournament in the first round matches that concluded this evening. A brilliant century by A. J. Ratnagar for the St. Xavier's and splendid bowling by S. P. Gupte of the Ruia College were the chief features of the day's play.

St. Xavier's playing against the National College raised their overnight score of 322 for 1 to 513 before their yast batsman was sent back. The National College however fared disastrously against the attack of their opponents, and were out twice during the course of the day, scoring only 27 and 20 runs in the respective innings.

In reply to Ruia's overnight score of 226, VJTI could only manage to score 27 runs in the first innings, and when called upon to follow on they replied with 34 only. Gupte was the bowler who mainly for the winnings victory of Ruia. He captured 9 wickets in the two innings for the extremely small total of 15 runs.

The following were the results:

St. Xavier's College beat National College by an innings and 466 runs.

St. Xavier's 513 (B.R. Irani 59, S.K. Rattansey 64, P.G. Herwadkar 20, A. H. Jagasia 75, M. D. Irani 38, M. R. Joshi 27, A. J. Ratnagar 103, H. K. Udpikar 48, Choudhury not out 31, Extras 28). National 27 (B.R. Irani 5 for 10, Rattansey 4 for 9) and following on 20 (Rattansey 3 for 4, Jagasia 3 for 3).

Ruia College beat Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute by an innings and 275 runs.

Ruia 336. VJTI 27 (Bhosle 4 for 4, S.P. Gupte 4 for 4) and following on 34 (S.P. Gupte 5 for 11, Koregaonkar 4 for 3).

Wilson College beat National Medical College by an inning.

Grant Medical College beat Ismail College by eight wickets.

WOMEN'S HOCKEY LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Womens Hockey League conducted by the B.P.H.A. commences on Saturday November 19 and has been divided into three divisions.

The first division includes Grey's A, City A, Lusitanians 'A' and St. Agnes High School.

The second division has Grey's 'B', City 'B' Procter Ladies and Panchgani Pansies.

The third division includes St. Xavier's College, Ruia College, Grey's 'C', City 'C', Lusitanians 'B'.

The following are the fixtures for the week end:—

Saturday 19th at the Association ground, Churchgate 4 p.m. Ruia vs. Bombay City 'C' 5 p.m. City 'B' vs. Panchgani Pansies.

Sunday 20th 4 u.m. Grey's 'B' vs. Procter Ladies 5 p.m. Lusis 'A' vs. St. Agnes High School.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY
Cooperage
3-45 p.m. St. Xavier's "B" vs. B.E.S.T. (First Division).
4-45 p.m. G.I.P. Railway "A" vs. Lusis 'A' (Senior Division).

BADMINTON
Dadar Parsee Gymkhana
6-15 p.m. Bombay North Open Tournament.

TABLE TENNIS
Vanmali Hall, Dadar
6-30 p.m. First round of Men's Doubles (Open) followed by First round of Men's Doubles (Members) (Pathare Kshatriya Open Tournament).

CALCUTTA STADIA APPROVED BY GOVT

Sanction To Be Given After Monies Are Raised

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15, (PTI): The West Bengal Government's sanction for the construction of two sports stadia would be given as soon as reasonable funds were raised by the promoters for the purpose, prominent sports authority told P.T.I. here today.

One would be for cricket and the other for football and hockey. He said that the matter was discussed at a high level conference at the West Bengal Secretariat yesterday when the Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy, met representatives of the Indian Football Association, the Cricket Association of Bengal, Hockey Association and the Olympic Association. The promoters were now devising ways and means for raising the necessary funds as early as possible.

The I.F.A. and the C.A.B. recently submitted their respective schemes which have since been examined and approved by the authorities.

PAISH TO CAPTAIN BRITAIN

2 Women Among Team For Asian Tennis Championship

LONDON, Nov. 15, (PTI-Reuter): Geoff Paish, Britain's number two lawn tennis player, will lead the official British team to compete in the First Championships of Asia in Calcutta next month.

The team announced today by the British Lawn Tennis Association is as follows: G. L. Paish (Captain), G. D. Oakley, Mrs. Betty Hilton and Miss Kay Tuckey.

Mantri To Captain Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the absence of K. C. Ibrahim, who has expressed his inability to play for Bombay in their match against Baroda in the Cricket Championship of India tourney, the Selection Commitee has appointed M. K. Mantri Captain of the Bombay team M.M. Mohiuddin fills the vacancy created by K. C. Ibrahim and Manohar Patil and P. H. Punjabi come in the place of Vijay Merchant and Uday Merchant.

The following members of the team will leave for Baroda to-day by the Meerut express: R. R. Chandorkar, M. M. Dalvi, G. M. Guard, S. P. Gupte, Taufique Hussein, V. L. Manjrekar, M. M. Mohiuddin, B. N. Mowdawala, Manohar Patil, J. V. Parasram, P. H. Panjabi and G. S. Ramchand.

Mantri, Phadkar and Umrigar, will join the team at Baroda.

BOMBAY NORTH BADMINTON

Mangalvadhekar And Dongre Fully Extended

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There were only two matches played this evening, one in the Mixed Doubles and the other in the Men's Doubles the remaining matches resulted in walk-over, in the Bombay North Open Badminton Tournament at the Dadar Parsee Colony Gymkhana. Both the matches had to be played over three games to reach a decision.

In the Mixed Doubles match Ram Deodar and Mrs. Wagh combining well and playing a good game accounted for Nevekar and Miss Dandige. The last named who had given a very good account of herself yesterday failed to combine with her partner. Deodar and Mrs. Wagh after winning the first game at 15-10 lost the second at 10-15 but in the third game they had to strugle hard to win the match at 15-12.

In the Men's Doubles Mangalvedkar and Dongre after winning the first game with a degree of comfort at 15-7 took things highly in the second game which they lost at 12-15 despite their best efforts to save it. In the deciding game starting aggressively from the start they made short work of their opponents and won the game at 15-0 to retire winner.

Following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES: F. H. Kerawala w/o V.A. Madgavkar.

MIXED DOUBLES: Ram Deodar and Mrs Wagh beat Nervekar and Miss Dandige 15-10, 10-15, 15-12.

MEN'S DOUBLES: V. P. Kapadia and Mistry w/o Madgavkar and Kavarana; Mangalvedkar and Dongre beat Sachdev and Kumble 15-7, 12-15, 15-0.

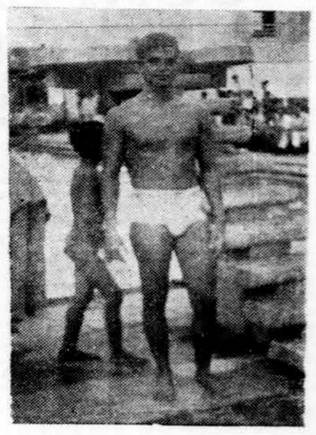
BOMBAY SUBURBAN CRICKET

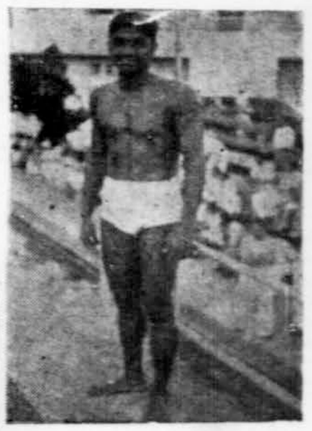
Seth Gordhandas Karsendas Challenge Shield

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Entries for the Seth Gordhandas Karsendas Challenge shield Tournament close at 6 p.m. on Thursday the 17th instant. Clubs intending to send entries are requested to send them to the secretaries, at the office of Mr. V. J. Divecha, Cama Building, Dalal, Street, Fort, Bombay.

WESTERN INDIA SWIMMING CHAMPIONS





The Eleventh Annual Swimming Gala of the Cricket Club of India and the Western India Championships which concluded last Saturday resulted in personal triumphs for Miss Dolly Nazir (centre) who not only won the 50 yards freestyle for girls under sixteen, but also monopolised the open events. She won the 100 yards breaststroke and freestyle championships of Western India, the Plain Diving Championship of Western India and the 75 yards medley. Isaac Mansoor, (top left), the Indian Olympic swimmer won the 100 yards freestyle championship of Western India and helped the Maccabi team to victory in the Inter-Club Relay. Another Indian Olympic swimmer Kanti N. Shah (top right), covered himself with glory when he broke the record in the 100 yards freestyle championship of Western India, and also won the 400 yards Backstroke Championship of Western India and the 75 yards medley. R B. Ajgaonkar (bottom left) retained his Plain Diving Championship of Western India, while another youngster Isaac Joseph (bottom right) won both the events for boys under fourteen the 50 yards freestyle and 50 yards breast-stroke, creating a new record in the latter event.

SECOND REVERSE FOR COLLEGIANS

R.I.N. Win In Senior Hockey League

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

St. Xavier's College "A", last year's league champions suffered their second defeat this season in the Senior Division of the Hockey League when they were beaten by a Royal Indian Navy team by two clear goals.

The first session was without any incident of note. Miranda, the Navy left inner missed two easy scoring chances. The collegians held sway for the first ten minutes, but thereafter the Navy were doing most of the attacking. The teams crossed over without registering any score.

It was in the 10th minute of the second half that O. Ferreira, the Collegians right back stopped a ball on the goalline with his leg after it was deflected by goal-keeper Lobo from a stiff shot by Miranda. Idris took the penalty bully for the Navy with Ferreira and made no mistake registering their first goal.

Ten minutes later Miranda, the left inner banged a terrific one from a long corner to score his sides second goal. The college side had two good chances but were badly out of luck.

THE TEAMS: R.I.N.:— Rawal; Powell, Duckworth; Rodrigues, Subramanyam Sinham; Lall, Jhinsi, Idris, Miranda, Noronha.

ST. XAVIER'S "A":— A. Lobo, O. Ferreira; G. D'Souza; G. Carvalho, H. Dias, C. H. Pereira, R. Mathias; G. Williams, Vaz, D'Costa, M. D'Sa.

UMPIRES: A. Pearce and Desai.

ANOTHER DRAWN GAME

B.B. and C.I. Rly. "B" and Bombay Area Army shared points in an goalless encounter in the first division played earlier in the evening.

BASEBALL TO BE PLAYED IN BOMBAY

Tuberculosis Fund To Benefit Considerably

GOVERNOR MAHARAJ SINGH TO TURN PITCHER

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Baseball, the favourite sport of Americans will be the highlight of a week-end of sport organised by the American Club in Bombay and its counter part in Calcutta. Golf and Tennis will also be included in the programme. But the main factor of the baseball match between a Calcutta team and a well chosen Bombay side is that the entire proceeds will be donated to an Indian charity—the Indian Tuberculosis fund. The amount derived from this game will be donated to the 8 sanatoriums of Tuberculosis existing in India.

Bombay's Hockey authorities have kindly lent the Cooperage ground and the game is to be played on Sunday, November 27.

In order to make it within the means of everyone an all round charge of Re. 1/- will be levied and there will be no reservations. Tickets can be had from the U.S.I.S., the American Womens Club, and at the gate.

Bombay's sporting Governor, Raja Maharaj Singh will pitch the first ball and start the proceedings in typical American style where on the opening of the baseball season the President of the United States pitches the first ball.

A noteworthy factor will be that every person including the players and the umpire will have to pay his way into the ground so that the Tuberculosis fund benefits to the maximum. The travelling expenses of the Calcutta team and their incidental expenses in the city will be born by the Calcutta side. They will arrive in the city in a specially chartered plane on the 25th and be back in Calcutta on the 28th.

Frank Callnis of the "Sporting Times" will umpire the game and the game is to be lent a typical American atmosphere if all goes well with the final arrangements especially in regard to the restrictions concerning food.

The golf programme which is to be held at the Willingdon Club will be played in four foursomes extending to 18 holes in each two sessions morning and evening. Tennis will be played at the same evenue, but whether two singles and one double match will be played or thereabout depends upon the players the visiting side brings down.

50 Kilometers Walking Race On November 27.

BOMBAY, Nov. 15, (PTI): A 50 kilometres walking race will be held on Sunday, November 27, at 6-30 a.m under the auspices of The Bombay Provincial Olympic Association.

Entries for the race close on Wednesday, November 23, and the entry fee will be Rupee one per competitor.

M.C.C. Wants W. Indies Tests To Be Of Four Days

LONDON, Nov. 15, (PTI-Reuter): The Marylebone Cricket Club Advisory Committee decided at a meeting at Lords today to ask the West Indies to agree to the four test matches next season each being five days instead of three.

The committee today accepted a recommendation by the Board of Control that a decision made in March this year allotting three days only to test matches against West Indies in 1950 be rescinded.

The Board recommended that "the hope should be expressed to the West Indies that they would accept five days without prejudice to the future, either in regard to the duration or number of test matches to be played in any tour".

Quicksand's Second Win In A Fortnight

The five-year old English horse Quicksand (Purtusingh up) is seen being led in by his owner J. F. G. Stevenson (right) and trainer H. McQuade after winning the H. C. Clifton Plate, the chief event on Saturday. This is Quicksand's second success in the only two race meetings held in Bombay.

SATURDAY'S HANDICAPS

THE AGA SHAMSHUDDIN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Velino 9-4, New Moon 9-1, Raghaa 9-1, Liberty Belle 9-0, Fair Heaven 8-12 Pixie Party 8-12, My Pet 8-12, Masked Player 8-12, Snehprabha 8-8, Pankaj 8-3, Khundil 8-3, Gipsy Moon 8-2, Red Bird 8-0, Flying Dragon 8-0, Illicit 7-5.

THE LUCKNOW PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile.

La Jawab 9-3, Viveca 9-1, Man-I-Nau 8-9, D. Day 8-9, Tamasha 8-8, Gang Bhup 8-8, Rukhsana 8-6, Valiant Prince 8-6 Shah Nawaz 8-5, Chhatrapati 8-2, Sir Galahad 8-2, Wet Bob 8-2, Triple Alliance 8-1, Nizamuddin 7-13, Phone Again 7-12.

THE LUCKNOW PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1 mile.

Pavan 9-2, Musafir 9-2, Blue Lotus 9-1, Saita 8-13, Mardan 8-11, Dark Roy 8-10, Lady Cleopatra 8-9, King's Star 8-7, Afiatoon 8-7, Trunk Call 8-5, Battling Admiral 8-4, Hikmet 8-4, Just Wait 8-4, Ganga Singh 8-0.

To be ridden by Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE UJJAIN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Kennereth 9-2, Courage 8-13, Manzoor 8-9, Repartee 8-9, Yearling 8-8, Baaz Bahadur 8-8, Manisha 8-7, Chand Chakor 8-3, Independence 8-3, Queen of Gwalior 8-1, Find Out 8-1, Sohni 7-13, Paramount Power 7-11.

THE DELHI PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

King's Cup 9-4, Pessimist 9-4, Tantalum 9-1, Princess of Hindustan 9-1, Ijjat 9-1, Carpala 8-13, Navrose 8-13, Battle Song 8-13, Luminary 8-12, Sunlight 8-12, Abdel 8-11, Belle Amie 8-8, Portol 8-8, Torrent 8-8, Gipsy Bill 8-6, Ginger Lady 8-6, Princess Pakistan 8-6, True Love 8-4, Lizalee 8-4, No No Nanette 8-4, Progress 8-4, Lalaji 8-3, Blue Arrow 8-1, Crepe de Chine 7-10. Army and Navy 7-7, Princess Marnock 7-6, Mayfair Lady 7-3.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile.

Koko Boy 9-0, Solo Banco 9-0, Desert Knight 9-0, Lerins 9-0, Pelion 9-0, Par Excellence 9-0, Lira Malt 9-0, Rajaji 9-0, Treasure Toy 9-0, My Will 9-0, Pick Pocket 9-0, Reshone 9-0, Pyare Saheb 9-0, Willow Stream 8-11, Miss Pierrot 8-11, Chrissie Darling 8-11, Cherry Blossom 8-11

THE CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE Division II Distance 1 mile.

Won Thousand 9-0 Dry Day 9-0, Parker Prince 9-0, Black Abbot 9-0, Dominate 9-0, Chandrajeet 9-0, Amarnath 9-0, Lake Success 9-0, Mack 9-0, The Conqueror 9-0, Star of Iran 9-0, Florida 8-11, Chanchal 8-11, Padhuma 8-11, Queen of Hearts 8-11, V Day 8-11, Kantaka 8-11, Afrin 8-11.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE JUVENILE PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Perseus 8-7, Pahili Mulakat 8-7, Glory of India 8-7, Black Magic 8-7, Golden Orb 8-7 Greek Star 8-7 Vikram 8-7, Pop 8-7, Bessemer 8-7, Aawaz 8-7, Jasdan Star 8-7, Paper Money 8-7, Steno 8-7, Sunny Island 8-7, Kiyababa 8-7, Never Again 8-7, Aapke Sevame 8-7, Chandroos 8-7 Happy King 8-7, Arrak 8-7, Wedding Day 8-7

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

Youngsters Get Chances In Zonal Match At Calcutta

BOARD SELECTS NORTH AND SOUTH ZONE TEAMS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15. (PTI).

The selection committee of the Cricket Board of Control announced the teams for the Zonal Match between the South and North scheduled to begin at Calcutta on November 25. The Board has requested the players to intimate their acceptance to the committee.

The North Zone team will be selected from the following:

Mushtaq Ali (Captain), Nivsarkar (Holkar), S. Khanna (Bengal), S. Bannerji, Jr. (Bengal), N. Choudhary (Bengal), H. Gaekwad (Holkar), Omprakash (U.P.), Prithviraj (Southern Punjab), P. Roy (Bengal), G. M. Kunzru (Holkar), Gadkhiri (Services), B. Frank (Bengal). N. Chatterji (Bengal), P. B. Datta (Bengal).

Reserves: M. P. Shunghloo (Holkar), S. Sarcar and D. K. Ghose.

The South Zone team will be selected from the following:

M. R. Rege (Captain) (Maharashtra), P. G. Joshi (Maharashtra), H. Udpikar (Bombay), B. C. Alwa (Madras), N. Kannayiram (Madras, G. S. Ramchand (Bombay), Nyalchand (Kathiawar), B. B. Nimbalkar (Maharashtra3, D. P. Medh (Gujerat), Ghulam Ahmed (Hyderabad), Gul Mahomed (Baroda) K. P. Kesari (C. P.), S. D. Dhanwade (Maharashtra), and Vishwanath (Mysore).

Reserves: Adisesh (Mysore) and S. D. Deodhar (Maharashtra).

The Bombay Chronicle

ELIMINATING WASTE

In the two utterances by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel on the economic situation, there is considerable room for satisfaction for the business community. He has reiterated Dr. Matthai's assurance to have the burden of direct taxation reduced. He has called upon Labour to concentrate on increased production. And, generally, he has asked for austerity all round. The lead has been welcomed on all hands and, if the required response is forthcoming, then there should be considerable improvement in industrial life. So far as industry is concerned, the business community might respond to the appeal welcoming the relief it promises from the previous strains and stresses. On the other hand, it is likely that the promised concession might be interpreted as an indirect admission, very practical, of Government's dependence on business interests and this might serve only to complicate matters more. It is also a point which cannot be readily ignored, that the industrialists who did respond before the Government assumed a mood of conciliation, are at a disadvantage compared to those who might now respond to the appeal. Business above all requires consistency of policy and stable conditions. Whilst the Government may be certain that stability has been found in the present attitude business interests might not be equally convinced. From the other point of view, Labour which has been asked to put forth greater effort and work harder, is faced with an equally compelling directive to spend less. Nor should it be forgotten that a reduction in direct taxation, as promised now, might lead to an increase in indirect taxes which fall heavily on the consuming public. Normally, there is very little eagerness for putting in more work and men's natural disinclination to work is further intensified when the rewards are small. It has been frequently asserted that workers today are little interested in earning an extra rupee. It would be surprising if a contributory cause were not the restrictions on buying and the limited purchasable goods which result in a system of rationing and controls. Much more will have to be done than appeal to the good sense of all sections of the community.

Sardar Patel also referred to the cuts that had been accepted in Government spending. The expenditure falls into two categories: The expenses incurred on nation-building activities, and the cost of the services. Of the former, the Sardar said that the cuts will have to be restored as early as practiceable as otherwise the nation was bound to suffer and progress would be held up. There has been some dissatisfaction in a section of the business world at the Government's drastic curtailment of imports as an unfair burden when there was no cut in Government's imports. To some extent that charge has been countered by the dropping for the time being of many schemes. Sardar Patel has also spoken of the need for giving up plans which look idealistic on paper. This shows that the Government is determined to pursue austerity without endangering the country's progress. As much of Government spending is on nation-building projects, the restoration of these cuts may be expected fairly soon and Sardar Patel has asked the public to facilitate such restoration by economies in their expenditure. In any case, the satisfaction of business protests on this score is not likely to be more than temporary. On the matter of permanent officials, the Deputy Prime Minister was justly happy at the arrangement he had arrived at with the services and declared that there would be further decisions relating to salaries in the Rs. 250 grades. Sardar Patel has expressed sympathy with the middle classes. It would be well if the persons earning below Rs. 500 were left untroubled until at any rate there is an appreciable fall in cost of living. At present, the burden on these wage groups are heavy and it is unfair to enforce cuts or savings in them. As one comes lower down the salary scale, one has to be careful about the temptations which threaten men in positions of responsibility.

The Deputy Prime Minister once again went out of his way to praise the Civil Servants whilst warning the few who might be less public spirited, to remember their responsibilities. There is every reason for a wise administrator to uphold the tools with which he has to implement his policies, and, if Government officials are not defended by Ministers, things would be in a sad plight indeed. But the Sardar's repeated testimonials to the Civil Servants are apt to convey a wrong impression—both to the official world and to the general public. It might easily create difficulties for other Ministers in their dealings with officials for obvious reasons. As for the public, will not these certificates suggest that the Congress Government has come to rely too much on the bureaucracy? It is true that every revolution which carries its leaders into power ends in their accepting the inevitability of a bureaucracy. Lenin himself conceded this. But it must not be forgotten that it was a bureaucracy which accepted the ideals of the revolutionaries. This should be particularly true of the Congress which, as Gandhiji put it, was not concerned with substituting a brown for a white bureaucracy but was set on radical change.

Timely Representation

Anxiety over the future of the British High Commission territories of Bechuanaland, Basutoland and Swaziland is natural because of a recent declaration by Dr. Malan that he would demand the incorporation of those British Protectorates into the Union of South Africa. No one, whatever his country or race, can fail to be concerned about the dangers to the natives of the territories if he has any sense of human decency. It is not surprising, therefore, that a deputation of Britons representing the Anti-Slavery and Aborigines Protection Society the Fabian Colonial Bureau and the Friends (Quakers) Committee on Slavery and the Protection of Native Races, should have waited on the Under-Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations to discuss the question. That the natives of the Protectorates would, in the event of being handed over to Dr. Malan and South African Whites, be condemned to a perpetual state of virtual slavery is a truth that no member of the British Government can honestly deny. Here was a case, in which what was morally called for was an immediate declaration that no request for incorporation of Bechuanaland, Basutoland and Swaziland into South Africa could ever be entertained. Unfortunately that is ruled out by the so-called requirements of Anglo-South African relationship.

The British Government have, therefore, decided upon a compromise between rejection and acceptance of Dr. Malan's acquisitory plans. The unofficial report says that the Under-Secretary, Mr. Patrick Gordon Walker, assured the deputation, which, incidentally, was led by a Labour M.P. and a former Under-Secretary of State for the Dominions, that both African and European populations of the three High Commission territories would be consulted before the British Government decides on any request from the South African Government to transfer the Protectorates to the Union. On the face of it, this assurance looks eminently democratic. But when the grim fact is considered that the natives have been forced to remain illiterate and otherwise to live a dark sub-human life, the important question arises as to how they will be "consulted" and who will "consult" them. For, if the machinery for consultation and its personnel are interested in damning the future of these ignorant and unfortunate natives, nothing would be easier than to secure their consent to a destiny which would be that of permanent, perpetual slavery. And what did Mr. Walker mean by "European" population? The assurance reportedly given by the British Government is superficially satisfactory. But the natives have by no means escaped the terrible danger of being acquired by Dr Malan. And the situation will continue to need constant and careful vigilance by friends of African natives, who are interested in human decency.

Thought For The Day

Don't pay for the success, but for the power to create it. Persistence is better but repentence is folly.

—ANON.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

AHMEDABAD: Mr. Gulam Haider Momin (M.L.A. Bombay) President of the progressive group, a non-communal organisation which has been formed in Ahmedabad after the dissolution of the Muslim League, has sent a telegram congratulating Prime Minister Pandit Nehru on his 61st birthday. ..

—PTI.

* * *

Speaking to Bombay newsmen of his tour, the Prime Minister said he had made it clear that India did not want to remain in isolation and could not do so, but at the same time, she did not want to take sides with any Power block.

On behalf of the critics of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru we loudly proclaim that this statement of his logically proves that he has placed India in the pockets of America and Britain.

* * *

One of the messages received by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru reads: "On the occasion of your birthday, I request you, Mr. Prime Minister, to accept my greetings and very best wishes—Stalin".

Indian Comrades must decline to allow their attention to be drawn to the above.

* * *

Broadcasting on the Indian economic situation, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel urged that "in such an inexorable and unrelenting struggle for existence, mercenary motives must not be allowed to rule to the exclusion of patriotic duty."

We wholeheartedly agree and prayerfully say "Amen!"

* * *

At a press conference in Jubbalpore, Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, the RSS chief, emphatically repudiated his Sangh's connection with the Hindu Mahasabha.

It is a wise brother that, on occasions, doesn't recognise his own brother.

But, of course, Mr. Ashtosh Lahiri will have to be explained—confidentially—the basic strategy and so on and so forth.

* * *

Mr. Golwalkar, the report says further, evaded questions on the Sangh's stand vis-a-vis politics but said it would stand by the Government against outside aggression.

As to (a), we quite understand, but as to (b), what's the joke?

* * *

In a statement at Singapore, Dr. Mohammed Hatta, the Indonesian Prime Minister, said that Communism would not be a threat to the new United States of Indonesia "if we can improve conditions for our people."

Is Dr. Hatta sure the Communist Party of Indonesia will not be-er-as ideologically awake as the Communist Party of India?

* * *

At a press conference in Berlin of German and Allied newsmen, Mr. Dean Acheson, the U. S. Secretary of State, summarised the problems of the world as resulting from two factors: First, those created by the Soviet Union and, secondly, those of an economic nature.

How about putting it this way. Those created by Communism and those created by capitalism?

CONFLICTING IDEOLOGIES

By K. G. Mashruwala
IN HARIJAN

The Working Committee's ruling that R.S.S. members can join the Congress organization may be quite in order constitutionally. It appears from press reports that the ruling was given on a reference by the Bihar P.C.C. I do not know what led that body to make the reference. Shri Golwalkar, according to press report again, denies having approached the Congress with any such proposal. So, in the absence of any explanation, it would appear as if a section in the Congress itself has desired that members of the R.S.S. should join the Congress organisation.

It is a strange turn of events, though not surprising. The public held and still hold the R.S.S. as a body whose ideology is the same as that of the Hindu Mahasabha. The essential features of that ideology, as understood by the public and to put them in the fairest manner, are

(a) strong assertion of Hindu orthodoxy,

(b) the establishment of a State in which the traditional Hindu outlook of life should predominate as of right,

(c) non-acceptance (not to say rejection) of the doctrine of non-violence as preached by Gandhiji, and (d) dislike (not to say hatred) for Islam.

GANDHIJI'S IMPRESSION

So far as I am aware, the R.S.S. has not said that this public belief about its objects is incorrect. It can be said to the credit of Shri Golwalkar and the R.S.S. that on ideological essentials they have always maintained a consistent position, and whatever other secret methods the R.S.S. men might have been suspected of employing or of having liberty to employ, they have not concealed or changed their beliefs. On all these four points, Gandhiji and all those who accepted his lead, whether political, or cultural and social, held, if not quite opposite, at least very modified and heterodox views. Gandhiji was a reformer Hindu, if not much more than that. For this, he was always denounced by Sanatani Hindus. He could never think in terms of Hindu 'Raj' and he regarded truth and non-violence as a creed and essence of Hinduism. And, with regard to his attitude towards other religions, if he could have harboured just a little less fellow-feeling for a follower of at least Islam, if not of other religions also, he need not have met a violent death. But he stood for a different ideology and it was generally assumed hat even if there were individual Congressmen who did not share his views, the Congress as an organization stood his views, the Congress as an organization stood by him in this ideology. Gandhiji at least believed so until perhaps a few months before his death.

And so Gandhiji died for his incapacity of regarding other religions as less worthy of reverence than Hinduism and that in India at least it should have the place of honour.

At the time the Government itself suspected that the R.S.S. had a hand in Hindu-Muslim killings and in the assassination of Gandhiji, and had violent designs against the State itself. That was the reason for banning that body and detaining its leaders and workers in prison for a year or more. The suspicion was fully supported by public opinion, and indeed wild public demonstrations against the R.S.S. members in several parts of the country preceded Government action itself, at the time of Gandhiji's martyrdom.

After a year or so, the ban was lifted and the Chief and other detenus were released. The Chief, the only authorised spokesman of the R.S.S. declared that he and his organisation stood for the same ideals, aims and objects as before the ban, the only points conceded by him being the framing of a constitution in a form which the Government could not regard as objectionable, and respecting the country's flag along with its own.

Indefinite detention of persons without any offence proved against them is never desirable, whatever be the Government which does it. And so, release of the detenus was just and proper, if the Government could not prosecute them for any definite offence. Though released, the Prime Minister only a few days ago did not seem to be unsuspicious about that body and said that the Government would watch them. The public, of course, is, frankly, very suspicious about them and makes no distinction between them and the Hindu Mahasabha. If public opinion is based on groundless prejudice, it is for the R.S.S. to remove that prejudice by suitable declarations and acts. These are not forthcoming.

SWERVE TOWARDS SABHA

Under these circumstances the Working Committee's resolution assumes great significance. It means that either the Congress has no particular ideology of its own and is indifferent about what ideology its members accept and work for; or that so far as cultural ideology is concerned, it accepts that of the R.S.S.

If it is the former, I apprehend that the Congress might find itself faced with further dissensions in it, leading to further schisms or group formations. For, in the stage through which India is passing at present, every cultural ideology carries with it a definite political, social and economic outlook and programme as also methods of work.

I said that the turn of events was strange but not surprising. According to my own feelings the reason is that even before the 'Quit India' Movement, if not earlier, the Congress began its swerve towards the Hindu Mahasabha ideology, and has been definitely going towards it ever since.

It is hinted that the R.S.S. is an active, militarist, disciplined army of young men with a fervour and burning pride [illegible] Hinduism; that it is capable [illegible] a fight to the Communists [illegible] ocialists?); and that the acc[illegible] f its co-operation will

(C[illegible] ed on page 11)

Great Man Of Maharashtra

By M. Harris

SENAPATI BAPAT, is a household name in Maharashtra and one of the few names which this province will ever remember. It is also a name to conjure with as it has inspired many a Maharashtrian youth to dedicate his life to national service. Born on 12th of November, 1880 at Sangameshwar, this man of action entered the seventieth year of his eventful life last week and the occasion was celebrated in many places in the province, in a quiet and unostentatious manner which was quite in keeping with the personality and the teachings of the man his friends and admirers wanted to honour.

For the last fifty years Senapati Bapat has occupied a place in the public life of his province. By his ceaseless and unostentatious work in various fields of activity, he has endeared himself to the thousands of

men and women who have come in contact with him and quietly but steadily he has impressed upon them the need of persistent activity preferably expressed in the shape of practical work.

A REVOLUTIONARY

His early life has been full of daring exploits and naturally acted as a source of inspiration to young men fired with the zeal to serve their country which was in bondage. Belonging to that generation of Maharashtrians who had the benefit of Western education, Bapat who was a student at the Deccan College in Poona in the early years of the present century came under the influence of a good soul called Khare Guruji, who administered to him at that early and impressionable age the oath of service to work for the freedom of his motherland. The nature of that service could be imagined from the fact that the young descible had to place his hand on a sword while taking the oath, the sword having been produced by the Guru. No wonder Bapat became a revolutionary in time to come. It is that early vow to which he has held fast throughout his life and as he himself puts it, it is that vow that has kept him steadfastly on the path once selected.

TRIP ABROAD

Passing out of College he secured a schoarship from the Bombay University and proceeded to Europe for further studies. Hardly had he spent a year in England when he came to a clash with the University for having said publicly a few things about the nature of British rule in this country, which was not to the liking of the authorities. A querry as to why he did so brought forth a spirited reply from Bapat that for the sake of a scholarship he had not bartered away his freedom to think or to speak and write as he liked and if the authorities who should have no concern with his behaviour outside the studies did not approve of it they better kept the scholarship to themselves. The result was naturally the stoppage of the stipend and an end of further studies in a foreign land. Free from the care of pursuing studies Bapat busied himself with establishing contacts with Indian patriots on the continent, formed a group of young men who dedicated their lives to liberate India from foreign rule, visited France and Germany and came in contact with Russians among whom was also a girl who taught him the technique of making Bombs of various types. Equipped with its useful knowledge he returned to India.

UNDERGROUND LIFE

On his return he got in touch with a Bengali group of revolutionaries working in their province. He was followed by the C.I.D. and was betrayed by a comrade but thanks to the unexpected but timely intervention of the then Principal of the Deccan College he was saved from the clutches of the police. What happened was the police coming to know that Bapat was staying at the Hostel with a friend went there to apprehend him. The English Principal of the College who evidently treated the premises of the college as his own castle insisted that if the arrest was to take place it should be in his presence. This gave Bapat time to make himself scarce and with it began the long period of years of underground life of this remarkable man.

During this period his exploits knew no bounds and to mention only a few, a year on the Ghats at Benares as a hermit, another year in South India passed in service as a cook and the appearing at this brilliant graduate of the Bombay University for the Matriculation examination of the Allahabad University under an adopted name from Indore and heading the list of

(Continued on page 11)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Storm-Stricken Andhra

The Andhra had in the last week of October experienced a cyclone, which was unprecedented in its history. It had 20 inches of rain within 24 hours with a lashing gale of a velocity of 80 to 100 miles per hour on 27th, 28th and 29th October.

The entire Coromandal Coast starting from Machilipatnam right upto Visakhapatnam was seriously affected by the rush of tidal waters into the land.

The devastation wrought by this Nature's wrath was immense and beyond the powers of human estimation. The loss to cattle which form the wealth of the Agriculturists, was incalculable. Crops about to be harvested were swept away by the pluvial effects. A number of thatched houses was levelled to the ground. The cyclone had taken a heavy toll of human lives. In Krishna Dt., alone, the victims numbered more than 500. Livestock was freely floating on waters. All the tanks, streams and brooks had breached. The Madras-Calcutta permanent wayline was completely damaged and through running was suspended from 27th October to 7th November. Telephonic and telegraphic communications had also failed during the same period. The water and electric supply installations in all the towns in the storm-tossed districts had been totally upset. It was described in the Telugu dailies that there was not even an inch of dry space in certain coastal villages to burn the corpses, which were left floating on waters. The stink, emanating from the putrefying carcasses thrown at random by the furious waters was causing epidemics in certain places. At a time when the country was reverberating with the cries of "Grow More Food", the irreparable damage to crops in the circars should be deemed as a colossal national loss. The Andhra with its usually four surplus districts of Kistna, Guntur, East Godavari and West Godavari, which together form the granary of the south is now metamorphosed into a barren desert due to nature's fury.

Only three months back, the Andhra had witnesed huge floods which caused a great havoc and mighty loss. When it was endeavouring to regain from this ordeal, a fiercer blow fell on it with redoubled vehemence.

The Madras Government had promptly come to the rescue of the people but the amounts sanctioned were not sufficient, when compared to the magnitude of the loss that took place. Many private philanthropic organisations all over the country should pour forth their bounteous and voluntary contributions to relieve the distress of the aggrieved. The relief fund, started by the benevolent Madras Governor with a sum of Rs. 5,000 should be increased by rapid strides. Contributions can be sent to the Imperial Bank of India, Madras, marked "For Andhra Cyclone Relief".

—K. VENKATESWARA RAO

Fact Finding Commission

Just as there is a Fact Finding Commission in England and before any Government's measure is adopted, the considered opinion of the Fact Finding Commission is taken into account, if our Government too before resisting any measure for social uplift they should find out the pros and cons regarding that measure

In England it is customary that before enacting any law, launching a campaign, project or scheme, Government will study the pros and cons, advantage and disadvantage arising therefrom, the statement submitted by the Fact Finding Commission who will consist of minimum five persons eminent and well versed in the line in which Government desire to bring an amendment in law or law in relation with taxation and industries. The statement submitted by the said commission will consist of Revenue and general progress of the country. On receiving the statement submitted by the Commission the house will sit for discussion and arrive at a final decision after studying the full implications and consequences emanating thereon.

In India, too, if there would have been a commission similar to the status stated above, the economy drive being launched recently would not have arisen. Laws relating to social uplifts should be carried on slow process. As a result of the prohibition policy of the Government, the sugar industry that used to utilise their molasses for manufacturing rum cannot expect any profit from that process and Government have also to forego revenue arising therefrom. This will apply to the manufacture from distillery, too, with the result the price of sugar is shooting up. If all the formulae that are being adopted by the Gandhian principles would have moved on a slow process and on the strength of the statement of the Fact Finding Commission there is no reason why we should take alarm and ponder over the issue that deserve to proceed on slow process. Will this receive attention of the Governments concerned?

—M. R. RANGANATHAN

Samyukta-Rashtra

It is painful to find that nowadays politicians exhibit neo-provincialist tendencies and cast the Samyukta-Rashtra (Bharat Rashtra) issue in the background. The only solution to these narrow tendencies is to divide India into geographical units with one national language. This alone will lead us towards a stronger India. Thus, we should have centrally governed units for the purpose of administration only and this will root out the seed of provincial politics and narrow-mindedness. The leading cities like Bombay, Madras, Calcutta, Delhi, etc., will thus be separate units. Formation of such administrative units will mean a great national saving by stopping the heavy drain of provincial expenditure. As such all provincial governorship should be abolished.

—Dr. B. D. SATREYE.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Yugoslavia And Greece

It is interesting to note that the Cominform's dispute with Yugoslavia lost for Russia a chance to dominate Greece. Guerilla war spread throughout war-worn Greece in 1947. It was a challenge of Russian imperialism to the west. The Greek Government was harassed by Rebels who could always escape across the frontier and return re-equipped to strike again. They found ample help in surrounding countries like Yugoslavia, Albania and Bulgaria. Then came the dispute between Marshal Tito and Russia. Greek Communists sided with the Cominform against Tito. Yugoslavia closed the frontier and interned all combatants, who crossed the frontier. The Greek Government was able to drive many of the guerillas into Albania and the situation is so much in control now that Britain has decided to withdraw her troops from Greece. In the near future, Yugoslavia and Greece are likely to be drawn closer together to present a common front to Russia. There is a talk of reopening lines of communication between the two countries and exchange goods. Moscow must be feeling peeved as the new situation has provided a wedge for democracy in Soviet-controlled eastern Europe. Much will depend on the attitude of the West to Marshal Tito and his Communist Republic. If the West admits the right of Yugoslavia to run its Government according to the wishes of her people, the West will not only score over Russia it will gain tremendously in prestige.

Pampering Pakistan

"India tends to get all the limelight" said Field Marshal Wavell, in Ottawa yesterday, urging the western world to "pay more attention to Pakistan." He added that Pakistan was handling herself remarkably well and it should be remembered that Pakistan would have tremendous strategic importance in the event of another world conflict. The latter consideration had coloured the judgment of many British and American journalists so much that they have been even twisting facts to pamper Pakistan. The coverage of Kashmir and Hyderabad disputes in the British and the American press came as a painful surprise to many Indians. All of us thought and still think that justice is on our side and that India has had a clean record in both these cases. Also the U.N. Commission's reluctance to go straight to the core of the dispute and its endeavour to coax India into a compromise may have the same psychology behind it. From the numerous interpellations by Conservative M.P's. in the British Parliament, one can guess in what direction the mischief is aimed at. It appears to be a deliberate attempt to drive a wedge between India and Pakistan. India's determination not to throw her lot with the West seems to have made them double their efforts to win Pakistan at least to their side. No one will object to their approaching Pakistan but what is undesirable is deliberate misrepresentation of India's postion. Such propaganda will put a heavy strain on India's goodwill towards the west and may push both Pakistan and its foreign champions into positions which they may regret later.

French Settlements

The French fortnightly "Liberation" of Pondicherry reveals in an article how high French officials have taken unfair advantage of the conciliatory attitude so far adopted by the Government of India. The article states that after surrendering the loges in 1947, without referendum and without fulfilling any requirement of the French Constitution, France began to quibble over the parting of her settlements to India. It invoked the constitution and declared that she was obliged to consult the people. The Indian Government was sympathetic and that was its first mistake. It thought that it was a mere formality. Later France declared that referendum was a purely internal affair in which only France and the people of French India were concerned. Not suspecting any foul play, the Indian Government agreed to this. This was its second mistake. Once this was admitted, French politicians began to play ducks and drakes. A pro-French movement was sponsored under the lead of a French official. The Municipal Delegation sent to Paris to discuss the future was snubbed. But later when the delegation met the French Colonial Minister at Calcutta, there was a complete change in his manners. He promised to give complete autonomy to French India. The manoeuvre was continued and political leaders who had met at Pondicherry for the Municipal Congress were contacted. They were assured that legislation on autonomy will be voted very shortly and the French India question can be arranged—without a referendum. At this stage the Indian Government realised its mistake and understood what France meant by "a domestic affair". Delhi has decided to ask that the referendum be held with the collaboration of the Indian Union on a perfectly equal footing with France and, if France refuses to it, not to recognise the referendum. The journal says that this is an opportunity for the Indian Government to retrieve the situation and either insist on referendum, under the supervision of French and Indian joint police, under the command of a High Officer of a neutral country, to ensure order and safety in the territory during the whole electoral period. Failing this India should demand the pure and simple cession of French Settlements under the same condition as the loges

A.I.C.C. To Be Moved?

The "Statesman's" special correspondent in Simla reports that Mr. Mohan Singh Sawhney has intimated to the Congress President his intention to call a special session of the A.I.C.C. to consider the admission of the R. S. S. members into the Congress, if the Working Committee fails to reverse its permission. Mr. Sawhney has more than 40 signatures to a requisition and he rightly asks how the R.S.S. which was not very long before denounced by Pandit Jawaharlal, could have suddenly become acceptable to Congressmen. We would be surprised if the Working Committee is not called upon to do a lot of explaining to Pandit Jawaharlal. The point is also made that the A.I.C.C. has already a decision taken at its meeting earlier in New Delhi which the Working Committee permission seeks to reverse, and that it has no authority to express a reversal of decision without referring the matter to the A.I.C.C. again. Now that the question has again been raised, we are confident that the good sense of Congressmen will assert itself and correct an anomaly that should never have been permitted. In fact, the mistake will be corrected by the Working Committee itself, unless powerful forces try to block a reconsideration. The requisitionists have done well to keep themselves in readiness for any contingency.

FIGHTING FLARES UP IN INDO-CHINA

Chinese Reds Join Hands With Vietminh Men

MONCAY, CHINA, (Vietnam Frontier) Nov. 15, (PTI-REUTER): VIETMINH Indo-Chinese autonomist insurgents launched an unsuccessful attack yesterday on the village of Traco, a mile from here, where the local mayor had declared his loyalty to Bao Dai Chief of State and Prime Minister of Viet Nam.

Led by an alleged Vietminh secret agent, the insurgents ambushed some French troops manoeuvring near the village, but were driven off. The leader and several of his men were killed and the remainder taken prisoner with their arms. The French lost some killed.

Local authorities said the situation on the frontier was very complex. Most of the population were of Chinese origin.

ATTACKS FEARED

Military quarters here feared concerted attacks on French outposts by Vietminh supported by Chinese Communists. They believed the presence of Chinese in attacking groups would encourage the local population not to resist.

Meanwhile, Moncay was armed to the teeth and calm. Soldiers mustered from the locality, officered by Frenchmen, and with modern equipment were set out in "umbrella handle formation" through the hills. A Foreign Legion garrison was holding Moncay citadel which dominates the town.

On the other side of the river bridge dividing China from Vietnam stood the nationalist stronghold of Tong Hing where 1,500 nationalist troops with American arms were spending their time beating off Communist guerillas.

As the Communist army sweeps down the province of Kwangtung, Tong Hing splashed the nationalist flag over every house to celebrate the annual feast of Sun Yat Sen, founder of the Chinese Republic.

Reports reaching here confirming the Communist advance towards the frontier, said there was severe fighting in the Kwangchowwan Peninsula, across the gulf of Tong King.

Nationalist resistance was reported weak in that region.

GROUNDNUT EXPORT LICENSE

Individual Quotas Stopped

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15 (PTI): The system of licensing the exports of grcundnut, linseed and their oils, has been reviewed in the light of the views expressed by the Expert Promotion Committee and the Indian Oilseeds Committee as well as the experience of licensing in 1949, and it has been decided that grant of individual quotas to established shippers should be discontinued, states the Deputy Chief Ccntroller of Imports and Exports, issued here today.

In future, licences will be issued only at the time of shipment on first-come-first served principle and subject to such overall ceilings as may be fixed from time to time in the interest of internal prices and suppliers. It is essential for the success, the press note continues, that all sales should be promptly reported to the export control authorities so that when total sales are about to equal the overall quota fixed, the trade may get a timely warning not to enter into further commitments which may be shut out on account of the quotas limitation.

A number of instructions have, therefore, been issued for the guidance of the trade.

Stop Press

NO BAN

BRISBANE, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter)—Communism in Australia would never be baned by the Labour Government since the only way to fight it was to keep it in the open where it could be seen, Prime Minister Joseph Chifley said here tonight.

LEADERS MEET

HYDERABAD (Dec.) Nov. 15 (PTI)—Mr. B. Ramakrishna Rao, representing the "dissident" group of State Congressmen, met this evening Swami Ramanand Tirth, President of the Hyderabad State Congress and leader of the other group, in an effort to compose differences between the two groups and report settlement to Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the State Ministry, Government of India, it is learnt.

8 NOMINATIONS

HYDERABAD (Dn). Nov. 15 (PTI)—Eight nominations have so far been received by the Central Hyderabad State Congress office here for the Presidentship of the State Congress, election for which has been fixed for November 30, it is learnt.

BULB HURLED

VELLORE, Nov. 15 (PTI)—A bulb filled with Nitric Acid was hurled at Mr. Ramamurthi, Deputy Superintendent, Central Jail, Vellore, today when he was standing on the roadside for a bus. The jail official sustained slight injuries on his left cheek.

After throwing the acid bulb, the assailant took to his heels and escaped.

RUSSIA CHARGED

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter)—Yugoslavia today accused Russia of waging an aggressive campaign against Marshal Tito's Government while at the same time talking peace.

Lessen Shipping Freight Rates

COLLIERY OWNERS' MEMORANDUM

JHARIA, Nov. 15 (PTI): The Indian Colliery Owners Association, Jharia in a memorandum submitted to the Shipping Rate Advisory Board of Steamer Freight Rates on carriage of coal to coastal ports says that the big coastal freight will mean the loss of the Pakistan market which "for known reasons has no inclination to favour Indian trade." The loss in coal trade will be to the extent of about a million ton of coal now shipped to the Pakistan ports. The repercussion in India's overseas coal trade will also be no less negligible.

The memorandum points out that the shipping firms have increased their freight rates by five times pre-war rates while the railways have recorded an increase of about 60 per cent only.

The memorandum says "the difference between steamer rates and the railway rates is not only pronounced but actually the position has been reversed."

"The shipping companies have taken advantage of the railway transport shortage position and increased their freight rates unduly high."

The memorandum says that the Shipping Rates Advisory Board should address themselves to a thorough examination of all relevant factors with a view to secure minimisation in the coastal shipping rate for transport of coal. It has also impressed the desirability of securing cheaper transport of domestic coal so that such coal may prove popular among consumers living in places far removed from the coalfields.

India Demands Report On Trust Areas

FLUSHING MEADOW, Nov. 15. (PTI-Reuter):— India today declared that any refusal by administering powers to give details of how they were promoting self-Government or independence in trust territories would give rise to "misgivings' about their real attitude.

Speaking during a United Nations General Assembly debate, the Reverend J. D'Souza, India, proposed that the administering powers submit their plans within one year.

If they refused, he said, their action would "certainly give rise to misgivings and give a wrong impression of their real attitude, which we believe is inspired by a genuine liberalism".

The physical and moral health of the people of trust territories was more important than beneficient inventions.

"The drudgery of merely mechanical work should be diminished for all, and everywhere a decent standard of life and a reasonable degree of material well-being should be established declared Mr. D'Souza.

Properties Acquired By Princes

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (PTI): Properties acquired by princes in Chief Commissioners' Provinces will no longer be state properties, it is learnt.

The rules relating to acquisition by ruling princes and chiefs of residential and non-residential property in the Chief Commissioner's Provinces have been relaxed and modified in consultation with the Ministries of States and Works, Mines and Power.

Formerly properties acquired by Princes were considered as belonging to their States, and not as their personal property.

THE TOLL OF THE CIVIL WAR

Officers and men of the Burma Army who became disabled as a result of amputation of their limbs are being fitted with artificial limbs and rehabilitated in the Military Hospital at Poona. The Artificial Limb Centre of the Government of India, which is functioning there, takes on a quota of disabled personnel every year in compliance with the request of the Government of Burma. Photo shows a new batch of nine Burma Army personnel who are to receive treatment at the Poona Military Hospital. The party, accompanied by three medical attendants, left Rangoon recently. P.I.B.

News BRIEFS

NEW DELHI: Mr. B. W. Adams of the Textile Division of the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers in Japan who has arrived in Delhi, called on Mr. K. K. Chettur, Joint Secretary to the Ministry of Commerce.

Mr. Adams is understood to have discussed with Mr. Chettur matters relating to the purchase of Indian cotton for Japanese textile mills, visit of Japanese technicians to India and setting up by scap of commercial re-presenetation in India.

JAIPUR: Sir C. V. Raman will address the second convocation of Rajputana university here on November 18.

In the course of his one week stay here Sir C. V. Raman will visit "Banasthali Vidyapith" girls educational institution 40 miles from here on November 19.

He will also visit Pilani educational institutions and Ajmer and return to Bangalore on November 25.

NEW DELHI: Mr. D. L. Mazumdar, Member-Secretary of the Fiscal Commission, returned by air from Bombay on Tuesday after attending the last session of the Fiscal Commission held in Bombay.

NEW DELHI: The Indian Standards institution has prepared a draft Indian standard specification for commercial plywood, it is learnt.

AMBALA: Pritam Singh, wanted for dacoities and murders, was killed in an encounter with Pepsu police it was reported here. They closed on him in the village of Kheri Sangrar district. Pritam Singh put up a flight for half an hour with a tommy gun and two army rifles.

NEW DELLHI: The Government of India have sanctioned West Begal Government's scheme for the rehabilitation of 2,500 displaced persons from East Pakistan in the handloom weaving industry, it was learnt.

The scheme envisages assistance through loans to a limited number of displaced persons. The loan will be slightly bigger in the case of power loom weavers in urban areas.

LUCKNOW: Over fifty lakh primary members of the Congress will go to the polls to elect about ten thousand primary panchayats in January next. the panchayats will function as primary Congress units in the province.

SIMLA: East Punjab has so far exported 1,058 tons of rice to areas outside the province out of 1,450 tons the target fixed under the basic plan of movement of foodgrains for 1949-49. says a pressnote.

Export permits for 200 tons more of rice were issued during the fornight ending October 31, 1949.

AHMEDABAD: Mr. Gulam Haider Momin (M.L.A. Bombay) President of the progressive group, a non-communal organisation which has been formed in Ahmedabad after the dissolution of the Muslim League, has sent a telegram congratulating Prime Minister Pandit Nehru on his 61st birday.

AMBALA: Sri Manak Devi, spiritual head of the Jain community of East Punjab died on Tuesday after a protracted illness. She was 80.

KARACHI: The Pakistan State Bank has told the Civil and Military Gazette, published at Lahore that its sale to the American Clartex Corporation will be considered null and void, it was here.

DACCA: The District Magistrate of Dacca has ordered an enquiry into the cause of the fire at Chowk Bazar on November 13. The enquiry due to begin shortly, will be conducted by two local magistrates.

MADRAS: Mr. H. Sitarama Reddi, Minister for Revenue, told the Madras Legislative Council (Upper House) which reassembled, Tuesday, after a four-month recess, that the Government of India had not altogether abandoned their well-subsidy scheme.

NEW DELHI: A pamphlet of information about different types of nigher educational institutions in U.S.A. as well as other useful information to students desirous of proceeding to the U.S.A. for advanced studies has been published by he Government of India. The pamphlet entitled "General Information about the U.S.A." gives an idea of the necessary preliminaries required of a student before proceeding on the journey.

LONDON, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter): The Nepalese Ambassador, General Shanker Shameher Jung Bahadur Rana, called on Mr. Ernest Bevin at the Foreign Office at his own request.

CALCUTTA: The Governor of Assam Mr. Sri Prakasha told a gathering of tribesmen at the Baliapara frontier tract Monday, that Government was keen to develop the undeveloped regions and to raise the backward people to the same level as of others in the society.

KANPUR, Nov. 15, (PTI): A gang of dacoits and a police party exchanged fire for about one hour yesterday in Saranpur village, in Kanpur district it was reported. Two dacoits, six policemen and six villagers were reported injured.

The police arrested four dacoits.

DEALINGS IN TIN

London Metal Exchange Quotations

LONDON, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter)—First dealings in tin on the London Metal Exchange this morning, when it reopened for the first time since 1941, were at £715 for immediate delivery and £680 for delivery in three months time.

Since devaluation, the Ministry of Supply had been selling at £750. A fall from this level had been expected. Some had expected a bigger fall than today's reopened market actually showed.

Before devaluation the ministry's price was £569. Thus, so far, the effect of devaluation has been roughly split between the sterling and dolar prices.

MORE FUNDS FOR PRODUCTION DRIVE

French Cabinet Approves 1950 Budget

PARIS, Nov. 15, (PTI-Reuter): The French Council of Ministers today approved the 1950 budget which they will ask the French Parliament to pass.

Extra revenue would be devoted to a production drive, and a campaign against fiscal frauds and speeding up of the repayment of "illicit profits" made by French companies during the war.

Disagreement persists between Radical and Moderate Ministers on the one hand and Socialists on the other about salary increases for civil servants, it was learned in well informed circles.

The total budget figure approved by the Council of Ministers is 2,275 milliards Francs of which 1,535 milliards is for the ordinary budget and 740 milliards for the annexe budget.

Prime Minister meeting prominent citizens of the city before his departure for New Delhi.

New Danube Commission

U. S. NOT TO RECOGNISE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The United States, Britain and France have told Russia and five Eastern European Governments that they do not recognise their new commission to control shipping on the Danube river, the State Department announced today.

The Commission was provided for in a convention of August 18, 1948.

The convention was signed at Belgrade despite objections by Britain, France, the United States and other interested Western European countries.

The signatories were Russia, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, the Ukraine and Yugoslavia.

In notes delivered to the Ambassadors of these countries here, the State Department said the convention sought to deprive Britain, France, Italy, Belgium and Greece, without their consent, of treaty rights established by the International Danube Agreement of 1921.

Similar notes are also being delivered by France and Britain the State Department said.

THEOSOPHICAL CONVENTION

BENARES, Nov. 11— Arrangements are progressing apace for the holding of the 74th International Annual Convention of the Theosophical Society at Benares, the National Headquarters of the Theosophical Society in India, during the ensuing Christmas Week, from December 25 to 31. The arrangements are being directed under the immediate supervision of Shri Damodar Prasad, appointed as Convention Officer, and Shri Rohit Mehta, General Secretary for India.

Mr. C. Jinarajadasa, International President of the Theosophical Society, who has just returned to Adyar, Madras, after a long and successful tour in U.S.A. and earlier in Europe, will preside over the current session of the Convention which is an annual gathering of Theosophists from all over the world.

A special feature of this session will be the presence of a large number of overseas delegates, chiefly from U.S.A. and Europe.

The central theme round which the principal contributions by well-known Theosophical lecturers will be made at this session of the Convention will be "The Theosophical Society and the World Crisis". There will be an Exhibition connected with the Theosophical Order of Service, and of the handicraft and materials manufactured by the pupils of the Besant Theosophical Higher Secondary School, Kamacha, Banaras.

CONSTITUTION OF NEW TRADE UNION INTERNATIONAL

London Meeting To Discuss Draft Proposals

LONDON (By Air)

THE draft constitution of the new free world labour organisation, which has already been published, will be considered at the International Trade Union Conference which opens in London on November 28. It is expected that after adopting the constitution the meeting will become the first session of the new organisation.

The British Trades Union Congress, outlining the aims of the new world labour confederation, declares that the free unions will champion democracy and combat direct and indirect totalitarian aggression. Much attention is given to combating Communism in the less well-developed countries.

Of particular importance is the new body's evident intention to support European economic co-operation and world collective security. Pending the attainment of the latter, it is proposed to support "such regional agreements necessary to the defence of democracy as are compatible with the Charter of the United Nations."

The regional basis for the new organisation is proposed.

THE AIM

The new free world labour organisation will aim to help raise the general well-being by promoting educational and publicity work designed to increase the knowledge and understanding of national and world problems affecting trade unionists.

The programme asserts the following individual rights of unionists: namely the right to social justice, right to work and choose employment, right to security of that employment and of their persons, right to "form and join for the mutual protection of their interests trade unions which shall be free bargaining instruments and derive authority from their members" and the right to constitutional means of changing their Government.

These aims clearly conflict with those of the Communist-dominated remnants of the World Federation of Trade Unions, which the free unions have left.

Eradicating Cholera

TALKS WITH FOREIGN EXPERTS IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (PTI): Measures to combat cholera, one of the worst empidemics which parts of India periodically suffer from, were discussed at a joint meeting here today of the Cholera Advisory Committee of the Indian Research Fund Association and a group of foreign cholera experts now on a tour of the country.

Welcoming the foreign experts, Rajkumar Amrit Kaur said that "India is always willing and anxious to assist in the development of international co-operation in the vital sphere of health on as wide a basis as possible."

She said that in regard to cholera, India, at the request of the Office Internationale Hygiene Publique of Paris, undertook an extended series of studies covering a period of seven or eight years from 1934 onwards.

Apart from discussion on measures necessary for complete eradication of cholera from "endemic" area (areas where the occurrence of the disease is frequent), the Conference will be discussing standard procedure for the daignisis of cholera, results of laboratory studies on the disease and review the work on "cholera toxin" which makes people immune to the disease.

The annual figures of incidence of cholera, according to the Bhore Report, varies from about one and a half lakhs to four and a half lakhs in the Indian sub-continent.

Galvez Wins Fifth Stage Of Mammoth Motor Race

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 14 (P.T.I-Reuter: Juan Galvez (Ford) won the fifth stage of the Gran Premio Republica Motor Race round Argentina today covering the 429 kilometres from San Carlos Bariloche to Zapala in 5 hours 7 minutes 50.4 seconds. This gave him an average speed of 83.6 kilometres an hour.

PAK SURPRISE AT CRIPPS' STATEMENT

Sterling Balance Release

KARACHI, Nov. 15 (UPI)—Mr. Ghulam Mohammad, the Pakistan Finance Minister, said here tonight that the recent declaration in Parliament of the British Chancellor of Exchequer and Prime Minister that sterling balance releases would be slowed down in future had surprised him as he felt it was hardly open to the British Government to make any unilateral announcements or declarations in a matter which concerned many other countries.

He added that there could be no question at this stage of trying to scale down the sterling balances or of regulating the release on purely arbitrary basis.

Joe Louis Wins No-Decision Exhibition Bout

BOSTON, Nov. 15, (PTI-Reuter). Joe Louis, retired undefeated world heavyweight champion, floored Johnny Shkor, of Boston, for three counts of nine during their ten-round no-decis.on exhibition bout here last night.

Louis, weighing sixteen stone 5-3/4 pounds, smothered Shkor, who scaled fifteen stone 10 pounds under scores of blows during the first six rounds but slowed up afterwards. He suffered a slight cut near his left eye in the sixth round.

The bout was fought with ten ounce gloves. It was the first of a series of ten-round no-decision exhibition fights that Louis has arranged.

Many boxing men think that there is a chance that Louis may re-enter the ring officially next summer, if he is satisfied with his form in the forthcoming exhibition tour.

Delhi Cloth Mills Hockey Tournament Starts Today

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (PTI): Thirty-one teams —20 local and 11 outstation will participate in the Delhi Cloth Mills All-India Hockey Tournament beginning here tomorrow, according to the Secretary of the tournament.

The outstation teams include the Punjab Regimental Centre, led by Cap. Dhyan Chand, Government Central Press, Allahabad, the Sikh Regimental Centre, Ambala, and the Lucknow University.

Two matches have been fixed for tomorrow. In the first one the Y.M.C.A. Delhi will meet the Local Indian Signals and in the second D.T.S. Sports Club, New Delhi, meet the Young Brothers, New Delhi.

Search For Stranded Duck-Shooter

CHERBOURG, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter) A local swimming champion climbed on to a beacon in Cherbourg harbour today to rescue Roger Marcel Petit, stranded duck shooting sportsman, but found nothing except a bundle of old clothes.

Picked swimmers from a French naval launh had battled against rough seas to try to attach ropes from the launch to the beacon and surrounding rocks.

Aircraft and other rescue craft, immediately began searching the water for M. Petit, who had been stranded on the beacon for 75 hours, since he was left there by friends on the way to Lelee Island, 800 yards away, on Friday morning.

Earlier, a British lancaster bomber, accompanying a helicopter which left Hampshire to join the rescue attempts reported "no body on the beacon".

An Attempt That Failed

Miranda, the R.I.N. left-inner, making an attempt to shoot past the collegians' goalkeeper Lobo, but the latter was not beaten. The R.I.N. however won by two goals to nil.

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GODSE AND APTE EXECUTED

Last Moments Of The Assassin

JAIL AUTHORITIES CREMATE THE BODIES

AMBALA, Nov. 15 (PTI).

Murder Conspiracy Case, Nathuram Apte, sentenced to death by a Special 10 this year, were hanged at 8 a.m.

THE principal convicts in the Gandhi Vinayak Godse and Narayen D. Court in Delhi's Red Fort on February today in Ambala jail.

Both the condemned prisoners were taken out from their cells in the jail, where they had been kept since their conviction, and led to the gallows five minutes before 8 a.m., the time fixed for their execution.

Nathuram Godse is reported to have died instantaneousy while Apte was alive for two minutes after mounting the scaffold. Their bodies were kept hanging for about thirty minutes as a matter of procedure and were cremated today by the jail authorities.

Godse and Apte are reported to have shouted, "Akhand Bharat Amar Rahe" and "Bande Mataram", as they were led to the gallows. It took them three minutes to walk up to the gallows. No member of the public or press was allowed to see the execution which was witnessed by five officials.

Godse and Apte are stated to have executed wills.

The officers attending the execution left the jail premises at 8-6 a.m.

Before execution, Godse is reported to have expressed his satisfaction at the treatment meted out to him and Apte during their confinement in Ambala Jail.

At the time of execution, none except the District and jail authorities which included the Deputy Commissioner, Mr. N. Seghal, Superintendent of Police Mr. A. K. Kaul, the Additional District Magistrate Major P S Multani the jail doctor Mr. Pran Nath and the Superintendent of Jail, Mr. Arjan Dass, were allowed to be present, it is understood (adds the U.P.I.)

Godse and Apte, it is further learnt, after their usual morning duties, recited the 11th and 15th Chapter of the Bhagwad Gita and the first four lines of the R.S.S. prayer and took a cup of coffee each before mounting the gallows and died with the copy of the Gita.

Apte looked morose and serious, it is learnt.

All approaches to the jail premises were guarded since early morning and none was allowed to go near till the execution was over which passed off quietly.

CREMATION

The bodies of Godse and Apte were cremated inside the jail by the jail authorities, it is authoritatively learnt.

The cremation was performed according to Hindu Sanatanist rites, as desired by the prisoners and their relatives.

It is understood that the ashes will be disposed of by the authorities themselves and the request of the relatives of the condemned prisoners for handing over the ashes has been turned down.

The relatives of Godse and Apte were not permitted to be present at the time of the cremation.

Before walking to the gallows, the prisoners performed a puja and offered prayers according to their own choice.

INTRUDERS ARRESTED

Two persons were arrested while scaling the outer walls of the Central Jail, Ambala.

It is reported that the intruders actually got up the wall by means of wooden planks lying near about the jail fortification.

The jail guards on duty in the jail tower are reported to have located the intruders before they could jump into the jail premises.

It is reported that both the persons hail from South India and were refused interviews with Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte yesterday by the jail authorities.

The incident is reported to have taken place at about 11 p.m. last night.

All approaches to the Central Jail were heavily guarded.

THE BACKGROUND

The hanging today in the Ambala Central Jail of Nathuram Vinayak Godse and his conspirator Narayan D. Apte, in the diabolical crime of assassinating Mahatma Gandhi, brings to a close an inglorious chapter of history which gave the rudest shock to the world in general and to India in particular.

Twenty-two months ago, on January 30, 1948, Mahatma Gandhi, while on his way to a prayer meeting at Delhi, was shot dead by Nathuram Godse. The trial of the accused began in the court of the Special Judge, Mr. Atma Charan, in Delhi on May 27, 1948. These included V. D. Savarkar, Nathuram V. Godse, N. D. Apte, Vishnu Karkare, Madanlal Pahwa, Gopal Godse, Dattatraya Parachure, Shankar Kistayya, Gangadhar Dandwate, Gangadhar Jadhav and Suryadeo Sharma (the last three were absconding till recently). Bigambar Badge turned approver.

On February 10, judgment in this case was delivered: Savarkar was acquitted. Godse and Apte were condemned to death. Others were sentenced to transportation for life.

The trial lasted for seven months three days and ended after 84 sittings on December 30, 1948. Evidence of 149 prosecution witnesses was taken.

An appeal against the charge of conspiracy to murder was preferred to the East Punjab High Court, Simla. A Bench consisting of Mr. Justice Bhandari, Mr. Justice Achruram and Mr. Justice G. D. Khosla heard the appeal from May 2, 1949 to June 6, 1949, in 26 sittings.

On June 21, judgment was delivered upholding the sentences on Godse and Apte. Parachure and Kistaya were acquitted. The sentences of others were confirmed.

The warrant of execution was signed by Mr. S. S. Dulat, Special Judge, Delhi, on October 26, fixing November 15 as the date for the hanging of Godse and Apte.

Yesterday, about 20 relatives of Godse and Apte, including Apte's wife, had their final interviews with the convicts.

FIELD OF REMEMBRANCE DEDICATED

Mr. Krishna Menon, the Indian High Commissioner in U. K. planting a cross on the Field of Remembrance after it had been dedicated at Westminister on Nov. 3. With him are representatives of the Indian Army, Navy and Air Force.

Battle Of Words In The Assembly

"DRAFTING COMMITTEE HAS GONE BEYOND ITS POWER"

Article Making Provision For Failure Of State To Carry Out Union Directives

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (PTI).

THE Constituent Assembly of India today continued discussion on the amendments proposed in the revised Draft Constitution by the Drafting Committee.

There was a prolonged debate on a new article which empowers the President to declare that a situation had arisen in which the Government of a State Unit could not be carried on in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution, if the executive of that State failed to carry out any directions given to it by the Union Executive under any of the provisions of the Constitution.

Pandit Kunzru raised a point of order and submitted that in suggesting this article, the Drafting Committee had gone beyond the powers given to it.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, explained that no new principle was involved in the proposed article and it only coordinated the various provisions relating to it.

The point of order was ruled out by the President who held that if it is so wished the Constituent Assembly could throw out the article on its merits.

SECTION 93

Mr. B. Das characterised the article as the reintroduction of the old Section 93 of the Government of India Act "in all its nakedness".

Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava felt that the Article would make the Prime Minister of India not only a "Grand Mogul" but also "a lion and the Provincial Government's lambs and goats".

Messrs. R. K. Sidhwa, Mahavir Tyagi and Brajeshwar Prasad supported the article as a very necessary provision. Mr. K. Hanumanthaiya, who also supported the article, however warned that if the article was worked "in the selfish interests of the classes or communities that have taken hold of the Government of India" it would break Indian unity.

Discussion on the changes in the names of the provinces was postponed till tomorrow after Prof Shibbanlal Saksena had moved an amendment to rename the United Provinces "Aryavarta". Mr. H. V. Kamath on the other hand, suggested the name "Gangavarta"

The President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, agreed to a request by Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari on behalf of the Drafting Committee to defer discussion of Article 320, as a new amendment had been tabled by the Committee in consultation with some of the members. It would save the time of the House, Mr. Krishnamachari said, if it was taken up later.

Mr. H. V. Kamath (Central Provinces) by an amendment desired that the interests of the non-Hindi sections of the population should be protected by the Commission to be appointed by the President after five years under the provisions in the chapter on language, and not the interests of persons in the non-Hindi speaking areas of the country as provided by the Drafting Committee. He said that even in Hindi-speaking areas like Delhi or Bihar, there were non-Hindi speaking minorities.

NEW ARTICLE

The new Article 365 suggested by the Drafting Committee in the revised draft evoked some debate. The Article Authorises the President to declare that the Government of a State could not be carried on under the provisions of the constitution when the executive of that State fails to carry out the directives given by the Union Executive under powers conferred by the constitution.

Pandit Hirdayanath Kunzru, rising on a point or order, submitted that in suggesting this Article, the Drafting Committee had gone beyond the powers given to it to make "necessary changes". The question has been thoroughly discussed by the Assembly at the consideration stage and it had arrived at certain decisions. The power given to the Committee to make necessary changes did not mean that the Drafting Committee "should substitute its own jugement for that of the House."

AMBEDKAR'S REPLY

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, replying to the point of order, said that Article 365 was only a "consequential and necessary" change. This power had been given to the President in the original Article 280-A relating to financial breakdown and also in the Article relating to the power to give directions to States in part (B) of the First Schedule (Indian States). There was no new principle involved in the suggested Article 365.

The Article only gathered together and assembled the differed sections in which power had been given to the President to deal with a situation in which there was failure by a State executive to obey the directions of the Union Executive. They had also extended the scope of the Article. Dr. Ambedkar said that such a power was vested in the Governor-General even under Section 126 of the present Government of India Act, 1935 and was necessary.

LANGUAGE OF NEW ARTICLE

Pandit Kunzru's View

Pandit Kunzru submitted that when the House had adopted the Articles it had before it the Government of India Act and had deliberately omitted to incorporate Section 126 in the Constitution. Whatever powers the House had given to the President either to deal with a financial emergency or in the matter of giving directions to the Indian States could not be taken to be a justification by the Committee to extend the same powers. The language of the new Article went beyond the expressed decisions of the Constituent Assembly and hence was out of order.

Dr Rajendra Prasad ruling out the point, said that the language in the original Articles 257 and 280-A where power had been given to the Union executive to issue directions was the same. Article 280-A had further provided that if the directions were not carried out by any State, the President could declare that the Government could not be carried on under the provisions of the Constitution.

The change proposed by the Drafting Committee was, therefore, a "necessary" change, though it would be open to the House to hold a different view and throw out the Article on its merits.

PRICE CONTROL

Mr. Sidhwa moved an amendment placing price control within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Centre.

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh wanted by an amendment to include the phrase "backward classes" in Article 335 which deals with claims of the Scheduled Castes and tribes to services.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa wanted to know why the President had been authorised to declare a foreign country as not a foreign country under article 367 for such purposes as may be specified.

Dr. Ambedkar replying to Mr. Sidhwa said that clause twelve of Article 366 (dealing with definitions) which defined a foreign state, was too rigid. The Drafting Committee by an amendment sought to transpose clause 12 from article 366 and make it as clause three of 367. It would make the position of the President elastic in declaring a foreign state not a foreign state only for certain specific purposes. In subclause twelve, as it originally stood, this was not mentioned.

'UNHAPPY PHRASE'

Mr. Balkrishna Sharma by two amendments wanted that in Article 379 relating to provisions regarding Provisional Parliament instead of the words "the Constituent Assembly of the Dominion of India" only the words "the Constituent Assembly of India" should be retained, and the Provisional Parliament should be known as the Constituent Assembly of India. Mr. Kamath agreed with him regarding omission of the "unhappy expression" Dominion of India but wanted the phrase Provisional Parliament to be retained.

SPECIAL MINISTER

At this stage President Dr. Rajendra Prasad announced that he had received notice of one amendment Mr. A. V. Thakkar stating that provision should be made in the Constitution for the appointment of a Minister-in-Charge of Scheduled Castes and tribes in Madhyabharat, Rajasthan and Travancore and Cochin. As it was a new amendment, it could be accepted only if the Drafting Committee had no objection. He added that the Drafting Committee desired to consult the States Ministry about it.

Proceeding, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that Mr. Shibbanlal Saksena had also given notice of an amendment which was not a new amendment but one which related to some changes made in an article on language by the Drafting Committee.

The President before adjourning the House said that the two amendments would be taken up tomorrow

Ending Customs Barriers

BRUSSELS, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter).—Plans for unifying customs regulations are due to be drafted by the Study Group for European Customs Union at its fifth session which began here today.

Opening the session, M. Paul Van Zeeland, of Belgium, Chairman of the Organisation for European Economic Co-operation, (O.E.E.C.) said the success of the Marshall Plan and a United Europe largely depends on the tariff policy which we will adopt.

"To achieve real freedom of trade in Europe we must do away with customs barriers."

The session is being attended by observers representing the Allied High Commissioners in Germany, O.E.E.C. Canada, Australia, New Zealand, India, Pakistan and South Africa.

Report On Education In Mysore State

BANGALORE, Nov. 15, (PTI):—The adoption of agriculture and domestic science amongst the optional subjects for study in every school of any magnitude is recommended by Dr. R. Ramalinga Reddy, former Vice-Chancellor of the Andhra University, in his 200-page report on education in Mysore State. Dr. Reddy has since accepted the Pro-Chancellorship of the Mysore University and compiled the report at the request of the Government of Mysore.

Raising Standard Of Asia's Millions

APPRECIABLE WORK DONE BY UNESCO SEMINAR

MYSORE, November 15. (PTI).

THE work done so far at the U.N.E.S.C.O. Seminar in Mysore to devise methods for raising the standards of life for Asia's millions is explained in a review released by the headquarters today.

It compares the present work at the Seminar to a meeting of the general staff just before an important campaign.

It says: Krishnarajasagar Hotel in Brindavan Gardens is at present the world headquarter for the drive to raise the standards of life for Asia's rural millions. Since a fortnight, about 50 experts from 18 countries are hard at work to thrash out the best methods to attack some of the worst enemies of human happiness—illiteracy, disease, hunger, isolation, poverty, superstition, filth and perhaps most important of all—a feeling of inferiority, of outcasteness.

Since a week these educationists have been working in four specialised groups, scrutnising each separate problem and aspect according to a carefully prepared plan.

ILLITERACY

The first study group, considering the contents and aim of illiteracy, feels that literacy is something much more than mere ability to read and write. A real understanding of the mother-tongue and an easy expression of ones thoughts are also essential. To make simple arithmetical calculations and have some knowledge of the history, culture and social traditions of one's own community and also of the outside world are equally necessary and fundamental.

FAMILY AS UNIT

Study group two stresses the value of the family as a unit, both for the development of the individual and as constructive part of the community.

The fourth group working on social and citizenship aspects of rural adult education has uptil now made a thorough study and report of the sociological background of rural communities in 14 countries.

"Why not vegetarian eggs", says group 3, after having taken note of the fact that poultry farming is not utilised as much as it could be in Asia. The group points out, an egg laid without the participation of a male is of course purely vegetarian.

Delegates deplored the fading out of the cottage industries and home crafts and the little regard and respect paid to the rural craftsman, often a producer of useful and artistic things.

SOVIET ADVANCE IN AGRICULTURE

Arid Land Reclaimed For Cultivation

MOSCOW, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter): Nearly 7,000,000 acres of arid land in the Central Asian Uzbek Soviet Republic, which borders on Afghanistan, have been reclaimed for pasture this year, the official Soviet news agency "Tass" reported today.

Settlements were springing up around newly dug wells and agriculture was being developed in the formerly desert land of the Kzyl Kumy area of the Repualic, where winter crops were now being sown.

Two forest belts were providing protection against shifting sands which had laid the area waste and nearly two and a half million acres of forest was being planted.

British Trade Union Appeal To Labour

LONDON Nov. 14. (PTI-Reuter): Leaders of Britain's 8,000,000 strong Trade Union Congress tonight appealed to all trade unions to postpone any current negotiations for higher wages.

They made their appeal after nearly a score of the T.U.C. chiefs—members of the Special Economic Committee of the movement—had met Cabinet ministers of the House of commons to discuss the national economic emergency.

Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir Stafford Cripps was accompanied to the meeting by Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin once one of Britain's best known trade union leaders Minister of Labour George Isaacs and Minister of Health Aenurin Bevan.

POLITICAL TERRORISM IN ERITREA

ASMARA, Nov. 14, (PTI-Reuter): A note signed by "Eritrean patriots" has led the authorities here to suspect political terrorism in a bomb outrage in Adi Ugri in which an Italian and a Greek were killed and another Italian wounded.

The incident occurred last night when unidentified assailants threw four hand grenades into a cafe at Adi Ugri a small town 40 miles here. The attackers then opened fire on the patrons of the cafe, mostly Italians, and later escaped in the darkness.

The note which they left behind threatened those opposing union with Ethiopia and supporting the independence bloc.

Jap Workers Strike

TOKYO, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter): The Japanese Electric Industry Workers Union today called out its 110,000 members on strike The employers had rejected a mediation committee's wage recommendations.

Nehru Statue Being Completed

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (PTI):— A statue of Prime Minister Pandit Nehru in bronze showing him hatless but wearing an achkan and with his arms held loosely, is being completed at St. John's Wood, London studio of the actress-sculptress Fredda Brilliant, it is learnt here.

On his return from America on November 8, Pandit Nehru visited the studio and gave a sitting for one and a quarter hour.

Invite Nehru To Egypt?

CAIRO, Nov. 15, (PTI-Reuter):—Commenting on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's tour of the United States, Cairo's "Al Misry" today wondered "why Egypt neglects to invite the Indian leader to spend a few days in this country."

Egypt and India are both struggling nations and their relations could be strengthened by cooperation rather than isolation, the paper said.

"An official invitation to Pandit Nehru would be a great opportunity to achieve many aspects of moral cooperation which might in the long run lead to a practical and useful pact", the "Al Misry" concluded.

Pandit Nehru passed through Cairo four times this year on his way to Britain and United States but only once he was an official guest of the Arab League.

U.S. MILITARY MISSION TALKS IN W. EUROPE

OSLO, Nov. 15, (PTI-Reuter): American Military Mission talks with Norwegian Military experts about arms deliveries to Norway under the Atlantic Pact, which opened yesterday, will continue for several days. Similar missions are visiting the other Atlantic Pact powers.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

SALE OF VEHICLES

Tenders are invited for the purchase and removal of the following repairable surplus vehicles:—

1. Tender NO. DGD/SVH/2/Chheoki:—

LOT I. One lot of 20 Chev, Ford & S/Baker G.S. Lorries, one B/Ford W/Shop Lorry (less equipment), 5 Norton Motor cycles and 4 folding Motor cycles. Reserve price for the lot (30)—Rs. 32,000/-

LOT II. One lot of 19 Ford and Chev. G.S. Trucks, 6 Motor cycles and 2 Motor cycles folding, 2 Trailers and one W/Tanker. Reserve price for the lot (30)—Rs. 28,000/-.

LOT III. One lot of 26 Lorries G.S., 2 lorries FBE, and 2 Motor Cycles folding. Reserve price for the lot (30)—Rs. 37,000/-.

LOT IV. One lot of 6 lorries G.S., and 25 Motor Cycles Reserve price for the lot (31)—Rs. 19,000/-.

All the four lots are located at C.O.D. Chheoki, Allahabad.

2. Tender No. DGD/SVH/1/Delhi:—

LOT I. One lot of 33 Chev., Ford 3 ton G.S. lorries, one 2 ton G.S. Ford two Trucks 15 cwt. G.S. Chev., one Machinery lorry, one Van Panel, one W/less truck, one Water Tanker, two Trailers, three Norton & Ariel Motor Cycles and one Autoscott Motor cycle. Reserve price for the lot (46)—Rs. 62,000/-.

LOT II. One lot of 25 Chev., Ford 3 ton G.S. lorries, one 5-tonner, one 2-tonner G.S. Ford, one Truck 15 cwt. G.S. Ford, one B/Down, one A/Tank Portee, one W/less, two Water Tank lorries, one Trailer, 10 Motor cycles B.S.A., Norton, Ariel & one Folding Motor Cycle. Reserve price for the lot (45)—Rs. 53,000/-.

LOT III. One lot of 32 Chev., Ford, T/Croft 3 ton GS lorries, one 2 tonner GS Ford, 2 trucks 15 cwt. GS Ford, one B/Down lorry, 2 Wireless trucks, 2 Water tankers, one trailer, 3 M/Cycles Norton, Indian Ariel, one folding M/Cycle. Reserve price for the lot (45)—Rs. 59,000/-.

LOT IV. One lot of 32 Chev, Ford GMC, 3 ton GS lorries, one 2 tonner GS Ford, 3 trucks 15 cwt. GS Ford & Dodge, 2 lorries B/Down one W/less lorry, 2 water tankers, one trailer, 3 M/Cycles Indian, Norton, Ariel one folding M/Cycle. Reserve price for the lot (46)—Rs. 63,000/-

LOT V. One lot of 30 Chev., Ford 3 ton GS lorries, one 2 tonner, one 3 ton Chassis, one 3 ton light Crane lorry, 2 trucks 15 cwt. GS Ford, 2 W/less lorries, one service couch, one W/Tanker, one amb., one trailer, 3 M/Cycles Norton & Ariel, one folding M/Cycle Reserve price for the lot (45)—Rs. 56,000/-.

LOT VI. One lot of 31 Chev, Ford 3 ton GS Lorries, one 2 tonner, 2 trucks 15 cwt. GS Ford, 2 W/less lorries, one Machinery lorry, one Service couch, one W/Tanker, one amb., 2 trailers, 2 M/Cycles Norton, Ariel, one M/Cycle folding. Reserve price for the lot (45)—Rs. 62,000/-.

LOT VII. One lot of 27 BSA Norton, Ariel M/Cycles, one folding M/Cycle, 11 Ford 3 ton GS Lorries, one 2 tonner Ford, 2 trucks 15 cwt. GS Ford, one lorry fitted with single phase Generator, one W/less lorry, 2 W/Tankers, one trailer. Reserve price for the lot (47)—Rs. 33,000/-.

LOT VIII. One lot of 27 BSA, Norton, Ariel M/Cycles, one folding M/Cycle, 11 Ford 3 ton GS lorries, 2 trucks 15 cwt. GS Ford, one Chev. P/form lorry, one lorry, fitted with Generator, one W/less lorry, 2 water tankers, one trailer. Reserve price for the lot (47)—Rs. 34,000/-.

All the eight lots are located at Vehicle Depot, Delhi Cantt.

Export of these vehicles will be allowed to permissible destinations.

Bids should be for the whole of each lot and for each lot separately.

Tender should be submitted in duplicate on the prescribed form which can be had from the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi and the Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Kanpur, Bombay and Madras on payment of Rs. 5/- per set of 2 copies in respect of each Depot. The forms are not transferable. The tender fee should be paid either in cash or by money order only.

Tender forms contain full particulars of the Vehicles comprising each lot, instructions to tenderers, conditions of sale and will serve as inspection permits.

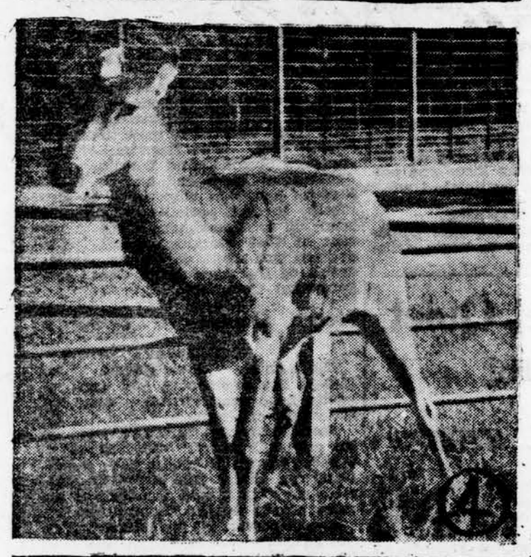
Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of price tendered as earnest money in one of the permissible forms indicated in the Tender forms. Tenders not accompanied by Earnest Money will not be considered.

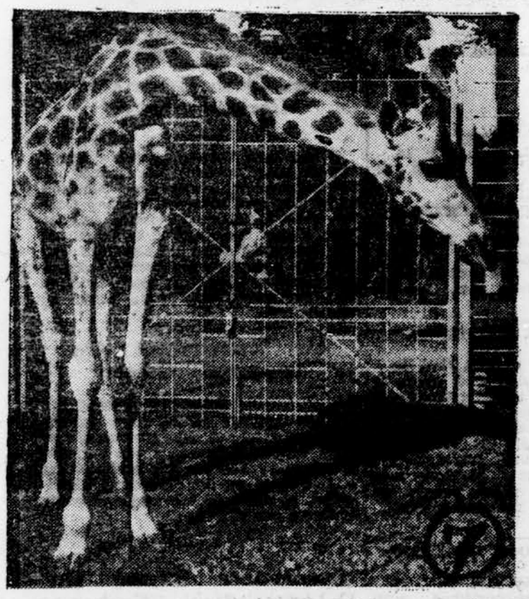
Tenders in sealed cover superscribed with the Tender No. and due date should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals, Surplus Vehicles Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and should reach that office by 4 P.M. on 14-12-1949. Public opening of Tenders at 11 A.M. on 15th December, 1949. Offers should remain open for acceptance for four weeks from the date of opening.

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,

NEW DELHI.

WHERE BOMBAYMAN CAN RELAX





Victoria Gardens, situated in the heart of the City, is a boon to the City dwellers. The zoo furnishes abundant material to the naturalist. It has a large variety of animals, from the gigantic elephant to the smallest insect. The pictures above show (1) tiger restless in his place of confinement, (2) tamed panther, (4) the frolicking deer, (5) cobra familiar to us through snake charmers frequently visiting the City, (6) swift running ostrich reputed to bury its head in sand when pursued in the belief that it cannot be seen, (7) long-necked giraffe with spotted skin, (8) a pair of ubly bears, (9) swans, (10) king of the jungle-lion looking keenly at some spectator outside, (11) the marsupial mammal-kangaroo, (12) another species of swans.

A Day At The Zoo

RATIONING or no rationing, Begum, the 50-year-old elephant in Victoria Gardens and Sarojini the baby-elephant, must be fed every day. It is no joke to cater to their gargantuan apetites. Within the space of 24 hours, Begum can tuck in, on an average, more than 300 lbs. of food and Baby Sarojini half that. While in the wild state, the elephants had to make do with green leaves and an occasional helping of sugar cane if the latter could be conveniently filched from some farm. Under captivity, the palate of the elephants has so improved that some dainties and delicacies, must inevitably be included in their daily menu.

In Victoria Gardens, Begum not only accounts for 200 lbs of green "roughages" and 50 lbs of rice straw daily, but also for 15 lbs of Lucerne Grass, 10 lbs of bread, a lb. of jaggery, half-pound of ghee and three lbs. of groundnuts. The sugar cane daily eaten by the beast is of the best variety and would, if placed end to end, cover 48 feet in length. Surprising as it may seem, the whole hotch-potch is incomplete without some spicing, twenty ozs. to be exact.

Compared to the elephant, who seems to be the epicurean in the animal world both on account of his dainty though gigantic apetite as well as his leisurely eating, the lion, the tiger, the panther, the hyena and the wolf, are satisfied with very little comparatively speaking. The lion, the tiger, the leopard and other carnivorous animals eat but once a day. The lion consumes about 15 lbs. of beef and the smallest pantner about 8 lbs, the tigers, between 12 to 14 lbs. depending upon their weight. With the other carnivorous animals included, the daily consumption of beef in Victoria Gardens is 300 lbs and the animals have to fast once a week!

LARGEST GARDEN

With an area of 47 acres the Victoria Gardens is the largest garden in Bombay City. Situated in the heart of the City, it is a boon to all manner of city-dwellers, especially to labouring classes who live in congested and ill-ventilated houses and badly need some fresh air. Its popularity is undoubted, as the attendance shows. Eight thousand persons a day and about 14,000 on Sundays and holidays has been the average for a long time.

Considering the financial difficulties involved in running this garden, for the Bombay Municipality has not been in a position to allot as much money for the upkeep of Victoria Gardens as is really necessary, it is amazing how the authorities have been able to manage so well. It is learnt that they have many ambitious plans, which they want to put through, but they are banked at every step, on account of the paucity of finances. The Municipality, even tried to make the Gardens partly at least, self-supporting, by levying a fee of one anna per person for entry, but failed.

It has been calculated that even if half the number at present patronising the Gardens fell away after the imposition of this token fee, still the gate money per day would have been about Rs. 250, with more takings on holidays. It was expected that an amount varying between Rs. 80,000 and Rs. 90,000 could have been realised annually this way. One does not see anything unfair in this, for feeding the animals alone costs the Municipality about Rs. 65,000 every year. Such a fee is collected in Madras, Calcutta and Ceylon —in the last place the fee is equivalent to as 8 per adult—and in all-foreign countries. It must be remembered that the Victoria Gardens provides Radiogram music once a week for two hours vocal music twice a month and there is a full fledged Band on full-moon night once a month.

SCOPE FOR IMPROVEMENT

But, the overnment of Bombay for its own inscrutable reasons turned the Municipal proposal down. Even now, if Government reconsiders its decisions the Victoria Gardens— both the botanical gardens as well as the zoo—could be a vastly improved place. There could be more animals and birds. The absence of the rihinoceros and the hippopotamus and enclosures for keeping them, are glaring omissions. The present bird aviaries are quite inadequate, and there is no aquarium or herbarium or reptile home or even a play-ground for children. One feels their absence in the foremost garden of the formeost City in India, very keenly.

An additional advantage of levying a small fee is that it will keep out undesirable characters and loafers, who do incalculable damage to the plants and the animals in Victoria Gardens, by their irresponsible behaviour.

The authorities in charge of the garden have, however done whatever they could, in an inexpensive manner to improve the Victoria Gardens. Only recently, after a tour of Ceylon, the present Superintendent of the gardens, Mr. D. I. Ahmedi, has introduced into Victoria Gardens 68 new varieties of the Hibiscus. Formerly, there were only twelve varieties, and with the additions the Victoria Gardens is today the proud possessor of the second collection largest of Hibiscus in the world, the first being the Peredinya Gardens in Ceylon. During the war, he also introduced a hundred varieties of the Orchid. These also came from Ceylon and appear to have taken kindly to the climate of Bombay. It may be mentioned that all plants and flowers do not flourish in Bombay's sub-tropical climate, an-

(Continued on page 11)

Active Buying And Covering Harden Tata Steels

MODERATE SUPPORT FOR COTTON MILL SHARES

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

The local Share Bazar was steady today with increased activity influenced by prospects for reduction in taxation in the next Budget. So far the effect was sentimental and shorts were inclined to cover in conjunction with some replacement buying in Tata Steel Shares.

At the opening Tata Steel Defd. Shares were quoted at Rs. 1342 and advanced at Rs. 1357/8 on increased demand. At this level there appeared scattered liquidation and Defds. quietened at Rs. 1352 but steadied at Rs. 1355. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 274 and sharply advanced at Rs. 280 and steadied at Rs. 279. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 26/13.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1020 and improved at Rs. 1025. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 271 and Svadeshi Mill shares changed hands at Rs. 257. Scindia Shares were quoted at Rs. 13.

The market ruled very steady whole day and Tata Steel Defds. after improving at Rs. 1362/8 steadied at Rs. 1337/8. Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 281. Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 1023/12 while Kohinoors and Svadeshi Shares were done at Rs. 273 and at Rs. 258 respectively. Closing tone of the market was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1025	0
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	273	4
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	258	0
Central India Mills (4)	217	8
Simplex Mills (6-8)	179	0
New Great Eastern (8)	137	0
Inaore (8-13)	120	0
Gokak Mills (12)	250	0
Century Spinning (15)	224	6
Indian Bleaching (6)	138	0
Swan Mills (20)	305	0
Finlay Mills (15)	254	0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	446	4
Edward Sassoon (30)	218	12
Meyer (12)	110	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	11
India United Ord. (0-13-0)	11	0
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1	11
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170	0
Podar (S)	132	8
Khatau Makanji (5)	171	0
Svadeshi Coupon	61	0

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. (14)	281	8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1360	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	134	8

CEMENT

Associated Cement (6)	141	4

INDUSTRIES

Burma (12-8)	328	12
Belapur Sugar (9)	201	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	31	8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	13	3 6
Premier Construction	8	0
Tata Chemical	11	0
Tata Oil (2)	48	4
Indian Iron (0-12)	27	1
Bengal Steel (0-12)	27	1
British India Corp. (0-9)	8	4
Indian Copper	2	5 6
Wimco	187	8
Alcock	245	0

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Power (25) XD	1470	0
Andhra Valley (30) XD	1400	0
Tata Hydro (3) XD	151	4

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (5)	54	0
Phoenix (50)	136	4
Indian Mfg.	2910	0
Kurla XD	107	8
Colaba (12)	113	0
New City (1)	159	6
Minerva (12)	137	8
Bradbury	435	0
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	4	0
Bharat Mills (2)	28	4
Mysore (4)	164	6
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14	3
Model Mills (12-8)	172	8
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	687	8
Vishnu Cotton	216	4
Western India (40)	2925	0
Standard (15)	223	12
Sholapur Mills (200)	2860	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16	0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000	0
Tata Mills (2-5)	48	0
Ahmedabad Advance	246	4
New Ahmedabad	195	0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	31	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15	14
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35	0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162	8
Raja Bahadur (4)	62	0
Berar Mills	250	0
Victoria Mills	225	0

ELECTRIC (CASH)

Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	123	2
Ahmedabad New	72—8	
Surat Electric (2-8)	126	4
Karachi Electric (2)	136	14
Broach (0-5)	6	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	6
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	135	0
Bombay Suburban XR	140	10
Bombay Suburban New	83	0

BANK SHARES

Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1725	0
Imperial Bank PP (8-12)	425	0
Central Bank (1-8)	78	0
Central Bank New (18)	79	0
Bank of India (4) XD	169	0
Union (0.3)	7	2
Baroda	115	8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40	0
United Commercial (8)	43	8
Jaipur Bank (1-5)	35	8
Hindustan Commercial	17	0
Mysore Bank (8)	265	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94	0

INSURANCE SHARES

Oriental (125)	1200	0
Empire (10)	541	4
New India (1-8)	55	0
Jupiter (0-12)	12	5
Vulcan (0-10)	11	13
Indian Mercantile (2)	38	8
Universal (0-4)	11	4
B.I.G. (1)	14	6
Industrial and Prudential	26	8
Neptune	7	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	11	14

RAILWAY SHARES

C.P (1-14) XD	113	0

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES

Steamer (10)	222	8
Bombay Burma New (5)	113	12
Burma Petrol	1	5 6
Mackenzie (6)	65	0
Port Canning (3)	64	0
Kemp and Co. (30)	373	12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125	0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84	8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	40	0
Mukund Iron	13	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16	8
Alembic (15)	150	0
Supreme India X.R.	71	0
Jam Wire (6)	67	8
Bombay Uganda	67	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	28	0
Indian Cement (1937)	171	4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	132	8
United Motor	28	0
Associated Cement New (2)	136	4
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Gujarat Motor	28	0
Estrella Batteries	32	2
Manmad Press	120	0
National Rayon	56	0

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st (6)	192	8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235	0
Tata Power (7-8)	1337	8
Hydro Electric (7)	127	8
Bombay Steamer (6)	237	8
Central India (5)	650	0
Swadeshi Mills	126	4
Vishnu Mills (7)		
Lakshmi Mills	260	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220	0
Podar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106	4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316	4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	130	0
Pre Construction First	102	8
Pre Construction 2nd Pref.	99	8
Amalgamated	115	0
Habib	72	9
Tata Chemical	117	8
Walchandnagar	130	0
Jupiter	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	110	8
Mackenzie (1st)	85	0
Mackenzie (2)	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mill	50	0
Standard	99	0
Madhusudan	12	0
Khatau	100	12
Morarji	94	8
National Rayon	94	8

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952	103	8
Gula Kajamsingh	8	0
Rubber Planting	15	0
Bombay Steamer	97	0
Indian Hume Pipe	101	8
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchandnagar	105	8

OUTSIDE SHARES

Burma Corporation	2	9 6
New Victoria	2	0
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4	4
Palton (8)	111	0
Gold Mohor	282	8
New Kaiser Hind	420	0
Saijan Mills (20)	155	0
Osmanshahi (16)	240	0
Azamshahi	270	0
Air Services	4	12
Air India Tata	59	0
Hind Motor	4	10
India Steam	7	4

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

120	Ready Japan	3	14 0
150	Ready Japan	3	14 0
120	Ready Italy	3	10 0
150	Ready Italy	3	13 0
150	D. Box Nov	761	0 0
150	D. Box Dec.	771	0 0

LONDON BULLION

London, Nov. 14.

London Silver Spot and Forward both 64d Gold Bars Fine per ounce £12-8-0.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Nov. 14.

T. T. London on:—

New York	2.7987 to 2.8012
Mntreal	3.0775 to 3.0825
Zurich	12.23 to 12.26
Sweden	14.47 to 14.50

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 200 bars Silver at Rs. 165/10 and Gold Sales remain suspended.

In the Bullion market there was limited activity. Magsar Silver opened at Rs. 166/4 and advanced at Rs. 166/10 on moderate support but steadied at Rs. 166/8. Ready Silver was offered at a discount of annas eight at Rs. 166.

Magsar delivery Gold opened at Rs. 114/4 and steadied at Rs. 114/2 with restricted business. Spot Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/12 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76/10.

Final quotations were as under:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	165	12	0
Magsar dely.	166	4	0
Ready Gold	115	0	0
Magsar dely	113	13	0
Sovereigns	70	6	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

The local produce market was fairly steady. Arrivals were somewhat smaller while shippers were moderate buyers. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Quality Receipts	36	4	0
November Delivery	36	0	0
January Delivery	35	12	0
Bold December	34	12	0
Bold January	34	11	0
Oil Bombay Mills	21	6	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	21	2	0
Oil December	19	10	0
January	19	8	0
LINSEED—			
Indore	34	6	0
Small	33	2	0
Bold	34	4	0
CASTORSEED—			
Spot	24	0	0
January Delivery	23	12	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	96	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	4	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent. 1962	99	2	0
2 3/4 per cent 1973	96	0	0
3 per cent Con.	97	0	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	13	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	15	0
3 per cent 1957	101	8	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	15	0
3 per cent. 1963-65	100	6	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	2	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	4	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	4	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	0	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-66	113	0	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	96	13	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	0	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent D. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.P. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B P T long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113	12	0

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange Market: GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Govt. of India Paper 87, Three per cent 1986 Loan 97/2, Three per cent 1966/68 100/3, Three per cent 1970/75 100, Government of Travancore Loans: Three per cent 1952/54 100/12, Government of Madras Loans: Three per cent 1956 100/8, three per cent 1960 99/15.

BANKS: Travancore 13/10

PLANTINGS: Chembra 4/7, Devashola 13/4, Nilliampathy 1/1/6, Ouchterlony 5/5, Pullangode 1, Thirumbadi 1/11, T. R. and T. Co. 5/8.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 136/8, Cambodia 10/6, Buckingham Pref. 188, Coimbatore CM 118, Lakshmi 61/8, Madura 38, Mettur 315, Radhakrishna 144, Rajalakshmi 56. Ranga Vilas 46/8, Trav Rayons 4/1, Trichinopoly 9/12.

MISCELLANEOUS: F. A. C. T. 4/6 Mettur Chem. 6/7.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

During the week ended the 11th November, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,25,00,000 were sold in Reserve Bank of India.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

There was no forward trading today in the local cotton market. The case against members of the association will be heard on the 5th December. September Settlement took place today. So far Government has not given permission for clearing settlement of new crop months.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton May Contract is 1330 cent points below New York May delivery.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 15

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs 478 1/4, Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 475 Montreal Rs 431 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C., Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldn 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T D. D. Rs. 83 1/2.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T D. D. Rs. 155 3/4.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 1/2.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8, London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65. London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35. London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 7/8-1/2 31/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 90.20 London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65. London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1-84-2/1-94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07-3/4-3.08 1/4 London New York Cross Rate $2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 979-981 London/Prague Cross Rate K. 141. London Singapore Cross Rate 2/3. 7/8-2/4 London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12.23-12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c.

London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money: Call 3/4 per cent. 3 Mos. 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent, 12 Mos 1-1/2 per cent

Tone: Easy.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov. 14.

	£
2-1/2 p.c. British Consols	69-1/2
3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	92
4 p.c Funding Loan 1960/90	104-1/2
3-1/2 p.c. War Loan on or after Dec 1st 1952	91
Chartered Bank of India	9-13/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	87-1/2
National Bank of India	32-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially at 7,400.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

MILLS

Apollo 2|11.

B. Dyeing 1020 27|8 23|12 26|4 22|8 25.

C. India 215 18 17|8 18|8.

Century 224|8.

E. Textiles 213|12 20 18|12.

Finlay 253 54.

Gokak 249 48|8 49|8 48 50.

Elphinstone Ord. 54.

I. U. Defd 1|11 1|12 1|11.

I. U. Ord. 10|13 11.

Indore 117|8 20.

Kohinoor 270 72 71|8 73|4.

Laxmi 687|8.

Model 171|4 72|8 (Ex. Div.).

Morarji 445 46|4.

New Great 138 37

Mysore 164|6.

Podar 132|8.

Simplex 177 79

Svadeshi 254 60 57 59 58

Svadeshi Pref. 127|8.

Swan 303|8 5.

Tata Mills 48.

Vishnu 217|8 16|4.

C. P. Rly. 113|8.

B. Steam 220 22|8.

Scindia 13 12|15 13|4 13|1 13|4 13|3|6.

Baroda 116|8 15|8.

Central 77|4 79 78|8 79.

Central New 79 80 78|12 79

Imperial Old 1722|8 25

Imperial New 425.

India 169 68|8 69.

Union 7|2.

U. Commercial 43|4 43|8.

Ahmedabad 124-6 23-2

Andhra 1412-8 1400

Suburban 141-4 40-10

Surat 126-4

Hydro 152 52-4

Power 1467-8 72-8 70

Power Pref. 1302-8

Empire 541-4

Jupiter 12-5

New India 55

B. Steel 18-8 18-11 18-9 18-10

I. Iron 26-13 27-1 26-14 27-1

Tata Defd. 1340 60 48-12 62-8 60

Tata Ord. 275 80-8 78 81-8

Tata IInd Pref. 134-8

Alcock 246-4

A. C. C. Old 140 42 40-12 41-8 41-4

Belapur 199 201 199 201

B. B. Old 320 35-10 25 28-12

B. B. Petrol 1-5-9 1-5-3 1-5-6

B.I.C. 8-4

I Bleaching 138

L Copper 2-4-9

Kemp 375 73-12

P. Const. 84-8 86 85-8 87 86-8 87

P. Ist Pref. 102

P. IInd Pref. 97-8

Shivraipur 31-8

Tata Chem 10-13 10-15 10-14 11

Tata Pref. 118-12

Tata Oil 48 48-4

Wimco 187-8 85 87-8

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 72-4 72 72-8

Swadeshi Coupon 61

Produce Or Perish

WARNING TO LABOUR

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15. (PTI): Mr. Khandubhai K. Desai and Mr. Hariharnath Shastri, President and General Secretary of the Indian National Trade Union Congress in a joint appeal today has called upon workers to increase industrial efficiency.

"The call for increased production, they said "is a call for self-preservation. Unless the efficiency of industry is substantially increased and that too quickly. A national calamity is bound to make its appearance".

"We have repeatedly stated, "The I.N.T.U.C. leaders said, "That with the advent of freedom there is a growing sense of responsibility among labour. But let us unhesitatingly and frankly admit that there is still much room for improvement. While there is generally an increase in efficiency and production we are in possession of reports from certain sectors of industry that there is marked deterioration in production as a result of slow down tactics or slackening of efforts assidously propagated by unpatriotic parties. We want to impress upon the working-class that any such tendency is extremely undesirable. It is anti-national and anti-working class act. Whatsoever be the provocation, it is in the best interests of labour and the country as a whole that production should go high and that under no circumstances it is allowed to be hampered and that labour must increase its effeciency".

Concluding the I.N.T.U.C. leaders warned the workers that "those who will either sabotage or ignore the call for contribution and sacrifice for the purpose of economic recovery in their narrow selfish interest, will stand condemned before the nation which is bound to take serious notice of it. Let the working class discharge their responsibility and earn their undoubted stature in the nation".

New York Cotton Market Quiet With Active Hedging

MODERATE ACTIVITY IN WALL STREET

NEW YORK, Nov. 14. (PTI-Reuter): COTTON: Prices fluctuated narrowly. Trading was fairly active with hedge pressure against heavy southern spotsales and liquidation in near December partially outweighing good mill demand and short-covering. Textile news was favourable with some further large supplies reported sold last-week for firstquarter 1950 delivery.

In the afternoon prices drifted narrowly, routine mill demand and buying of May contracts by a leading spothouse possibly against some export business, absorbing scattered hedges while transfering from December into the more distant positions continued to account for a good part of the activity. Meanwhile it is stated that total E.C.A. programme in cotton exports this year is still indefinite but the agency is expected to finance a smaller volume than last year. The session closed steady with sales at approximately 125,000 bales. The session closed steady with sales at

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov. 14.

December	29.90—02
March	29.87—01
May	29.80—03
July	29.47—02
October	28.01 04
Middling Spot	30.50—02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Nov. 14.

December	29.83—02
March	29.81—06
May	29.76—04
July	29.38—04
Middling Spot	29.45—

New York Cotton December Highest 29.92 at 10-20 hours, Lowest 29.88 at 2-4 p.m.

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS: Consolidation forces were in command as steel production was resuming and the belief grew that Government would propose placing the softcoal dispute before the extra-legal board of enquiry. Activity was moderate with changes fractional eitherway with losses in the majority. Goldminings continued to sag. Motors averaged lower despite a prediction of the industry that 1950 sales volume would be at least 85 to 90 percent of this year's records.

In the afternoon occasional of pleasing results at next Monday's dividend meeting. Rayons were resistant with new record yarn staple fibre shipments of 100.4 million pounds in October. The market finished at the day's lowest closing barely steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov. 14.

American Telephone and Telegraph	146-1/8
Amerex Holding Company	32-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	27 3 4
Chase National Bank	35-1/4
Firestone Tyre	46
General Electric	38-1/4
General Motors	70-7/8
Ingersol Rand	67 3/4
International Nickel	28-3.4
National City Bank of New York	44
New York Central Rail Road	10
Sinclair Oil	22-1/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-5/8
Texas Corporation	61-5/8
Union Carbide	40-5/8
U. S. Smelting and Refining	37-7/8
U. S. Steel Common	24-1/2
Western Telegraph	17-7/8

The Highest and Lowest U S. Steel trading prices were 25 and 24-1/3 respectively

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 1,250,000.

WALL STREET MARKET

CHICAGO Nov. 14. (PTI-Reuter): GRAINS encountered improved commercial support after drifting irregularly lower under the leadership of soyabeans and lard reflecting weakness of cottonseed oil futures and the livehog market. In the export department, shippers expect France to enter the market for maize and Italy for wheat and flour later this week.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 14.

December 2.10-7/8.
March 2.13-7/8.
May 2.11-3/8
July 1.93-3/4

LONDON WHEAT

London, Nov. 14.

Australian Wheat New Crop 12s Dec.-Jan.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Nov. 14.

With a few exceptions a gradually declining tendency was noted today. Business on the whole was very restricted.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, Nov. 14.

Trade was very slow and offers in most cases met no takers resulting in many prices marked down. Rentes stiffened however, after a period of indecision. Basemetals led by Rhodesian coppers featured internationals by their resistance. Declines were registered in most other groups including kaffirs and mexican eagles.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 14.

The market was neglected with buyers holding off. Indonesians particularly were dull with a general decline of few points throughout. Internationals were quietly maintained.

N. Y. SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.

Consumers continued to buy heavily and more than 300,000 ounces are believed to have changed hands today at unchanged level

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.

Black pepper was extremely inactive and dull. Spots were offered at 1.26 cents pound. Very small jobbing demand for spots

Following are today's closing quotations: Spot 1.28 asked Nov. 1.28 nom. Dec. 1.28 nom. Jan. 1.24 nom Mar. 1.09 nom. May 1.04 nom. July 1.00 nom. Oct. 0.88 bid. White pepper spot 2.60 nominal.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Trading was very quiet with buyers and sellers uncertain. Black lampong was quoted at 11sh. white and sarawak at 16sh. 6d. value all per pound c.i.f. basis ports Malacca was offered afloat at 1,140 shillings, and shipment at 1,150 per hundred weight c.i.f. United Kingdom.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Nov. 14.

The recent quiet conditions continued in the Singapore pepper market today and sellers ex-godown prices for both black lampong and white muntock were lowered by ten dollars, the former to 590 and the latter to 900 per picul.

THE FINANCIAL PROBLEM CAN BE SOLVED

Reserve Bank Governor Strikes An Optimistic Note

MADRAS, Nov. 15 (PTI)—Sir Benegal Rama Rao, Governor of the Reserve Bank, declared here today that if the businessmen responded adequately to the appeal made by the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Patel, in his broadcast last night, it would not be difficult to solve the present "formidable financial problems" that faced the country at present.

Sir B. Rama Rao, who arrived here today on a few days' official visit to the city, was addressing the members of the South Indian Chambes of Commerce this evening.

INSTRUCTIONS MISUNDERSTOOD

Sir B. Rama Rao stated that his recent appeal to the bankers soon after the devaluation of the rupee to discourage speculative financing and speculative hoarding of stocks, had created some misunderstanding among the business community. Besides, he had also prescribed a daily return of advances made by banks exceeding a lakh of rupees, in order to enable him to watch the developments.

Similar instructions, he said, had been issued by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in England. "This measure is very necessary in order to stop and curb any artificial rise in prices by means of speculation", he declared and added "I can assure you that the Reserve Bank has not issued any directive to banks to restrict loans and advances for financing legitimate trade."

MONEY MARKET

The Reserve Bank Governor pointed out that there was no acute stringency in the money market in Bombay and others parts of India". In fact owing to the restriction of imports and the virtual cessation of trade between Pakistan and India, money has been comparatively easier in Bombay and elsewhere than is usual at this time of the year". He could not, therefore, understand if there had been any stringency in the Madras Money market.

Referring to the special powers of the Reserve Bank under the Banking Companies Act for the systematic inspection of all banks in the country, Sir Rama Rao said that the primary object of this inspection was not to find fault with the banks, but to foster the establishment of sound banking traditions in the country. "My aim is to inspect every bank once a year. This may be something novel to you all, but even in a land of free enterprise like America, all the banks are subject to rigid control by the Federal Reserve Bank system."

Assistance To Rural Credit Societies

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has decided to give financial assistance to rural credit societies to meet their secretarial cost. The Registrar of Co-operative Societies and Director of Agricultural Marketing and Rural Finance has been empowered to give subsidy to such societies on this account up to a maximum of 2.5 per cent of their working capital. The decision was taken on the recommendation of the Agricultural Credit Organisation Committee.

Neera Centres In Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Neera Season for 1949-50 has commenced and arrangements have been already made for the supply of Neera.

Hotels, Canteens or individuals in the city of Bombay will be given licences to sell Neera at their establishments, under the direct Government supervision, and according to the rules framed by the Government.

Establishments or individuals, who can guarantee the sale of at least 50 lbs. (5 gallons) of Neera, should apply to the Hon. Chief Organiser, Government Neera Scheme Neera Daftar Old Custom House, Bombay 1, for further information in the matter.

Cotton Cloth Dealers Must Declare Stocks

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

It has been noticed that the licensees do not submit statements of stocks lying with them as required under the provisions of Bombay Cotton Cloth Dealers Licensing Order 1949. They are required to submit in the prescribed form by the 10th day of every month, a true and correct statement of stocks of cloth held by him on the last date of the preceding month.

No Restrictions On Imported Cement

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There appears to be some misunderstanding about the movement, distribution and price of certain varieties of cement. The position is that there is no control on the movement, distribution or prices of coloured and white imported cement.

Speculative Buying On Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

The market ruled better again for the speculative counters for renewed buying and other shares also appreciated in sympathy and a satisfactory business was recorded.

Following are today's final transactions up to 3.00 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Govt. Paper 97/2 S. Lot, Three per cent Loan 1986 97/7. Three per cent Loan 1951/54 101/14 S. Lots, Three per cent Loan 1957 101/8 S. Lot Three per cent Loan 1970/75 99/15/6.

BANKS: Bengal Central 7/10 S. Lots, Hindustan Commercial 22 Small Odd Lot, Imperial Bank fully paid 1700 S. Lot CT.

COTTON: Elgin Mills 16 4.

COALS: Bengal 450, Burrakur 12. Central India 6/8, Bharat Colliery 6/12, East Indian 33 Western Bengal 4/8.

JUTES: Anglo India 185, Auckland 105, Bally 202, Barnagore 195, Budge Budge 140, Ganges 252, Howrah 26 3. Kamarhatty 233 S Lot, India 124 National 22/1, Presidency 5 3, Nuddea 64/8, Standard 130 Small Odd Lot.

MININGS: Burma Corp 2 7. Consolidated Tin annas fifteen. Indian Copper 2/4, Tavoy Tin annas ten.

ENGINEERINGS: Bharat Electric Steel 16/4 S. Lot Indian Iron 27 3. Kumardhubi Eng 7/8, Marshalls 5/12, Saran Eng. 7 9 Steel Corp 18/9.

MISCELLANEOUS: Sone Valley Cement 5/3, Angelo Bros 21 9. B.I.C. 8/5, Indian Wood Products 25/12 S. Lot CT. Jardine Henderson 137, Martin Burn 14/4, National Insulated Cable 8 6, National Tobacco 14/2, Sohtas Industry 4 4. British Burma Petrol 1/7 India Paper Pulp 140 CT. Titaghur Paper 31/6. Midnapore Zemindary 61, Assam Saw 8/2, India Seaship 7/6.

SUGARS: Cawnpore 23 CT. Purtabpore 10 CT

TEAS: Atal 4/2 Bishnauth 30 8 CT. Dhunseri 8/3, Hajpan Parbut 1/12.

OUR PALESTINE NEWSLETTER:

Hunt For Oil In The Negeb Area

From Our Correspondent

JERUSALEM, (By Air Mail).

PROSPECTING for oil is reported from the Negeb, the semi-desert area of southern Palestine. According to Jewish sources, there are 150 skilled labourers accompanying a party of four experienced Texan oil prospectors who are active in the region between the Dead Sea an Beersheba. The sources add that boring in three localities was proceeding.

It is recalled that a few weeks before the termination of the British Mandate for Palestine (May, 1948). the Government secretly granted the Iraq Petroleum Company a concession for exploiting the oil resources of Southern Palestine. The Israeli Government repudiated the concession soon after the British Government recognised Israel as the 'de facto' authority and established diplomatic relations with it. The Israeli action came despite the declaration that it would honour its predecessor's commitments, a declaration made upon its admission to United Nations membership.

A world authority on petroleum is credited with the theory that the subterranean oil basin in Saudi Arabia, which is being tapped by the American-Arabian Oil Company, had its origin in the plateaux of eastern Syria and Jordan on the fringes of the great Saudi Arabian desert. Any active tapping at source, he says, in those plateaux might easily reduce ARAMCO output and divert the attention of vested interests to Syria and Jordan.

REFUGEES

AMMAN: The first group of 200 Palestine Arab refugee children, who are to receive one year's free education at Spanish institutions, sailed for Tetuan in Spanish Morocco from Beirut, according to the Spanish Minister in Amman. First choice went to children between the ages of 5-12.

The offer to support and educate 1,000 Arab refugee children was made by General Franco early last July to the various refugee relief committees through the Spanish ministers in Lebanon, Syria and Jordan.

SHAH OF IRAN

Shah Muhammed Riza Pahlevi, the Emperor of Iran, is expected to return the visit which King Abdulla of Jordan made to Iran last August by calling at Amman for a short visit, according to sources close to the palace in Amman. The exact date of the visit will be announced later.

Meanwhile, a team of 20 picked horsemen and steeds are being intensively trained to form a guard of honour to the Shah during his sojourn in Jordan.

The Iraqi Government has offered employment for another 35 women teachers from among Palestine refugees, according to a notice published in the local press. There are present about 200 Palestinian Arab teachers serving in Iraqi schools, of whom 30 are women. The salaries offered range between 25 and 34 Dinars per month.

AMNESTY

DAMASCUS: A general amnesty was proclaimed recently in Jebel Druze district for crimes committed prior to the 31st December, 1948. Several hundred prisoners and "wanted" persons are involved in the amnesty, according to the Damascus press.

Following the proclamation, Sultan Pasha Atrash, veteran leader of the Druze Revolt (against the French) in 1925, called on the Syrian Premier, Hashem Atassi, to express the region's loyalty to the present regime. Sultan Pasha headed a delegation of ten Druze chieftains, who are considered representative of all the factions in the region. They reportedly stressed the Druzes' attachment and preference to the republican form of Government.

LIBERATION ARMY CHIEF

Taha Pasha Hasimi, retired Iraqi general who was chief of staff of the disbanded Arab Liberation Army, returned to Damascus recently. He had been expelled by Marshal Husni Zaim less than one week after the overthrow of the Shukri Kuwatly regime on March 30 this year. General Hashimi's return is linked with rumours about the reinstitution of the Liberation Army.

USE OF HONGKONG BAYS

Britain To Deny Right To Nationalist Warships

LONDON, Nov. 14 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Chinese Nationalist Government tonight rejected a British note depriving its warships of the right to use Mirs Bay and Deep Bay, Hong Kong. The Counsellor of the Chinese Embassy in London, Dr. Seymour S. Y. Cheng, called on the head of the Foreign Office Far Eastern Department, Mr. Peter Scarlett, and delivered the Chinese note in person.

The Chinese reply said the use of Mirs and Deep Bay was guaranteed to Chinese ships under the Sino-British Convention of 1898, it was learned on good authority.

BRITISH VIEW

A Foreign Office spokesman said it was the British view that this Convention guaranteed to Chinese shipping the "right of innocent passage" in the two bays concerned.

He added that in view of the pressure of Chinese Communist troops in south China and in the neighbourhood of Hong Kong it must be expected that Nationalist warships making use of the Hong Kong bays would do so for war-like purposes.

The British note to the Chinese Nationalist Government, sent on Nov. 4, also refused to Nationalist war-snips the right to refuel at Hong Kong and to Nationalist aircraft the right to fly across the British colony.

A DAY AT THE ZOO

(Continued from page 9)

nuals especially dying out here due to the heavy monsoon.

Today, the Victoria Gardens has about a thousand species of plants and trees and two hundred different types of animals and birds. Some of the animals in the zoo, did not cost the Gardens anything having come as presents from Maharajas and munificent private persons. Begum the darling of small children, arrived at Victoria Gardens in an unexpected manner.

A JOKE!

Sir Charles Todhunter, who was an official of the Mysore Government some years ago, wanted a pair of parakeets. He wrote to Mr. Ahmedi, who sent them to him. Sir Charles thanked Mr. Ahmedi for the gift and asked him if he wanted anything in return. Mr. Ahmedi, wrote as a joke that an elephant would do. This was taken seriously by Sir Charles who made the requisite arrangements. And Begum came to Bombay.

Recently a pair of African Mandrills have been acquired by the Gardens. Just now they are tiny and playful. But it is expected that in a couple of years they will grow into huge things, about four and a half feet high, and will look and act like gorillas, whose first cousins they are.

Gowrishankar and Shah Nawaz, two tame hunting leopards were the gifts of Kolhapur States.

Certain animals do not thrive in captivity, though they breed in captivity unlike birds. The animals most affected by the curtailment of their freedom, are both the feline and the canine species. Lions, tigers, panthers, wolves, jackals and hyenas, are observed to suffer from sickness and ailments, very much more than the hoofed animals like the deer and the antelope when in captivity.

On an average 15 to 20 per cent of the animals and the birds in Victoria Gardens contract digestive and nervous system ailments every month, or become surgical cases due to accidents, fights etc. making it a full time job for Dr J. N. Barowa, the veterinary surgeon who looks after the health of the animals. A common disease of the animals seems to be hookworms. A sort of paralysis of their posterior regions is also common. Contrary to accepted veterinary principles, he has even detected that acquatic birds and animals have no natural immunity from T. B.

MODERN ANDROCLES

To handle a lion in pain and apply tincture iodine to its injured paw, is both delicate and dangerous, calling for the services of a modern Androcles. In the animal hospital at Victoria Gardens, there is a special type of cage and one does not take any chances. The sick animal is got into the cage. Then a circular lever is worked. The lever moves a partition in the cage and the animal to be attended to, is enclosed in a very narrow space. Then it is held in place, by rods thrust in from outside, the ends of the rods entering in to the moving partition. When the animal is thus pinned down, the compounder or the doctor administers the medicine.

Dr. Barowa, when questioned by a representative of the "Chronicle", where he got his special skill in handling animals and the knowledge of their ailments, said that the whole field was a specialised one. In colleges they were taught, only about domesticated animals. In the zoo at the Gardens, it was necessary to study natural history at length and to learn about the habits of animals and how to control their diseases.

He said that the present arrangements for housing the reptiles, two pythons, a cobra, a rat snake, a water snake and some sand boas, were not satisfactory. But, they were shortly building a special enclosure for reptiles at a cost of Rs. 15,000.

GOVERNMENT MUST RECONSIDER

It is to be hoped that Government will reconsider their decision not to allow the Bombay Municipality to levy a fee of one anna per person, for entry into Victoria Gardens. For not only a great number of new feature could be introduced, if the Gardens could become even partly self-sufficient, but it could be kept open for longer hours, by the employment of a few more watchmen and by providing better lighting arrangements.

In Bombay most people are in their offices upto about six in the evening, and if they should derive any benefit from Victoria Gardens, it stands to reason, that it should not close at sunset but keep open till at least 9 p. m. This cannot be done, unless the present staff is augmented which depends on more revenue being derived by the Gardens.

It may be mentioned that the experiment made by the authorities of Victoria Gardens, in furtherance of the Grow More Food Campaign, has given good results. An acre of land has been allotted for this purpose. and all manner of vegetables are grown here, under modern conditions.

A PROBLEM FOR POLITICIAN'S

Pandit Nehru, it is reported, has left behind the memento presented to him by the B.P.C.C.

CONFLICTING IDEOLOGIES

(Continued from page 6)

strengthen the Congress and be helpful to the Government. It is also no longer concealed—if ever it was—that in the opinion of several Congressmen, the non-violent philosophy of Gandhiji is not a practical proposition. It is not a mere question of having up-to-date armed forces for defending the country against outside attack. But even the maintenance of law and order and suppression of riots of civilians is not possible without resorting to firing and similar measures along with its Public Safety Laws. So those Congress or constructive workers, who have, under the influence of Gandhian teaching, lost the capacity of giving hard blows on an occasion cannot be very helpful to those who want to run a Government. The R.S.S. is believed to be better trained for the practical man's philosophy.

"CATCHING THE TARTAR"

On the economic and social side also the R.S.S. is not known to have any theories inconsistent with industrialization, centralization, and the present order built upon class, caste and sex distinctions with their various gradations and types of work, emoluments, rank, prestige, etc. Some of the provincial Governments have, partly under Gandhian influence and partly under the influence of Western ideas, gone very fast in matters of social reform, such as prohibition, temple entry, Harijan equality, monogamy, divorce, etc. These reforms have become embarrassing enough. Their implementation is actively opposed by the public. Several Congressmen, without seeming to be opposed to these reforms, would wish that not much zeal should be shown to act up to them. The R.S.S. people with neither pro-Gandhian nor reformist bias about them, would be able to express these views more unreservedly than old Congressmen can, and might help the latter to come out of the dilemmas created by Gandhiji's ideas, which, will all their deference to him, their reason discards as impractical. So, if the Congress can catch the young and energetic R.S.S. men, it will have verily "caught the Tartar!" And then I do not see if there will remain any reason for the Hindu Mahasabha also to remain outside the Congress,— except for purposes of power-politics.

The consequences that might follow their entry into the Congress are that those who are unable to give up Gandhian views might find it impossible to stick to the Congress. The same might happen with those Congressmen, who lean towards Marxism, but are not Socialists; the disputes between the Congress and the Socialists will be much more acute and pronounced than they are now; so also the rivalry between "Brahmans" (i.e. middle or clerical and trading classes by heredity) and the "non-Brahmans" or "Bahujans" (i.e. new educated middle class that has arisen from other classes) might become keener: also between the suppressor and the suppressed classes.

The one good thing, to my mind, will be that those who have always declared themselves as adherents of non-violence and Gandhism and the constructive programme will have their faith put to the test. They have fondly looked to the Congress to help them and have spent too much time in criticizing the Government and the Congress They will know now that they must rely upon their own faith and God and on their capacity to work for the good of the people.

A POST SCRIPT

This was written about three weeks ago. It was, however, held back for further study of the question and watching developments. I see that the immediate reactions of several Provincial Congress Committees are not favourable to the R.S.S This shows that the apprehensions referred to above are widely held.

Some of the Congress spokesmen have compared the R.S.S. with the Jamiat-ul-Ulema and some other organizations, limited to members of one particular religion. I believe that there is a difference between the R.S.S. and the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, if not others. The R.S.S. is a volunteer organization like that of the Congress itself. It may not have any formal connections with the Hindu Mahasabha, but both are based on the same ideology. The pledge of a Congress volunteer is, if I am not misinformed, to serve all people without distinction of class, creed, race, etc. In the event of a disturbance or calamity, a Congress volunteer, like a policeman or a soldier, must not see whether the rioter or the victim is a Hindu, Muslim, Christian or Sikh. Nor would he encourage proselytization movements of any religion. A Muslim League or in R.S.S. volunteer in similar circumstances will help only his co-religionist, and might help both the rioter as well as the victim of his own community. He is interested in getting more people to his fold. I do not know what is the attitude of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema people on this. If a member of the R.S.S. joins the Congress, as a volunteer he will be a member of an organization with a different ideology and pledge from that of the Congress. If he joins also the Congress Seva Dal, I wonder if it will involve him in pledging loyalty to two different bodies at the same time.

If the Jamiat-ul-Ulema or any other sectarian or religious bodies also have their independent volunteer organizations based on different principles from that of the Congress, in my opinion, they too would be misfits in the Congress.

Moreover, the R.S.S. is not merely a Hindu cultural body. So far as I am aware it holds that India is and must be the homeland of the followers of a religion which originated in India; the followers of religions of foreign origin can stay in this country subject to certain conditions only. This is not, I believe, the stand of the other sectarian bodies who are allowed to join the Congress.

If these assumptions are wrong, the R.S.S. should correct them in a clear manner for the benefit of all concerned. Even if it is not interested in joining the Congress, removal of misunderstandings by itself will be a service in the present atmosphere. The Jamiat-ul-Ulema and other bodies would also do well to make their position clear on the various matters raised in this article, so far as they apply to them.

Jullundur D.Ps To Vacate Moslem Shrines

JULLUNDUR, Nov. 15, (UPI): The District Urban Resettlement Officer, Jullundur has served notices on the refugees residing in the Moslem mosques and shrines asking them to vacate those buildings immediately.

It is learnt that the Deputy High Commissioner for Pakistan in India wrote a letter to the East Punjab Government drawing their attention to the Inter-Dominion Agreement on the subject and requesting its implementation.

Import Of Staple Fibre

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (PTI): The Government of India has to allow import of certain amount of staple fibre for the use of the textile industry, the Chief controller of Imports announced today.

The Government will consider application for reasonable quantities on the recommendation of the Textile Commissioner from actual consumers or from importers against orders placed on them by actual consumers.

Jayaprakash Attacks Congress

JHARGRAM (Midnapore), Nov. 15, (PTI): The Socialist leader, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan said here today that during the past two and half years' rule the Congress Government "has done nothing regarding redistribution of property".

Mr. Narayan, who was speaking at a public meeting, said that the Congress had "gone back upon its previous professions and has become a pro-fascist and capitalist party. The vested interest still forms the ruling class of the country"

U.S. Atomic Scientists Doubt Russian Claims

(Continued from page 6)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vishinsky's statement that the Russians are using atomic energy to raze mountains, irrigate deserts and cut through jungle was received with much scepticism here and termed "highly unlikely".

That is the opinion of Washington atomic scientists who were questioned about Vishinsky's speech by the Washington "POST". They said that some of the wondrous peacetime uses mentioned by Vishinsky cannot be done by nuclear fission and others are just theoretically possible through the power that could be generated from atomic energy power plants.

Even in the United States, the scientists maintain, economic use of atomic power is 10 to 20 years away, so the claim of the Russians, in view of the fact that their atomic progress is marked by the fact that they have had just one explosion is considered "highly unlikely".

Further doubt is cast by the fact that Vishinsky himself indicated to reporters after his Thursday speech that he really did not have any first-hand information on the situation. He said his information came from a Tass communique of September 25, which said the Russians were using atomic energy for peaceful purposes

It was also noted that his remarks were almost a word-for-word repetition of a story in the "Nacht Express", a Soviet-licensed Berlin paper, of November 5.

The scientists thought the idea of using the atomic bomb as a blasting device far-fetched and silly. The bomb is not an efficient instrument for that purpose, they told the newspaper.

Explaining that an atomic bomb is reported to have the power of 20,000 tons of TNT, they maintained that no one wishing to move a pile of earth would use 20,000 tons of TNT at one place, because such a blast cannot direct. A wise use, they said would be to detonate smaller amounts where you want them. But an atom bomb, by the very nature of its nuclear reaction, cannot be made into a thousand, or even a hundred, smaller bombs or detonations, for there is a critical size below which it will not explode

Furthermore, they continued, even if there were one huge obstacle all in one piece, an atomic blast would not remove it. It would crack a great deal of rock, they said, and throw much material up in the air, but it would all fall back in the same place and the problem of getting the obstacle out of the way, would still remain.—USIS

INTERNATIONAL CLEARING HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14, (PTI-Reuter): The Food and Agriculture Organisation's 18-Government Council opened a one week session here today to make final preparations for the Fifth Annual Conference beginning next Monday.

Major issue at this year's Conference will be the proposal to set up a 5000 million dollar international commodity clearing house to move surplus foods into channels of consumption among "have not" nations.

The Council is expected to make recommendations on the proposal, together with reports on international investment and financing facilities and an expanded programme of technical assistance to underdeveloped areas.

The Council will also have before it a summary of offers from Denmark, Italy, Switzerland, the United States and the United Nations, proposing sites for permanent headquarters for FAO, and a proposed new scale of contributions by member Governments.

SAURASHTRA MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Nov. 15.

Rajkot silver Magsar 166/0/0, Rajkot singtel vadya Posh 22/14/0, Rajkot soda ash Dhranghhra Magsar 20/15/0, Rajkot castik Magsar 41/12/0, Jamnagar silver Magsar 166/1/0. Jamnagar magfali mandgal Posh 7/15/6, Dhoraji magfali khandi Magsar 154/14/0. Veraval singdana Dec/Janu 31/9/0, Rajkot singtel hajar tin 23/12/0.

SENAPATI BAPAT

Great Man Of Maharashtra

(Continued from page 6)

successful candidates, were the highlights of that period of acute unrest in Indian political life. And naturally when these facts became known later they served to fire the imagination of the Maharashtrian youth who by then had learnt to adore this brave man.

MULSHI SATYAGRAHA

After ytars of underground life Bapat discovered himself in a dramatic manner by appearing in a Bombay court and surrendering himself to the police. His later activities have been an open book for any one to read and the manner and method of work at times has indeed been very exciting. His participation in and leading of the famous Mulshi Satyagraha game him the title of SENAPATI. His belief that even violent resistence to stop what he considered to be injustice to the thousands of Mawla peasants who were being uprooted from their villages and his attack on a Tata employee with a sword in hand brought to him the severe sentence of seven years hard labour This was only a prelude to the many more visits he had to pay to the jails as the guest of His Majesty's Government and which together have taken bigger portion of his life than that of any other political sufferer in this or any other province, and totally put even longer than that of those who had to serve life sentences in the Andamans.

A MAN OF LETTERS

It will however be an incorrect estimate of the man to think that he has been merely a revolutionary engaged in bomb-throwing or offering a particular type of Satyagraha with a sword in hand. A fire brand no doubt he is and it is really amazing that even at this old age he retains the same zeal and fire which men with half his age would find it difficult to bring to a cause they espouse. But he is much more than a mere fire-brand. A man of letters with a rare command over the English language they say he wrote better English than his own mother tongue Marathi, which he wrote in a cumbrous and to Sanskritised a style, he is also a poet with voluminous output to his credit. He is also a profound thinker and has thought out new methods of Satyagraha at times quite different from Gandhi's and such as would smack of violence to the purists among the Gandhians.

DIGNITY OF LABOUR

But above all this he is a constructive worker the man who very early in this century, long before even Gandhiji appeared on the scene tried to teach people not by precept but by this own example the dignity of manual labour and the need of engaging oneself in the work that the lowliest among the lowliest perform namely scavenging. He believed that unless one did that one could not enter into the feelings of those whom he wanted to serve, the very people whom later on Gandhiji gave the respectable name of Harijans. Young Bapat took to scavenging as his life's avocation and he did so with the zeal of a missionary. With a tenacity that perhaps he alone could bring to this task he has stuck to it for almost fifty years. If it were a sight for people in Poona to see him every morning religiously cleaning the street where he lived, it is equally a sight for men and women in Chembur to find him cleaning the surroundings of his present abode. There must be something of an urge and an indomitable faith in a man that makes him stick to this task that long.

An effort to find the reason out will bring the information that Bapat believes in manual labour of course, but he has selected this particular type of it as it is symbolic of the need to clear the dirt in the country. There is dirt all round, dirt external as well as internal in the shape of the many vices to which we have fallen a prey and without removing which there is no hope for the nation. Dirt accumulated during the couple of centuries of slavery and which needs to be swept clean if we hope to build any lasting structure. That is why this old man of seventy although he has lost a good part of his eyesight begins his day with cleaning the surrounding of the place where he stays.

HIS RELIGION

This hero of Maharashtra who is now leading the campaign for a United Maharashtra Province is an intensely religious man, but his is a broad religion of humanity and fellowship of man wherein the religious expression is to be one of service of fellow beings without any restriction of caste or creed. Speaking to the gathering of friends and admirers who assembled at the Shivaji Park on last Saturday to honour him on his seventieth birthday he declared that he believed in an ordered universe and there was One who maintained that order. We are mere manifestations of His will and each one has to play their part assigned to him or her. It is the proper performance of it that brings real joy to man and it is by selecting some useful piece of work and doing it unostentatiously that one can drink deep from that fountain as one will.

"I have been able to do so and therefore I believe that each one of you is equally entitled to it, if only you will exert a little in that direction as I have tried to do." That was the message of this great man of Maharashtra one of these few who are really loved and respected by the youth of the province. and who are influencing their lives. May he live long.

A MESSAGE FROM MRS. NAIDU!

Stranger Claims Telepathic Powers

INCIDENT AT WORLD PACIFISTS' MEETING

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Delegates to the World Pacifists Conference from various countries, now in Bombay on their way to Calcutta, today recalled the great contribution made by Gandhiji towards the achievement of world peace and understanding.

The occasion was a reception held in their honour by the P.E.N. All-India Centre at Wilson College this evening.

Madame Sophia Wadia, who presided, extended a warm welcome to the delegates and said that it was Gandhiji's dream to convene an international gathering of Pacifists in a free India

TELEPATHIC MESSAGE

At the fag end of the meeting a mild sensation was created as a member of the audience stood up and dramatically announced that he had received a telepathic message message from the late Mrs. Sarojini Naidu to the assembled delegates.

He went on to speak about the powers of spiritualism, but was prevented from proceeding further on the intervention of the President.

The German delegate Mr. Reine Kraschutzi observed that the chief obstacle to international understanding and co-operation was lack of confidence. He said that even when national prejudices were overcome, ideological differences persisted and led to mistrust.

"The Pacifists who are not partisans of any particular ideology will follow the way of Gandhiji and try to bring about mutual trust and understanding between the conflicting parties", he added.

Mr. Rene Botard, the Swiss delegate said that they should not merely be idealists, but realists like Gandhiji.

Mr. Richard Gregg (USA), Madam Magde Troom (France) and Madame Magda Yoore, (Belgium) also spoke acknowledging Gandhiji's services in the cause of world peace and understanding.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

Previous Closing	29.90
Today's Opening	29.88
Difference	—2
Today's Closing	29.83
Difference	—7

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

	Rs. As.
Silver Forward Magshir	166 6
Gold Forward Magshir	114 0
Silver Bullion	166 0
Silver Mint	166 4
Gold Ready	115 4
Sovereign	76 6

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

Stock Exchange opening prices: Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted. General Motors 71-1/2, United States steel common unquoted. United States steel pref. unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter):—Account ended in quiet note today. Prices were generally steady to occasionally firmer.

British Government Stocks were fractionally better with official support in background if not operative.

Interest elsewhere was occupied in preliminary contango arrangements, the carrying over of open positions into new trading period. Leading industrials were higher where changed and there were widespread gains among irons and steels. These followed proposal of Government to postpone to 1951 nationalisation of the industry

Reopening of dealings in tin on London Metal Exchange was followed with interest. Prices quoted had but little effect on tin shares which remained steady but idle.

Items of interest in other sections were few. Foreign bonds and rails showed some irregularity with the latter lower on end of account selling.

Minings drifted to lower levels with South Africans generally neglected.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Nov. 15

Cotton Sind NT 76/8, Punjab 289 F 80/8, 4 F 72/8. Easier owing slackened demand and upcountry selling pressure. Yesterdays business 2000. Arrivals 1987, Exports nil It is gathered Japanese Trade Mission not interested in Pakistan cotton at present high rates and U.K. remains out of market owing dispute over contract terms. Russia has ceased buying after completing purchases 30,000 bales. Cottonseeds NT Ready 5/6, January 5/3/6, Easier

U. P TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rupees Two Crores of three months' Government of the United Provinces Treasury Bills will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta and Kanpur up to 11 a.m on Monday the 21st November.

Successful tenderers will be required to make payment and take up their bills on Friday the 25th November

BANKERS CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers Clearing House during the week ending the 11th November were as under.

Number of Cheques 143593

Amount of Cheques: Rs 51,80,71,000-0-0.

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Bombay's Send-Off To Nehru

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru inspected a Guard of Honour provided by the Bombay City Police before leaving for New Delhi. The police band was in attendance. Pandit Nehru spent a few minutes with children of Balkan-ji-Bari who had gathered at the airport to garland the Prime Minister.

Here is the birthday "cake" (made entirely of flowers) presented to Pandit Nehru at Government House on Monday night along with a cheque for Rs. 22,000 on behalf of the Kashmir Aid Committee of the All-India Women's Conference. There were sixty candles on the "cake".

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

WITH all the rest of my countrymen, I have been deeply moved by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's appeal to us to "tighten our belts: But, like the majority of Indians, I am faced with a problem. I have, I am not ashamed to admit it, no belt to tighten.

In the circumstances, the appeal does nothing more than recall an incident in my dim distant schooldays. Having tired of the genial pastime of giving electric shocks to the fattest boys in the class, the dons of the school hit upon a new game. We were all asked to remove our belts and hand them over to him. Those who were reluctant, were forcibly made to comply by that compulsion which is well-known to schoolboys. But one difficulty presented itself. The boy who was the target of the pranks, wore no belts. His trousers were held in place by a pair of glistening braces in blue and red. He objected that as he wore no belts, his braces could not be put into the belt pool. The objection was over-ruled. Along with some thirty belts, the braces were taken possession of in the lunch interval and the leader hid them all. It was contrived that all of us got back our belts, only the braces-wearer being left in a state of tearful distress. As the bell rang for the class to reassemble, he appealed for mercy but in vain. We drooped in, the Braces Boy holding up his nether garments by keeping his hands resolutely in his pant pockets. The Master saw this gesture of disrespect and at once called up the lad.

"Don't you know," he said flourishing his cane," that it is disrespectful to answer me with your hands in your trousers pockets.?"

"Yes," said the poor fellow, tears gathering in his eyes. "But I am holding up my pants."

"Pants?" asked the astonished Master. "Where is your belt?"

"I do not wear belt, boo-hoo," burst out the Braces Boy, unable to remain quiet under such persecution." "I wear braces."

"Damn it," said the angry Master, disgusted at the sissy. "Then where is your braces?"

"I lost it in a belt race, boo-hoo-hoo," walled the Boy.

"For God's sake," said the Master, "stop your caterwauling and tell me what has happened. Won't someone explain?"

Always helpful, I stepped forward and held the floor for five minutes, seeking to smooth the path for everyone and put the blame on only the Braces Boy. (His grandfather happened to be a very good friend of the family, that is my father; and it might have gone ill with me if it had come out that I was the Dada's lieutenant).

But the Braces Boy was roused to wrath when he saw me. "He did it, "he shrieked, detestable fellow "and, Sir, he was not in the game."

The Master by this time more interested than angry asked me how I had escaped, if I had.

"Sir," I answered with, I hope, dignity, as I lifted up my coat to demonstrate, "I too do not wear a belt. I tie a tie round my waist and, when the waists were all stripped, I shifted my other tie from my neck to the proper and more useful place."

And, if you get my meaning, the Government will have to guard against both the Braces Boy and the Tie-wearer.

12-POINT PLAN FOR PEACE

U.S.-U.K. Move Before U. N.

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 15.

THE UNITED STATES and the United Kingdom, calling on all nations to abandon the use or threat of force in international relations, have laid before the United Nations General Assembly a 12-point resolution for permanent peace.

Entitled "Essentials of Peace", the resolution was presented to the Assembly's Political Committee as it began consideration of a Soviet proposal for a five-power peace pact.

In submitting the U.S.-U.K. resolution, U.S. delegate Warren R. Austin said that a long list of broken Soviet pledges has undermined confidence in Soviet promises.

If the Soviet Union is now proposing to reverse its policy of non-co-operation with the rest of the world, Austin stated, then a new pact is not necessary. If the Soviet Union does not mean to reverse this policy, he continued, then the Soviet peace proposal is a fraud.

Austin spoke after Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vishinsky had advanced the three-point Soviet proposal with a reiteration of his earlier charges against the United States, the United Kingdom and other states. Vishinsky asserted that the Western world was arming for an attack on the Soviet Union, and charged that Western Germany was being readied as a springboard.

Warren Austin

PROVISIONS

The joint resolution declares that the United Nations Charter, "the most solemn pact of peace in history, lays down the basic principles necessary for an enduring peace." It calls on all nations to refrain from threats or use of force and from acts aimed at tearing down the integrity of any State or fomenting civil strife, to carry out their international agreements in good faith, and to co-operate toward reduction of armaments and control of atomic energy. It urges all nations to maintain human freedoms.

SOVIET "TWISTS"

Referring to the principle of unanimity of the five permanent members of the Security Council, Austin charged that the Soviet Union has "twisted that principle into a weapon of obstruction and sabotage of world peace."

He added: "At Yalta, at Potsdam, in the Allied Control Council, in the Council of Foreign Ministers and in the long negotiations for peace treaties, the unanimity principle has been used by the Soviet Union, not to promote agreement, but to delay settlements and to force concessions. And in the Security Council, a long list of vetoes provides evidence that Soviet cooperation is available only on Soviet terms, and only for Soviet purposes.

"Does the Soviet delegate contend that a new pact would initiate a reversal of such policies? If it would, then the pact is unnecessary. If it would not, then the pact is a fraud.

"Confidence in Soviet pledges has been undermined by the experience of the past few years. To find cause for concern, it is not necessary to recall the friendship pact with Nazi Germany, or the Soviet nonaggression pacts with Finland, Latvia, Estonia and Lithuania. We need only to look at the long, unhappy list of broken Soviet pledges that has grown since we have been engaged in the common effort to create the United Nations."

Austin recalled the promises of free elections in Poland, Bulgaria Hungary and Rumania. Going down the list, he asserted that the Soviet Government honoured its agreement to withdraw troops from Iran only upon insistence by the non-Soviet members of the Security Council. Austin continued:

Austin said the Soviet Union had used the "threat of force" to try to drive the other allies out of Berlin.

He charged that at this session of the assembly, the Soviet spokesman has provided "further evidences of Soviet disregard of ratified agreements which no longer fit the convenience of Soviet policy," and observed: "Faced with these facts, the peace-loving nations haven been compelled to seek other paths toward their goal of peace."

As for the Soviet five-power peace-pact proposal, the U.S. delegate said it indicated an old objective of Russian policy—domination of world affairs by the major powers. This will not be United States policy, he declared.

He stated the U.S. view like this:

"We oppose this Soviet proposal because we believe that the people of the world want more peace, not more pledges."

Austin also recalled the U.S. invitation to Russia to share in the Marshall Plan. The answer, he said, was an all-out effort by the Soviet Union to wreck the programme. He then cited numerous offers by the United States to exchange orchestra, students and scientists, all of which the Soviet Union ignored. He continued.

TEXT OF U. S.-U. K. RESOLUTION

The text of the U. S.-U. K. resolution folows: "The General Assembly declares that the Charter of the United Nations the most solemn pact of peace in history, lays down basic principles necessary for an enduring peace; that disregard of these principles is primarily responsible for the continuance of international tension; and that it is urgently necessary for all members to act in accordance with the principles, in the spirit of co-operation on which the United Nations was founded:

"Calls upon every nation:

"To refrain from threatening or using force contrary to the charter; To refrain from any threats or acts, direct or indirect, aimed at impairing the freedom, independence, or integrity of any state of suverting the will of the people in any state; To carry out in good faith its international agreements: "To afford all United Nations bodies full co-operation and free access in the performance of the tasks assigned to them under the charter; "To promote, in recognition of the paramount importance of preserving the dignity and worth of the human person, full freedom for the peaceful expression of political opposition full opportunity for the exercise of religious freedom, and full respect for all the other fundamental rights expressed in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights; To promote nationally and through international co-operation efforts to achieve and sustain higher standards of living for all peoples; To remove the barriers which deny to peoples the free exchange of information and ideas essential to international understanding and peace.

PARTICIPATION

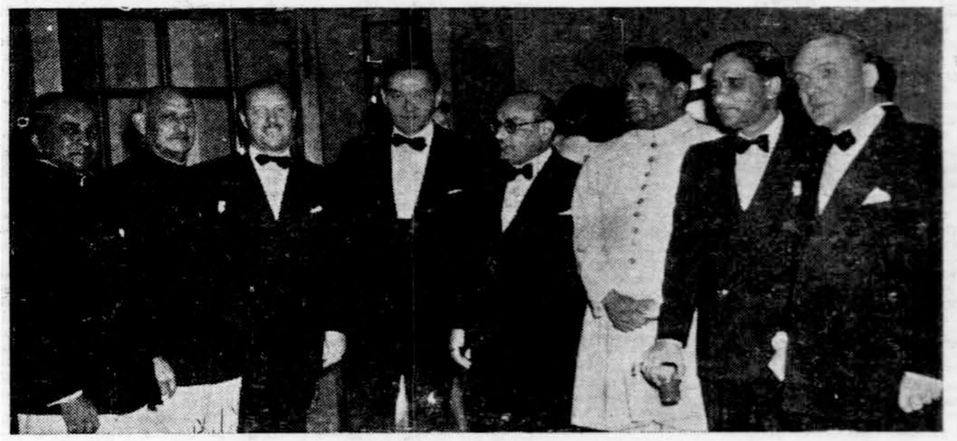
"Calls upon every member to participate fully in the work of the United Nations;

"Calls upon the five permanent members of the Security Council to broaden progressively their co-operation and to exercise restraint in the use of the veto in order to make the Security Council a more effective instrument for maintaining peace.

Calls upon every nation:

To settle international disputes by peaceful means and to cooperate in supporting United Nations efforts to resolve outstanding problems; To cooperate to attain the effective internation regulation of conventional armaments & To agree to the exercise of national sovereignty jointly with other nations to the extent necessary to attain international control of atomic energy which would make effective the prohibition of atomic weapons and assure the use of atomic energy for peaceful purposes only."

Reception To Walter Lippmann



A reception was held by the U.S. Information Service at New Delhi on November 11, in honour of Mr. Walter Lippmann, the American author of international fame, who is on a month's visit to India. The picture shows Mr. Lippmann with some of the journalists. (L. to R.): Mr. T. FERNANDIS, Mr. USHANATH SEN, Mr. J. M. STEEVES, Mr. W. LIPPMANN, Mr. DURGA DAS, Mr. G. V. KRUPANIDHI, Mr. K. NARENDRA and Mr. E. H. FISK.

ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL

French Canadian Resolution Approved

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter); The big six members of the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission were called upon today by the General Assembly's second Political Committee to explore "all possible avenues" for agreement on international control of atomic energy.

The Committee approved by forty-eight to five, with five abstentions, French Canadian resolution to this effect.

The Soviet Bloc opposed.

The resolution also recommended all nations to limit their sovereignty to the extent required for international control of atomic energy. Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky had already declared in the main Political Committee that the Soviet Union would never tolerate any limitation of its sovereignty. A proposal by India in the Second Political Committee to send the problem of atomic energy to the International Law Commission for the drafting of a "declaration on the duties of states and individuals" was defeated by 24 to 15 with 18 abstentions.

The Committee then defeated by an overwhelming majority a Soviet proposal calling for the Atomic Energy Commission to resume its work and prepare simultaneous conventions on the prohibition of atomic weapons and the control of atomic energy.

Voting on the operative part of the Soviet proposal was six in favour (including Yugoslavia) 43 against and nine abstentions.

An Argentine proposal was rejected, with 15 in favour, 20 against and 23 abstentions. It asked the big six on the Atomic Energy Commission to secure a provisional agreement which would "include as a minimum a renunciation of the use of the atomic weapon for purposes of aggression".

ATOM INSTITUTE FOR BRITAIN

LONDON, Nov. 15 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Ministry of Supply has announced that a site has been selected at Capenhurst, near Chester, for the construction of the sixth establishment connected with the Ministry's atomic energy programme.

Shah Of Iran Leaves For U. S.

TEHERAN, Nov. 15 (P.T.I-Reuter): The Shah of Persia Mohammad Reza Pahlevi left Teheran today in President Truman's plane "Independence" enroute for his three weeks official visit to the United States.

At the airport the Shah appointed former Premier Ibrahim Hakimi to succeed Abdul Hussian Hazhir, Persian Court Minister assassinated on November 5.

DEATH FOR NINE IN TEHERAN

Election Riot Echo

TEHERAN, Nov. 15 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Nine people were sentenced to death today for beating to death five members of an electoral committee during election riots at Lar, near here, last month.

Six others were sentenced to ten years' imprisonment and one to five years' imprisonment.

Police arrested two persons today in connection with the recent assassination of the former Persian Premier Abdul Hussain Hazhir.

"NO WORLD CONFLICT IN IMMEDIATE FUTURE"

Lord Wavell's View

OTTAWA, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter): Field Marshal Lord Wavell today urged people of the Western world to "pay more attention to Pakistan"

"India tends to get all the limelight —perhaps because she has more outstanding representation abroad. But people should not ignore Pakistan—she is a dominion, and a very important one, and she is handling herself remarkably well".

He added: "We should also remember that Pakistan would have tremendous strategic importance in the event of another world conflict."

Lord Wavell said he felt India and Pakistan could get along amicably once a solution is found for the Kashmir dispute. He added: "I think a solution will be found, and that both these new dominions will remain in the Commonwealth. After all, it is in their own best interests to do so."

Asked if he thought India would be able to resist the pressure of Communism, he said: "I think a great deal depends upon Pandit Nehru. I have a tremendous admiration for him, and if he continues at the head of the Government in India I am sure everything will go well."

Lord Wavell said he did not believe there would be any world conflict in the immediate future. He added: "the Russians are looking for security—they do not want war. I think fear of Germany is at the bottom of much of the Russian attitude.

"It is wrong to compare the Russia of today with the Germany of Hitler. The Russians have all the land they want, and I do not believe Stalin feels the Russians could run other countries better than anyone else. They haven't the power to administer all of Europe, and I doubt if physical aggression is in their minds.

"I think the Germans are more of a problem than the Russians. They have not changed their nature much."

Lord Wavell is in Canada to visit the Black Watch Regiment of Canada of which he is Honorary colonel.

Recruitment For Defence

LONDON, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter).—Active recruiting for British civil defence units to deal with "new forms of attack" will start tomorrow, Home Secretary James Chuter Ede announced at a press conference today.

"This does not mean that war is likely", the announcement said. "It is a commonsense way of ensuring that our system of national defence is complete."

The announcement added that the last war civil defence organisation was not retained as it was realised that the civil defence of the future might have to cope with "vastly increased possibilities of destruction."

Recruits are required for the Civil Defence Corps, the Auxiliary Fire Service, the National Hospital Service Reserve and the Special Constabulary.

FRANCE SHOWS THE WAY

PARIS, Nov. 15 (P.T.I.-Reuter): For the first time since the war, France's foreign trade has been almost balanced, exports having financed 95 per cent of last month's imports The devaluation of the French in September stimulated exports.

LONDON, Nov. 14 (PTI-Reuter): Waldislaw Gomulka, former Vice-Premier, has been removed from the Central Committee of the Polish Workers Party and deprived of the right to belong to any party executive Warsaw radio reported tonight.

Mr. Gomulka, one time Secretary General of the Workers (Communist) Party fell from power in September 1948 when accused of "pro Tito nationalism".

MUTT AND JEFF—After All—You Can't Spend A Week End In One Spot

By BUD FISHER

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